THE STREET MOREING HERALD, MONDAY, APRIL 14, 688 The Sydney Morning Herald.

NO. 8399--VOL. LI.

BIRTH.
On the 11th instant, at her mother's residence, Enfield, Liverpool Road, Mrs. P. W. Martin, of a son.

pool Road, Mrs. F. W. Martin, of a son.

MARIAGES.
On the 20th instant, at Wollogovang, by the Right Rev. the Lerd Bishop of Goulburn, assisted by the Rev. T. Lamb, Septimus Faithfull, youngest son of the late Ivr. Andrew Gibson, of Tranna, near Goulburn, in Annie Maria, clest daughter of Jahn. W. Chisholm, Eq., of Wollogovang.
On the 20th instant, at It. Maria et Carch, Waverley, by the Rev. Lebesch by Maria, clest St. Leonard, letter and the Carching and Carching and

mots, freland.

OKATHS.

On the 18th instant, at Kellet-street, Upper William-street, the infant sen [16 days old) of Mr. and Mrs. Julian E. Salomons.
On the 19th instant, at his cousin's residence, Albury, Mr. Charles Robert Warby, of consumption, in the 32rd year of his age, son of Mr. Benjamin Warby, Moore Fields, near Campbell-twan, New South Wales.
On the 22nd instant, at Camend, John Galvin, in the 44th year of his age, deeply regretted.

hampion, Theresa, the beloved wife of George street, when the street was the street with the street was the street with the street was the street street of young friends. His end was peace to be unday, 23rd instant, at his residence, 247, Macquariestreet Aifred Augustus Robinson, Esq. aged 49 years.

On the 23rd instant, at his residence, the Guol, Parramatta, Mr. Thomas Duke Allen, aged 39 years.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS. PANAMA, NEW ZEALAND, and AUSTRALIAN
ROYAL MAIL COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS,
performing the postal service during this and the following
month, as under

month, as under—
CLAUD HAMILITON, 800 tons, M. Fitzsimmens, commander, will LEAVE NELSON for SYDNEY about ... April 22nd,
ARRIVING at SYDNEY April 29th.
AUCKLAND, 800 tons, G. Ponsomby,
commander, will LEAVE NELSON for
MELBOURNE about April 22nd,
ARRIVING at MELBOURNE April 22nd,
ARRIVING at MELBOURNE April 22nd,
Will LEAVE MANUKA Ü
For TARANAKI, NELSON. PELORUS,
FICTON, WELLINGTON, NAPIER,
and AUCKLAND, For TARANARI, NELSON, PELORUS,
PICTON, WELLINOTON, NAPIER,
and AUCKLAND.
ARRIVING at AUCKLAND
PHEEE, 700 tons, J. Scott, commander, will
LEAVE MANUKAU
April 28th,
For TARANARI and NELSON.
LEAVE NELSON for SYDNEY.
ARRIVING at SYDNEY
AIREDALE, 400 tons, R. H. Forguson,
commander, will LEAVE OTAGO for

REDALE, 400 tons, R. H. Ferguson, commander, will LEAVE OTAGO for NELSON With passengers for Sydney steamer, LKAVE NELSON for TARANAKI and MANUKAU May 2nd, ARRIVING at MANUKAU May 4th, TAEAIUA, 850 tons, J. Gardyne, com-manuer, will LEAVE AUUR LAND for SYDREY May 1st,

mander, will LEAVE AUCKLAND for SYDNEY
ARRIVING at SYDNEY
May 8th, May 8th, LEAVE SYDNEY
FOR NELSON, PICTON, WELLINGTON, CANTERBURY, and OTAGO, taking passengers and fright for TARANAEI and NAPIER.
OTAGO, 800 tons, W. Smith, commander, will LEAVE NELSON
FOR PICTON, WELLINGTON, CANTERBURY, OTAGO, and BLUFF, PRINCE ALFRED, 900 tons, T. Randell, commander, will LEAVE AUCKLAND May 3rd, For NAPIER, WELLINGTON, CANTERBURY, OTAGO, and BLUFF, PRINCE ALFRED, 900 tons, T. Randell, commander, will LEAVE AUCKLAND May 3rd, For NAPIER, WELLINGTON, CANTERBURY and OTAGO.

FOR MAPIER, WELLINGTON, CANTER-RURY and OTAGO.

LORD ASHLEY, 500 tons, H. S. Machin, commander, will LEAVE SYDNEY for AUCKLAND
JOHN VINE HALL, Coneral Manager.

Grafton Wharf.

Saloen FARES. £2 5 6
Ditte return ticket (available for two months). 3 10 6 12

FREIGHT.

Dead weight and measurement, 10s. per ton.

SAMUEL CLARK, Manager.

A. S. N. Ca.'s Wharf, Sussen-street. PURTHER REDUCTION of FRRIGHT on HORRES to BRISBANE.
On and after this date the freight on horses to BRISBANE by this Company's Steamors will be ONE POUND FER HEAD.
Special arrangement under the head.

Special arrangement made for a larger number. SAMURL CLARK, Manager A. S. N. Co.'s Office, Sussen-street, Feb. 22nd, 1865. A. S. N. Co.'s Office, Sussex-street, Feb. 22nd, 1865.

REDUCTION OF FARES TO BRISBANR.—
The A. S. N. Co. now issue RETURN TICKETS of BRISBANR, available for TWO MONTHS FROM DATE OF ISSUE, by ANY of their STRAMBERS, for THREE POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS.

SAMUEL CLARK, Manager.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

DEDUCTION OF MANAGEMENT.

Sterage SAMUEL CLARK, Manager.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street. April 8.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS

MELBOURNE.—WONGA WONGA. TO-MOR-ROW APIERNOON, TUESDAY, at 4.

THUNTER RIVER.—COLLARDY, TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, at 11; and COONANBARA, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, at 11.

To CLARENCE TOWN.—COONANBARA, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, at 11.

TO MANNING RIVER.—KENNEDY, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 4.

TO BRISBANE.—CAWARRA, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, TUESDAY, at 5; and FLORENCE IRVING, THEURSDAY, ATTERNOON, at 5.

TO ROCKHAMPTON.—BALCLUTHA, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 6.

TO PIONEER RIVER.—BALCLUTHA will take cargo to be transhipped at Rockhampton per Diamantina.

TO PORT DENISON, via GLABTONE.—JAMES PATERSON, about 9th May, at 5 p.m.

PORT BENISON, about 9th May, at 5 p.m.

PROM BRISBANE to ROCKHAMPTON, calling at MARYBOROUGH and GLADSTONE.—CLARENCE, 25th instant.

From ROCKHAMPTON to PIONEER RIVER and PORT DENISON.—DIAMANTINA, about 1st May.

Cargo is now being received for transmission to sow of the

known wing a rathers second area rethese re-ini.
Dean armett-

dor v miles

Sext.

Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports. A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

UNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY.—Steam to and from the Hunter
and the 20th May inclusive.
On MONDAY FROM SYDNEY.
CASTLE.

On MONDAY, at 7 a.m., the MORPETH.

On TUESDAY, at 11 p.m., the MORPETH.

On TUESDAY, at 7 a.m., the CITY OF MEW-CASTLE, to CLARENCE TOWN via NEW-CASTLE, and RAYMOND TERRACE,

Goods and passengers for Morpeth forwarded on per
Anna Maria from Raymond Terrace.

On FRIDAY at 1 p.m., the MORPETH, calling at
Martin's Whart.

On MONDAY, at 7 a.m., the MORPETH.

On TUESDAY, at 2 p.m., the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.

OR THURSDAY, at 7 a.m., the MORPETH.

On THURSDAY, at 8 p.m., the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.

OF REIDAY, at 2 p.m., the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.

OF FRIDAY, at 2 p.m., the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.

OF THURSDAY, at 7 a.m., the MORPETH.

ON THURSDAY, at 7 a.m., the MORPETH.

ON THURSDAY, at 7 a.m., the MORPETH.

OBSECTATION OF THE MORPETH.

ON THURSDAY AND THE MARKET TOWN, via MEWCASTLE. for CLARENCE TOWN, via NEWCASTLE. for CLARENCE TOWN, via NEWCASTLE. for CLARENCE TOWN, via NEWCASTLE. and RAYMOND TERRACE.

F. J. THOMAS, Manager.

TLAWARRA 8. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS TO WOLLONGONG. Hunter, THIS DAY, at noon. ULLA DULLA. Hunter, THIS DAY, at noon. CLYDE RIVER.—Hunter, THIS DAY, at noon. MORUYA.—Steamer, THIS DAY, at noon. MORUYA.—Steamer, THIS DAY, at noon. MID SHOALHAVEN.—Halong, TO-MORGW, at 11. SHOALHAVEN.—Halong, TO-MORGW, at 12. MERIMBULA.—Kiama, WEDNESDAY, at 10 a.m. TUROSS RIVER.—Comerang, 11th May.

STEAM TO BRISBANE WATER.—The PELICAN, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 8.30, and on the PRIDAY following, at same heur, returning from Gosford Phonix Wharf.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARRAMATTA BTRAMERS.—
THREE TIMES DAILY.
These fast steemers ply daily as follows:—
From PHCENIX WHARF, at 9 a.m., and 1 and 5 p.m.
Prom PARRAMATTA, at 7 and 11 a.m., and 3 p.m.
SYDNEY, 9 a.m.
Return tickets, 2s. 6d. cabin—1s. 6d. steerage.
Being only NINEPENCE RACH WAY.

C. AND R. R. S. N. CO.'S Steamship AGNES IRVING, for GRAPTON, via NEWCASTLE, on TUESDAY, at 10 p.m. W. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The fast and powerful steamship

steamship

BLACK BIRD, 1000 tons,

H. P. Sawell, Commander,

will leave the Market Wharf, on FRIDAY, the 28th instant, carrying passengers and cargo.

This splendid steamship offers superior accommodation, and a liberal dietary is sustained for all classes. A stewardess is provided for lady passengers.

Passages at the following reduced rates:

Saloon . £3 15 0
Saloon (return) . 7 0 0
Steerage . 1 15 0
For freight or passage apply to J. THORNE, 81, Pittstreet, upposite Exchange.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN, calling at EDEN.

The TASMANIA, John Clinch, commander, from
Gradton Wharff about WEDNESDAY, 26th April.

Salson £8 0 0

Return ticket, available for three months £13 0 0

WILLIS, MERRY, and CO.

FOR MACLEAY RIVER.—JANET sails WED NESDAY next. T. M'CAFFERY, Victoria Wharf RICHMOND RIVER. The Schooner COMMERCE TO-MORROW, Wright's Wharf. W. WRIGHT MACLEAY RIVER.—Clipper schooner KATE, de-tained for the convenience of shippers, will leave

THIS DAY.

For freight or passage apply on board, Caledonian Wharf; or HUBBARD, Agout, for King-street.

ONLY VESSEL for BRISBANE.—The favourite scheoner FOX, Howells, master, being under charter, will have quick dispatch. For freight or passage apply J. THORNE, 81, Fitt-street, opposite Evchange.

POR BRISBANE.—The JAMES PAXTON has room for a few toms of goods. For freight or passage apply to T. 6. SAWKINS, Exchange.

GIPSY, for TWOPOLD BAY and TATHRA,

Only Vessel for Bowen, Port Denison.

Only Vessel for Bowen, Port Denison.

The Mary and Rose, Williams, master, having three-fourths of her cargo engaged, will positively clear on THURSDAY nett.

For freight or passage, apply to MOLISON and BLACK.

Only Vessel For Rockhampton and BLACK.

Only Vessel For Rockhampton and BLACK.

Gill Blas, P. Fleming, commander, having a large portion of her cargo engaged will be quickly despetched.

For freight or passage apply on board; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

TOR ADELAIDE.—The clipper brig MOUNTAIN
MAID, Williamson, master, will have quick dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to the master, on board,
Market Wharf; or T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

FOR AUCKLAND.—The favourite regular trader ALICE CAMERON, J. Mearing, commander, will be dispatched about ten days after arrival. For freight or passage apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers. TOR DUNEDIN, calling at OKITIKI to land passens gra.—The regular trader JANE LOCKHART Willing, master, will be deepatched five days after

MOLISON and BLACK, 17, Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND.—The clipper barque LEONIDAS, Jewell, commander, having a large portion of her cargo already engaged, will be quickly dispatched.

For freight or passage apply to J. A. BROWN, Spring-

ONLY VESSEL FOR NELSON.— The clipper brig CALYPSO, having nearly all her cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch. For freight or passage apply to C. B. BOND, Sussex-street; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

Only VESSEL for INVERCARGILL. The chipper schooner ADOLPHUS, Marshall, commander, detained through the inclemency of the weather, and having nearly the whole of her cargo engaged, will be dispatched on THURSDAY, the 27th instant.

For freight or cassages graphs to LAUVEN. For freight or passage apply to LAIDLEY IRELAND, and CO., Lleyd's Chambers.

NYMPH, under charter, will sail early in May.
For freight or passage apply to T. G. SAVKINS,

FOR LONDON.—For Wool only.—The Al Aberdeen dipper ship GRANITE CITY has the greater portion of her cargo, and will sail first week in May. Has two cabins disengaged.

Apply on board; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO. Apply on beard; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

IRST SHIP for LONDON.—To sail on 25th instant.
—For Wool and Passengers only.—The magnificent new iron clapper ship CITY OF SYDNEY, 1181 tons register, A1 20 years, H. Hughes, commander, has one side poop cabin disengaged, and room for a few second cabin passengers.

For terms of freight or passage apply on board, at Circuiac Quay, to WALLIS, MERRY, and CO.; or to YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT.

TAGE LONDON.—To Sail.

TOR LONDON.—To Sail first week in May.—For Wool and Passengers only.—The Al clipper ship ISABELLA, 744 tens register, A. H. Barber, commander, has nearly all her cargo, and will sail as above. Full peop and roomy state rooms; only first-class passengers taken.

Apply to R. TOWNS and CO., or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

WATT, and CO.

BLACK BALL LINE OF CLIPPER SHIPS—
Passage money, £18 and upwards.
To sail on or about SATURDAY, 20th May.
FOR LOMDON direct,
The unrivalled clipper ship.
GOLDEN CITY.
1363 tons register, Licettemant William Brown, R.N.R.,
commander, late of the ex Royal Mail ship "Occan
Chief."

1365 tons register, Literace Royal Mail ship Commander, late of the ex Royal Mail ship Chief.

This ship on her first voyage made the passage from gueenstown to Moreton Island in 70 days.

From Moreton Island to Molbourne in 6 days.

From Melbourne to Calcutta via Point de Galle in 32 days.

From Calcutta to Trinidad, W. I., in 75 days.

From Calcutta to Trinidad, W. I., in 75 days.

From Mindel to London in 21 days.

And on her present voyage.

From the Lizard to Moreton Island in 72 days.

From Moreton Island to Sydney in 6 days.

Wool received at Talbot's Store, Circular Quay.

RAISS OF PASSAGE.

Saloon, as per agreement. \$25 0 0
Steerage 18 0 0
Apply to Captain BEOWN, YOUNG LARK, and BENNETT, WILLIS, MERRY, and Ce. TOR LONDON. For Wool and Passengers only.

The Al clipper ship LOCHIEL, 674 tons, R. B.
Houlman, commander, is now receiving wool at Morney of the State of the S

LLOYD and CO., agenta, 364, George-street.

TOR LONDON.—To SAIL on the 15th June.—The splendid new Aberdeen clipper ship JOHN DUTHIE, Al for 12 years, 1031 tons register, J. Duthie Phillips, commander, will sail as above. Has the greater portion of her dead weight, and is receiving wool at Talbot's Stores. Intending passengers are informed that he saloon of this vessel is fitted up with the latest improvements, combining comfort and elegance. Carries an experienced surgeon.

Apply to Captain PHILLIPS, on board, at Circular Quay; or to JACOB L. MONTEFIORE.

CHIP JOHN DUTHIE, from London. Complexes.

HIP JOHN DUTHIE, from London.—Consignees per above vessel are requested to pass their ENTRIES for the Circular Guay, without delay. Any goods impeding the discharge will be landed and stored at their expense and risk. Bills of lading must be produced and fraight paid, at the office of the undersigned, where delivery orders may be obtained.

JACOB L. MONTEFIORE.

JACOB I. MONTEFIORE.

PHIP CITY OF SYDNEY for London.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in
duplicate to the undersigned by TUESDAY, 25th, at noon,
or they will not be paid. YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT, George and Margaret streets.

Lyons-buildings.

The BARQUE WILLIAM WATSON.—This wellknown trader, register 384 tons, well found in every
respect and ready for sea, which now lies in the harbeur of
Newcastle, open for inspection, is offered for SALE or
liberal terms. Apply to the undersigned WILLIAM
HENRY WHYTE, Watt-street, Newcastle.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER,—The brigantiae SPRAY, 150 tons burthen, we in Brisbane, and ready to receive cargo.
Commercial Wharf. POR PREIGHT or CHARTER to any part of t Globe, the splendid French chipper ship MA GUERITE, 464 tons register—14 days from Calcutta. G. E. AUSTEN, Jamison-street.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER, the clipper schoone SARAH PILE, now lying at Newcastle.
MOLISON and BLACK.

MOLISON and BLACK.

POR SALE, the whole or part of a COASTING
VESSEL, cheap; the buyer of part to have the option
of sailing the vessel; or would exchange part for a publican's or other business. Address A. B., HERALD Office. TOR SALE, the British-bunt chipper barque SPIRIT OF THE NORTH, 671 tons register; all new wire rigging, and newly coppered last December in London, well found with sails and stores, and provisioned for six months; A 1 at Lloyds'. Apply on board to Captain JONES, Walker's Wharf; or to WILLIS, MERRY, and CO.

CO.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).

Chief Office, 35, Cernhill, London.
Capital, £1,008,000.

The undersigned are authorised to issue POLICIES at
the LOWEST CURRENT HATES of PREMIUMS,
the claims on which can be made payable in the Colonies,
or at Ports in Burope, India, or China.

DE PASS, BROTHERS, and CO.,
Agents for Australia and New Zenkud.
W. H. MACKENZIE, Junior,
New Pitt-street, Sydney.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES to ENGLAND VIA the RED SEA may be forwarded up to the dega-ture of the Branch Steamer from Adelaide to the Sound, on

To the MERCHANTS of SYDNEY.—Gentlemen,— We beg to remind you of the facilities we present in dispatching LETTERS or TELEGRAMS to Burepe through our Melbourne and Adelaide firms.

We are, gentlemen, your obscient servants, GREVILLE and BIRD (Reuter's A April 22nd.

April 22nd.

EW SOUTH WALES MABINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the Twenty-neventh Half-yeasiy General MERTING of the Proprietors of the New South Wales Marine Assurance Company will be held in the Company's Officerge-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of April instant, at half-past 10 o'clock in the forenous, to receive the Report of the Directors for the half-year ended the 31st March last, to elect two DIRECTORS in the room of John Fairfax and James Henderson, Esquires, resigned, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting, in terms of the Deed of Settlement.

By order of the Board,

ROBERT GARRETT.

pany's office.

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE
COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the following duly qualified proprietors have given the required notice that they are CANDIDATES for the seats at the Board of Directors, vacant by the resignation of John Fatriax and James Henderson, Esqs.

BOULTON MOLINEAUX. Esq.
The Hon. S. D. GORDON, Esq., M.L.C.
By order of the Board,
Sydney, 13th April.

ydney, 13th April

Sydney, 13th April.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that the DIVIDEND, at the rate of 10 per cent. per samum on the paid-up capital of the above Company, declared at the half-yearly general meeting of the shareholders held on Wednesday, the 19th fantant, will be payable at the Office of the Company, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets, on and after THURSDAY, 20th instant.

By order of the Board,
JOSEPH DYER, Secremay. 19th April, 1865.

DANK OF NEW SOUTH WADES.—Notice is hereby given that the Half-yearly General MEBEING of the Proprietors of this Bank will be held at the Banking-house, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of April instant, at noon, to consider the Report of the Board of Directors, to be then made; to elect a Director in the room of James Henderson. Esq., resigned; and to consider such other matters and things as may then be brought forward by the Board of Directors relating to the safisirs of the Corporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.

By the 45th clause of the Deed of Settlement it is provided that every Proprietor who shall become a Candidate for the office of Director shall give notice thereof to the Board of Directors, in writing, Scarteen days before the day of election. f election.

Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, 8th April, 1886.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—Notice is hereby given that JOSEPH SCAIPE WILLIS, Esq., is a candidate for the office of Director in this Bank, and has given due notice thereof in terms of the Deed of Scattlement.

Settlement:

SHEPMERD SMITH, General Manager.

Sydney, 8th April, 1865.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES—Proprietors are hereby reminded that in ascordance with the Resolutions of the Special General Meeting, held on the 16th March, 1864, the final portion of New Stock of this Bank allotted to them, must be paid up on THURSDAY, the 27th day of April Instant. Such payment to be made at the Head Office of the Bank, Sydney.

SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.

Sydney, SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.

UNITED OPERATIVE BAKERS' ASSOCIA-TION.—Master Bakers are informed that in future all business connected with the above will be transacted at the Travellers' Rest, Market and Castlerough streets, Sydney. JOHN YATES, secretar

YOUNG MEN'S Monthly BREARPAST MERT.
ING, in the Temperance Hall, SUNDAY sast, et 7.

MASORIC.—Lodge of Australia, 200. Emergency
BRETING, THIS EVENING, et 7 deben.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR

WILLIAM GILMOUR, last heard of working for Telegraph Company, Bamiamna River, Rockhamp-ton, your WIFE is analous to HEAR from you. Any in-formation concerning him will be thankfully received. Ad-dress J. LAVOR, Isabella-street, Parramatta.

A CCLIMATISATION SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALRS.—The General Annual MEET-ING of the Acclimatisation Society will be held on WED-WESDAY next, the 26th instant, at the Exchange, at 4 of clock p.b.

His Excellency Sir JOHN YOUNG, Bart., will preside.

The Monthly Meeting of the Society has been POST-PONED to MONDAY next, the 1st May.

WARATAH COAL COMPANY.—Incorporated by Act of Parliament—Notice is hereby given, that the THIRD HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Head Offices of the Company, Mort's-buildings, Sydney, at noon of MONDAY, the twenty-fourth day of April current, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report for the half-year anding 31st March, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the moeting. brought before the meeting.

By order of the Directory,
GEORGE SPAIGHT, Secretary.

Sydney, 7th April, 1865. Sydney, 7th April, 1865.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—The Inhabitants of Richmond are respectfully requested to MEET, in Mr. Young's Long Room, in the town, on TUESDAY next, the 25th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to take into consideration the propriety of applying to the Government to incorporate the Town of Richmond or the District of Richmond, known as the Parish of Ham Common, or either of these places as may be agreed on. GEORGE BOWMAN. SYDNEY SABBATH SCHOOL UNION.—A
PRAYER MEETING in connection with this institution will be held THIS EVENING, at Pitt-street
Congregational Church. Sabbath school teachers are
specially invited to attend.

E. RAMSAY, Honorary Secretary.

E. RAMSAY, Honorary Occurracy.

KENT-STREET PRIMITIVE METHODIST
SABBATH SCHOOL. A Tea said, Public
MEETING THIS EVENING in the Chapel. Tea at
half-past 6; tickets is, 6d. each. Recitations will be given
at the public meeting by the children, and addresses will be
delivered by the Revs. P. P. Agnew, G.B. Goold, W.
Donald, J. Sharpe, G. James, B. Kenny, and E. B.
Pritchard.

ST. MARY'S CHORAL SOCIETY.—PRACTICE recommences on TURSDAY EVENING, 25th instant, in St. Mary's Seminary. An ELEMENTARY CLASS is in course of fermation. Persons desirous of

coming members are requested to attend.

C. P. M'CONVILLE, Honorary Secreta SMITH'S Celebrated LECTURE on the Primitive
Alphabet will be delivered on TUESDAY
EVENING, April 25th, in the St. James' Schoolroom,
Cattlereagh-street North. Chair taken by the Rev. Canon
Allwood, at 8 o'clock sharp. Admission Is.

No. 1 COMPANY, S. B. V. R.—MATCH for the Silver Medal, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

N Silver Medal, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

DANCING.—Mr. F. H. NEEDS Classes will be resumed this day, Monday. 147, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY SECOND CIRCUIT.—
WESLEYAN SUNDAY SCHOOLS
ANNIVERSARY.
A Tea MEETING will be held in the Chippendale Schoolroom, April 24th, after which a public meeting will be held in the Chapel.
The Hon, George Allen, M. L. C., will preside.
The Revs. S. Rabone, W. Kelynack, J. Gram, J. Bickford, R. Sellors, with J. Caldwell, Esq., M. L. A., and J. Graham, Esq., will address the meeting.
Tickets, is, 6d. each, may be had of any of the teachers of the schools.

T. P. REEVE, general secretary. Stage Manager, Mr. HARRY JACKSON. Acting Manager, Mr. W. DIND. Treasurer, Mr. C. V. HOWARD.

LENTON TROUPS. THIS EVENING, Monday, April 24th, and until further notice, Revival of all the MOST WONDERFUL FEATS.

Pirst time of THE HAUNTED HOUSE, be produced for the purpose

GREAT DIVING SCENE. farce of

HOW'S YOUR UNCLE.

To be followed by the LENTONS in seven of their most wonderful acts, and conclude with

THE HAUNTED HOUSE,

or Spirit Rappings,

in which the Lenton Troupe will appear, and perform their CRLEBRATED DIVING SCENE.

PRINCE OF WALES THEATRE.

VICE-REGAL COMMAND NIGHT.
TUESDAY, April 25th,
on which occasion his Excellency Sir JOHN and Lady
YOUNG will honour the performances of the LENTON
TROUPE with their presence. L YSIER'S ROYAL ITAINAN and ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY, Prince of Wales Opera House.
CHORUS REHEARSAL on MONDAY, April 24,

SCHOOL OF ARTS, Pitt-street.—GRACE EGERTON
(Mrs. GEORGE CASE), TO-NIGHT, at 8.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—TO-NIGHT, at 8, "A Drawing room Floor to Let." SCHOOL OF ARTS.—GRACE EGERTON (Mrs. George Case), in her "Sketches of Odd People." SCHOOL OF ARTS.—GRACE EGERTON (Mrs. George Case), TO-NIGHT, as Lady Tearle. SCHOOL OF ARTS.—GRACE EGERTON (Mrs. George Case), TO-NIGHT, as Katty Mooney. SCHOOL OF ARTS.—GRACE EGERTON (Mrs. George Case), TO-NIGHT, as Deborah Grigga. SCHOOL OF ARTS.—GRACE EGERTON (Mrs. George Case), TO-NIGHT, as Noah Wurzle.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.-GRACE EGERTON TO-NIGHT, as Mrs. Ferr it, and Molly Brown. SCHOOL OF ARTS.—GRACE EGERTON TO-SCHOOL OF ARTS.-Mr. GEORGE CASE TO-NIGHT, on the Violin and Concertina. S C H O O L O F A R T S

(Mrs. George Case), and Mr. GEORGE CASE in their Successful Entertainment
"A DRAWING ROOM TO LET."
THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Doors open at half-past 7.
ion: Reserved seats (numbered) 3s., unresc

Doors open at half-past (.

Reserved seats (numbered) 3s., unreserved seats, 2s. gallery is.

The plan may be seen and places secured at Mossrs. ANDERSON'S Planoforts, Harmonium, and Music Warehouse, George-street.

Children under three years of age not admitted.

NOTICE. — During the continuance of GRACE RGERTON'S embertainment, a cloak-room with fensale attendant is provided for the convenience of ladies visiting the reserved seats. It is respectfully announced the person in stimulance is not allowed.

MADAME SOHIER'S WAXWORK EXHIBITION, Pitt-street, near the Victoria Theatre.—
The attention of the public is perticularly directed to the
following verification of the truthfulness of the likeness of
Morgan, and also to the great usefulness of this institution,
as there is little doubted its having been the indirect means
the street of the street of the street of the street of leading to the identification and death of this notorious
character:—
MADRANIE LAST DANIES "MORGAN'S LAST DEEDS.

"One of the waggeners state that he knew who their mysterious victor was at once PROM JIS LIKENESS IN MADARY SORIES'S WAXWORKS. The man says the figure in the Waxworks is lifelike, and he knew him to be Morgan before he mentioned his name."

Extract from the MELHOURNE HERALD, of April 18th, OPEN EVERY DAY, from 10 a.m. to 16 p.m.

M ANNING'S VANS for BATHURST leave Allen's the Crews Inn, on THURSDAY. Goods and parcels to be sent in on or before Wednesday. R.B.—No charges for booking or receiving.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

WANTED, two female General House Servants, with characters. Sydney and Melb. Hotel, Margaret-st. WANTED, a Bricklayer. Plasterer. Plumber, and Labourer. H. Toose, Builder, 237, Macquarie-st.

ROMEO AND JULIET.
Concluding with the 3rd act of
OTHELLO.
To be succeeded by a SHAKSPERIAN TABLEAU,
illustrating the following works of the Immortal Bard:—
Winter's Tale, As You Like It, Macbeth, Othello, The
Tempest, King Juhn, Richard III., King Lear.
The entertainments will conclude with a Laughable Farce.
To-morrow (Tuesday), the entertainments will be under
the patronage of the Queensland Cricketers, prior to their
departure tor Brisbane.

WANTED, a respectable LAD, about 16. R. S. Sheldon, Plumber, 8, Jamison-street.

departure to Brisbane.

M. R. HOLT'S ADDRESS.—The Address expressive of synpathy with Mr. Holt in the late prosecution to which he was subjected—signed by the residents of Newtown and its immediate vicinity—will be publicly PRE-SENTED in the Hall of the School of Arts, Newtown, THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, the 24th instant, at 8 p.m. T. C. BREILLAT, Esq., will preside. Mr. HOLT will be present and address the meeting.

As the Hall will not hold half of the bona fide householders and residents that have signed the address, it is desirable that the meeting be limited to those who have signed. Doors open at twenty minutes to 8; business to commence at 8 sharp.

ROBERT DUNLOP. WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOURMAID. Apply to Mrs. Milford, Ocean-street, Woollahra. WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply at the Chemist's, 333, Pitt-street, near School of Arts.

PHRENOLOGY made Practical.—Mr. CHARLES
EDWARDS can be consulted daily, from 9 a.m. to
9 p.m., with regard to advice in training and education of
children, choice of profession, or trade. Verbal delimention,
1s. Examinations private and strictly confidential. 352,
George-street, Lloyd's-passage, below King-street. WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. Butterfield, Looke's Point, Balmain.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply next School of Arts, Darling-street, Balmain.

George-street, Lloyd's-passage, below King-street.

M.R. AND MRS. W. CAFFYN, COURT HAIRDRESEERS,
Late of London,
Beg to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Sydney that they have taken those large Rooms over Mr. Lorking a tailoring establishment, 303, George-street, which they intend opening on MONDAY next, the last May, fitted up in a style hitherto unapproached in the Australian colonies, where they bope, by strict, attention to business, is merit a share of public patronage.

The latest fashioms from London and Paris, dressed, and ladies and gentlemen attended to at their private residences. dences.

N.B.—Their celebrated Life of the Hair, and Moelline
Pomade, prepared by Mr. W. CAFFYN, to be had at
this establishment only Also private rooms for ladies'
hairdressing.

303, George-street. WANTED, a smart little GIRL. 13, King-street.
West. Apply early.
WANTED, a GIRL, 15 or 16, to make herself generally useful. Apply 131, York-street.

DUBLIC NOTICE.—The public are respectfully invited to inspected the magnificent Statuary, Vasca, Oil Paiatings, Works of Art, &c., now on view from 10 a.m., until 5 p.m., at the rooms of Mr. John Clark, Elizabeth-street North, prior to their sale by anction, by the undersigned, on TUESDAY and WEDMESDAY, April 25th and 26th, at 10 clock coach day.

BRADLEY and NEWTON, Auctionores.
Old Bank of Australasia, 239, George street.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

SHARSPIRE'S BIRTHDAY. ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

HAMLET.

After which, the 4th act of the MERCHANT OF VENICE. To be followed by the 2nd act of MACBETH. After which, the 2nd act of ROMEO AND JULIET.

SHAKSPERIAN NIGHT,
supported by
Mr. JOSEPH RAYNER
Mr. C. W. BARRY
Mrs. CHARLES POOLE,
and the Star Company.
THIS EVENING, Monday, 24th April,
performances will commence with the 3rd set of

CHARLES RUDD and CO., Hosiers and Outlitters 656, George-street, five doors north of Market-street CARTES DE VISITE, two 5a., four 7a. 6d., six 10a. twelve 15a. J. T. GORUG, 101, King-street, Sydney CARTES DE VISITE, two &; artistically coloured four 10a. SCHRODER, 645, George-et., Haymarket

DR. L. L. SMITH, of Melbourne, will shortly arrive in Sydney on a professional visit for five days. Due public notice will be given.

DR. BRERETON has RETURNED to Sydney, and resumed his practice. Consultations at his residence, Macquarie-street, and at the Turkish Bath, as usual. 179, Macquarie-street, 21st April, 1865. GEORGE FOX and CO., Carriers, 478, George-stree Branch Offices, Picton and Feurith.

MR. PLETCHER, Dentist, 9, Wynyard square, begw to give NOTICE that he will be ABSENT from Sydney during the months of June and July. M EDICAL.—The Electro-Chemical BATH, for ex-tracting mercury, lead, and other impurities that cause liver complaints, weakness, debility, grat, rheuma-tism, paralysis, &c., at W. EVANS', 39, Markot-street.

NOTICE.—The CITY BUFFET Dining ROOMS will OPEN in a few days. 190, Pitt-street.

£200, £2000, £3000, and other sums of like or larger amounts, to LEND on good security.

Apply to G. P. SLADE, solicitor, Spring-street, Sydney.

DOYS WANTED Apply R. M'Guffin's Bost Factory,
No. 4, Ultimo-street, Sydney.

EMPLOYMENT for TIME and CAPITAL—2300

E de 2400—required by a gentleman some years in
the colony; office work preferred. A. Z., Post-office,
Newtown.

Newtown.

CARDENING.—To Gentlemen, Proprietors, GarMenera, &c.—A Practical and Artistic GARDENER, from Germany, thoroughly qualified in every
branch of the art, is desirous of obtaining a SITUATION.
The advertiser has had the management of several botanic
gardens, and is in pessession of the very highest testimonials, with upwards of six years' exprisence in New Seuth
Wales. Apply by letter, addressed "Gardener," care of
David Ramasay, Petersham, near Sydney.

N.B.—Wages a secondary consideration.

MR. GEORGE GIBSON, Theatrical Agent, is open for ENGAGEMENT. First-class testimonials and references. Address Wheatsheaf Inn, Castlereagh-

REQUIRED, a Resident GOVERNESS, competent to assist with the advanced English classes. Apply to Mrs. Tait, Lyons-terrace.

REQUIRED, an educated English LADY, to take charge of a widower's family, consisting of two girls under 10. R. E., No. 17, HERALD Office.

TO CAPTAINS.—Wanted, by a young Man, a SITU-ATION as SECOND STEWARD, or other capacity, on board a vessel; wages no object. Address C. F., HERALD Office. TO CARPENTERS and JOINERS.—Wanted, some good HANDS. W. Thornton, Balmain. TO PAINTPES.—Wanted, a good BRUSH HAND.

8. Bevin, 2, Little Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

TO MANTLE MAKERS.— Wanted, four good HANDS. Apply This Morning. Fahey and Co.

TO PRINTERS.— WANTED, a BOY.

John Sanda, 392, George-street.

TO SURVEYORS.—A young Gentleman (accustomed to the use of theodolite, &c...) is desirous of going out with a Surveyor for eix months. A good premium will be given. W. E. B., Hanald Office.

WANTED, by a respectable person, SITUATION as Cook and Laundress. Address 8., 620, George-st. WANTED, a General SERVANT-Protestant pre-ferred. Apply 336, Kent-street South. WANTED, a respectable Fernale as NURSB and HOUSEMAID. Apply at 714, George-st. Bouth.

WANTED, LESSONS in Writing at home, three evenings in the week. A. B., HERALD Office. WANTED, a smart BOY, for the clothing business 629, George-street, Haymarket. W ANTED, a Famale General SERVANT. Apply at the Turon Inn. George-street Seuth.

WANTED, a LAD. Apply Crown Isas, Chippendale WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs. J Yard, Campbell-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, to assist with children and house work. Victoria House, 145, South Head Road. Work. Victoria House, 140, South Head Read.

WANTED, an active General SERVANT (Protestant), who can wesh and iron. 123, Liverpool-st.

WANTED, a GIRL to attend to children and assist in housework (Protestant). 123, Liverpool-street. WANTED, a SITUATION, by a young Man, in a store Good references as to honesty and sobriety R., Handle Office.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

Afterstion of Time—Doors open at 7, curtain rises at half-past.

APPLA ANTEL CONTROL OF THE ATRE.

WINTED, one bale Left-off CLOTHES for London.

Norden's, 169, South Head Road.

WANTED, MEN to make Kip Boots. Apply WANTED, MEN to make Kip Books. Apply T. Sweetman, 40, King-street.

Labourer. H. Toose, Builder, 237, Macquaric-st,
WANTED, a respectable Young Person an HOUSE-MAID. 138, Castleresgh-street North.
WANTED, a Female, as General SERVANT.
W. James, grocer, Botany Road, Reddurn.
WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. M. Asher, corner of Hunter and Phillip streets.
WANTED, a Bittle GIRL, about 13, to make herself useful. Mrs. Ryan, Kent-st., opposite Flagstaff.
WANTED, a General SERVANT. No. 136, Phillipstreet.

WANTED, a TANNER, a steady good workman, Apply R. King, Circular Quay. WANTED, a little GIRL, to nurse a baby. Mrs-Lemaire, George-street, opposite the Markets. WANTED, Four CABINET MAKERS, J. M'Connell, South Head Road.

W ANTED, eight SPLITTERS and Fencers, and two SHEPHERDS. Haigh and Brown, 221, Pitt-st. WANTED, a respectable YOUTH, to look after a horse, &c. Mr. Levy, Spring-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. For address apply to Mr. Davey, Newspaper Agent, Paddington.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Mrs Wilson, rear of the National School, Paddington.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, about 14, as NURSE-MAID. Apply Hampton Ville, Balmain.

WANTED, a MAN, to clean a drain. B. Palmer, Pitt and King streets. WANTED, a MAN, to make light kip boots. Apply to 8 KERR, 177, George-street North.

WANTED, a SERVANT GIRL. Apply Mrs. Farnsworth, Cleveland-street West, Redfern. WANTED, a MAN, to assist to make small goods, L. UHDE and CO., Haymarket.

WANTED, a tidy, active GIRL, about 14. Mrs. Cooper, Castlereagh-st., opposite St. James' school. WANTED, a SITUATION for a thorough Housemaid, who has a good reference from last place. Mrs. Capps.

WANTED, to SELL a light SPRING-CART, nearly new. Triggs, 198, Castlerough street.
WANTED. a respectable LAD, to deliver broad. Apply D. Williamson, 79, Williamson, 78, Willia WANTED, Three White Felt HATS CLEANED and Blocked. 119, Crown-street, near Stanley street.

WANTED, a BOY, to deliver the HRRALD, and to serve in a shop. Mr. Lealie, Parramatta-street. WANTED, a young Person for HOUSE and NEE-DLE WORK. 406, George-street. V DLE WORK. 404, George-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, two in family.
Apply at 62, Market-street Bant.

WANTED, a smart YOUTH. 174, Pitt-street. WANTED, a General SERVANT. 186, Campbell-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as General SERVANT. 31, South Head Road. WANTED, by a respectable young Woman, a SITU-ATION as House and Parlour Maid. F. Larter, 92 South Head Road.

WANTED, small COTTAGE, three to four rooms, garden, fresh water, &c.—Newtown. Homebush, or Ashfield. Address E. W. C., HERAED Office.

WANTED, a BOY and a Female General SER-VANT. Apply after 9 o'clock, Mrs. James Bettley, 160, Castlereagh-atreet. References required.

WANTED, a competent PARLOURNIAID (Protestant). Apply to Mrs. Fanning, Canterbury House, near the Ashfield Station. WANTED, single Mee, for shepherding, a Butcher and a Married Couple. S. Ashlin, Pitt-street opposite Union Bank. WANTER, a WET-NURSE for a child? months old.

9 and 10. at 112 22.

Apply this morning and to-morrow morning, if 10, at 112, Elizabeth-street, near King-street. ANTED, a CHILD to Wet-nurse at home, by a re-spectable person having lost her baby. Apply to Mrs. Burny, Grooer, Lower Paddington. WANTED, a respectable Girl as General SERVANT, in a small family. 5, Phillip-terrace, Crown-st.,

WANTED, a large airy BEDROOM, with partial Board; no children or other lodgers; near Post Office. Address S. P., HERALD Office. WANTED, by a respectable Young Person, a SITUA-TION as Needlewoman; can work Singer's sewing machine. Address J. M. W., HERALD Office,

WANTED, for Newtown, a thorough General SER-VANT. Apply, between the hours of 10 and 2, at No. 19, Lower Fort-street. WANTED, a respectable Middle-aged Person for NURSE and Needlewoman. Mrs. Shor., Piper-street, Paddington.

WANTED, a MAN, to attend to a home and carriage, and make himself otherwise useful. Apply to Mrs. ALEXANDER MOORE, Victoria-street, Wool-learned-learn ANTED, a Married Couple, without children; the Man to row a loot and work in a garden; the Woman to cook, wash, and milk a cow. Apply, on Mon-day and Tuesday, to Mr. Hardy, 48, Hunter-suck

WANTED, you to KNOW that you can have Coats from is, 6d., Vests from is. Trousers wanted; Boots, 2s. 6d.; Hats, &c., at W. Baynes', 267, Kentstreet, near Brekine-street. Left-off Clothing bought. ANTED, a GOVERNESS for a family, near Bathurst; good music and Ffench indispensable. Apply to the referee, Miss Millar, Darling-street, Balman, after 4 p.m.

WANTED, to SELL or LET, a PARM of 50 acres, cleared and fenced, fit for the plough, seven miles from Windsor, near Rouse Hill. Apply Mr. Hilles, 213, Clarance-street, Sydney.

WASTED, near Ashfield, a General SBRVANT; also a NURSEMATD, not under 20; both must be thoroughly qualified, respectable, and well recommended, Apply Tassiay morning, 9 to 12, at 25, Hunter-street. APPLY Traceasy morning, 9 to 12, at 25, Hunter-street.

WANTED, by a respectable person (Protegrant) a
MAID. Address Miss Cottrell, at Mrs. Bethell's, 150,
South Head Road Sydney.

WANTED, to PLACE a Young Lady in a SCHOOL,
where her services in tocaching young pupils, or
assisting in night household duties and needlessents, would
be considered an equivalent for her own education. Address
to Q. Z., HERALD Office.

£500 WARTED, on landed property, 10 per cent.

OF THE

ARRIVAL

STEAMER WONGA WONGA.

WITH NEWS TO FEBRUARY 27.

Wonga at an early hour on Sunday morning, with the Mails transhipped from the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Madras, at King Georg'e Sound, owing to the break-down, puts us in possession of letters and papers to the 27th of February.

owing to the break-down, puts us in possession of letters and papers to the 27th of February.

[FROM OUR CITY CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, Saturday, February 4, 1805.

THE King of Prussis appears inclined to make some concession in spirit to the views of the Lower House, having, in his reply to the address of the Sonate, expressed his ardent desire that the conflict should be arranged.

The Spanish Minister has announced that Spain is prepared to acknowledge the Kingdom of Haly, if the transfer of the capital should give stability to the Government.

The Spanish difficulty with Peru promises to be smicably adjusted. The Peruvian Commanders have reported their inability to oppose the Spanish deet. The Peruvian Minister thereupon wrote to Madrid, offering to make any reasonable concession to the Spanish dovernment.

Prussia, in her reply to the last Austrian notes on the question of the Duchies, says that she awaits the opinion of the legal advisers to the Crown before coming to any decision concerning the interests of those countries and the succession question, and is anxious to come to an understanding with Austria.

Some popular manifestations have taken place at Turin, but the National Guard suppressed the demonstration.

Telegraphic communication between Bagdad and India has been opened. The first telegram transmitted was from the 27th January.

The Federal second expedition against Wilmington has been more successful than the first. General Terry and Admiral Porter having captured Four Fisher after a bost-bardment of sixty hours. It was carried by assault on the 16th January by a strong military force, supported by a battalion of seamen and marties.

On the following day the Confederates blew up Fort Smith, and it is rumoured have blown up Fort Caswell, at the entrance of Cape Fear River.

A 'universal impression prevailed about Washington and Richmond at the date of the last advises that negotiations in some form or other are in progress on the question of peace, but there is to: uch reason to fear without th

to the Peters action has issued a manifesto, declaring time terms that the Church property in Mexico belongs the State. In consequence of this several Bishops would have the country, but the Emperor has become popular by

is measure.

Mr. Massey, M.P. for Salford, and Chairman of Comnittees in the House of Commons, has been appointed

linance Minister to Indu.

The Surrey Theatre has been totally destroyed by fire,
which took place last Monday night, at the close of the
setformances.

the year—say, July, when a general election will take place.

The Queen's Speech expressed a hope that no renewed disturbance would take place in Europe—that her Majesty steadfiestly remains neutral in American affairs, but would rejoice at a friendly reconciliation between the contending partice—expresses estifaction with the Confederation of the British Provinces in North America—that the general condition of the country is satisfactory, and that the revenue has realised its expected amount—that bills will be introduced for the concentration of the Courte of Law and Equity on a new site—for revision of the Statute Laws, and for the amendment of the Patent Laws and the Poor Laws.

A report from America that the Emperor of Mexico had ceded Lower California to France as indemnification, and in return for the services of France in consolidating the country of Mexico, has been officially contradicted as an "absolute fabrication."

The Prussian Minister of Marine has requested authority from his Government to contract a loan of £9,000,000 for the construction of a "Prussian facet."

The Austrian Government will, at the end of the present month, "release" all the Polish refugees in Austria—the reprisoners' are to receive 25 florins each for their expenses out of Austria.

In consequence of the late demonstration of the mob at

A Confederate fleet of ironclads and gunbows, said to have been under the command of Captain Semmes, descended the James River, and made an attack on the Federal works at Gity Point, but two of the former grounded, and the attack was unsuccessful. Their object was to destroy the Federal fleetill and General Grant's stores; and had not the two vessels grounded, millions of property would have been destroyed. It is said that immediately the Confederates appeared, the Federal granboats rescriptizable retrested towards. Fortress Monroe, at d

property would have been destroyed. It is said that immediately the Confederates appeared, the Federal gunboats precipitately retreated towards Fortress Monroe, and Captain Parkes, in command of one of these gunboats, has been dismissed for cowardice on the occasion.

Mr. Blair has returned to Washington, having, it is said, altogether failed in his mission to Richmond.

The Judges of Toronto have decided on delivering up Licentenant Burleigh to the United States Government, under the Estradition Treaty. The Canadian Government is carrying out a general draft to be prepared for the worst—the contingency of a rupture between America and England.

—the contingency of a rupture between America and England.

The Spanish Admiral has presented an ultimatum to the Peruvian Government, and given a week for consideration. As Peru is deserted by the other South American States, she will probably submit to the gross impositions of Spain. The Protestant missionary labours in the Loyalty Islands having been suppressed by M. Guillain, Governor of New Caledonia, an appeal has been made to our Grand on the subject, and also to the Emperor of the state of the subject, and also to the Emperor of the state of whom has personally replied, and has caused a letter to be written to Commandant Guillain "condemning any measure which might impede the free exercise of your ministry in these distant countries. I am certain that far from raising difficulties in the way of the representation of the French authorities, the Protestant missions, like the Catholic, will sid it in spreading amongst the aborigine of that archipolago the benefits of Christianity and civil lisation."

sation."

General M'Chellan, of the Federal army, has arrived in ingland on a Ruropean tour.

Cardinal Wiseman is seriously ill, and not expected to

Carolina. Whenhall been raised against the maif tux, and has boon is promised of poor people being soon able to brew good beer for a penny per quart. This will do away which beer shops.

The Government intends to issue a commission to inquire into certain economical questions commend with our railway system, including the cost of conveyance and the charges made by the railway companies to the public, but the Government does not contemplate purchasing the railway interest, of which there has been some talk.

The French Chambers were opened on Wednesday last by the Emperor in person, and his Majastry is sporch is considered of so much interest that I would direct your attention to ft. You will find it in the papers of the 16th and 17th instant. Regarding the Schleswig-Holstein question has cheaves that, ill-tided between sympathy for Denmark and goodwill towards Germany, France had observed the strictest neutrality towards both parties, but in Italy she was able to act with more resolution. The Kingdom of Italy had been established, and the independence of the Pope secured by the Convention of September, and finally, after referring to the affairs of Maxico, Japan, and Algeria, the Emperor closes with the declaration that they may now proudly inscribe upon a new triumphal arch the words, "To the glory of the French armine for reloctries gained in Europa, Asia, Africa, and America."

Regarding domestic affairs he says, that "Pree Trade"

In answer to a question on the subject. Sard De Grey and Ripen in the House of Lords has amounced that it is her Majesty's Government's intention to said Partiament and the Cunadian Assembly to take their share in providing for the defence of the colesty, and that the estimates would provide for a sum of £50,000 for the fortification of Quebec, that they proposed that the Canadian Government should undertake the fortification of Montreal, and the important territory to the westward.

The Earl of Derby was here afforded an opportunity of "waiking into" the Government. He ridiculed the idea of £50,000 being sufficient to place the fortifications of Canada in a proper state of defence, and condemned the Government for delay in providing for the defences of one of the most important of our colonies, at the moment when the question of Fesce er War depended upon the excited passions of popular Assemblies of a nation which entertained hostile feelings against this country.

Bard Granville saids that, in the present state of the avenagement for the confederation of the British North American provinces, ber Majesty's Government considered that it would be injudicious to take any steps for erecting the Red River settlement into an independent colony.

Peace or war between England and America. Everybody apprehends or anticipates that war will break out.

A Royal Commission is about to inquire into the Maringe law of the United Kingdom, at present in a very imperfect, unsettled, and uncertain state, the customs and laws differing in Ireland from Sootland, and both from England.

Her Majesty intends to hold a diplomatic levee at Buckingham I alace on the 28th instant, but the Drawing Rooms will be held by the Princess of Wales.

The Queen of Spain has caused a bill to be drawn up and brought before the Cortes, whereby the immense property forming the Royal patrimony, with the exception of the Royal residences and the estates catalide on the Cromer of Spain are to be offered for sale for the benefit of the nation, three-four

THE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

one of these gunboats, has in the occasion. Washington, having it is sission to Richmond.

we decided on delivering up of States Government, under an Canadian Government is be prepared for the work of the prepared for the work ture between America and resented an ultimatum to the win a week for considerate and the states, gross impositions of Spain, bours in the Loyalty Islands Guillain, Government, under the states, gross impositions of Spain, bours in the Loyalty Islands Guillain, Government, under the states, and the states of the states o

discrete to summon, the Commons, and then occurred another interval of silence and empenose, which was specify broken by the noise which announces that her Majesty's faithful Commons are approaching. In a few minutes the Speaker made his appearance at the bar, having his Sergiant-sit Arma, without the mace, on one side, and Black Rod on the other, and followed by a large namber of occubers, who filled all the open space below the bar.

The Royal Commission was read by the clock at the table, and the Lord Chanceller, with his usual distinct cumrisation, read the following gracious Speech

"My Lorns and GENTLEMEN,"

"We are commanded to assure you that her Majesty has great satisfaction in recurring again to the advice and assurance of her Parliament.

"The negotiations in which the Emperor of Austria and the Ling of Prussia were engaged with the King of Denmark were brought to a conclusion by a treaty of peace; and the communications which her Majesty receives from foreign Powers lead her to entertain a well-founded hopethan to renewed disturbance of the peace of Europe is to be apprehended.

"The civil war in North America still unhappily continues. Her Majesty remains steadfastly neutral between the contending parties, and would rejoice at a friendly reconciliation between them.

"A Japanese Daimb, in rebellion against his Seversage, infringed the rights accorded by treaty to Great Britain and to certain other Powers; and the Japanese Government having failed to compel him to desist from his lawless proceedings, the diplematic agents and the naval commanders of Great Britain, France, the Netherlands, and the United States of North America undertook a combined deventure for the purpose of asserting the rights which their respective Governments have obtained by treaty. That operation has been attended with complete surcess; and the result has afforded security for foreign centureres and self-time of the particular security in the surface of the Majesty of the fundamental translation of some of the handward prope

This will be inso before you for the concentration of all the Courts of Law and Equity, with their attendant offices, on a convenient site,—a measure which her Majesty trusts will promote economy and dispatch in the administration of justice.

The important work for the Revision of the Statute Law, already carried to a considerable extent by recent Acts of Parliament, will be completed by a bill that will be laid before you. Her Majesty hopes that this work may be a step towards the formation of a digest of the law.

"Bills will also be submitted for your consideration for the amendment of the laws relating to patent for inventions, and for conferring on the County Courts an equitable jurisdiction in causes of small amount.

"Your assistance will also be invited to give effect to certain recommendations made to the House of Commons, after inquiry directed by that House, into the operation of the laws regulating the relief to the poor.

"A bill will be laid before you founded on the Report of the Commission for inquiry into Public Schools; and her Majesty has directed that a Commission shall be issued to inquire into endowed and other schools in England which have not been included in the recent inquires relating to pepular education.

"Her Majesty commits with confidence the great interests of the country to your wisdom and carn; and she fervently prays that the bessing of Almighty God may attend your councils, and may guide your deliberations to the attainment of the object of her constant selicitude—the welfare and happiness of her people."

The Speech did not seem to excite any particular sensation among the members of the Lower House, who, when it was finished, departed to their own chamber, and thus concluded the ceremonial, which did not last mere than a quarter of an hour.

The Address in reply to the Royal Speech was moved by Lord Charlement and seconded by Lord Houghton. Lord Derby, after a surcastic allusion to the tenences of the programme submitted to a morribum Parliament, called attention to the n acted quite gratuitously, and without reason. But the Confederates had actually prepared hostile attacks on the Americans on Canadian territory, and it could not be expected that the Americans should remain exposed to war on the lakes without any means of defence. That the people of the North should complain also of her Magosty's Government having acknowledged the Southern Confederates as belligerents was also unreasonable, as looking at the character of the conflict, and the principles of international law itself. England could not avoid that acknowledgment.

The motion for an Address was then carried, and their iordships adjourned.

DEATH AND FUNERAL OF CARDINAL

WISEMAN.

The long iliness of Cardinal Wiseman has at length reached a fatal termination. He died on February 15th, at the comparatively early age of sixty-two.

Nicholas Wiseman was the son of the late Mr. James Wiseman, merchant, of Waterford and of Seville, in which latter city the late cardinal was born on August 2nd, 1892. The family of Wiseman is one of considerable satisfusty, and they appear to have had lands in the county of Essex since the reign of Edward IV. Soon after the Reformation, Sir John Wiseman, who had been one of the auditors of the Exchequer under Henry VIII., and was knighted for his bravery at the battle of Spurs, acquired by purchass Much Canfield Park in that county. His grandson, William, who married into the noble family of Capel, afterwards Earls of Essex, was created a baronet by King Charles I., in 1828; and a younger brother of the second bearonet was Lord Blabop of Dromore. The title has continued in a direct line of succession down to the present line, and is now represented by Sir William Salionstall Wissunan, eighth baronet, who is a captain in the royal navy. From a younger branch of this family the late cardinal traditionally claimed descent. His semipence's mother, whose malden name was Strange, and whose family, in sgitte of large confincations of their property under Oliver Cromwell, as still seaded at Agiward's Town Castle, in the county of Kilkenny, lived to see her son elerated to a cardinal's hat, and died hill of years in 1854.

Though born upon Spanish soil, young Micholas Wiseman, when he was little more than five years old, was sent to England. He arrived at Portamonth in January, 1808, in the Molpomen frigate, Captain Pacher, and was cent to England. He arrived at Portamonth in January, 1808, in the Molpomen he remained until 1818. In that year he obtained love to quit Unhaw, near Durham, where he remained until 1818. In that year he obtained he honour of preaching before the then Pope, Pius VII., and, having pursued with dillegence the main tames and the comple

all me residence in You. place. A great humber of persons of the Roman Catholic faith visited the house of desth to take a last look at the remains of the celebrated man before their consignment to the tomb. The body was clothed in the cardinal's robes, and on the fingers were several valuable rings. During the night of February 21 the body was removed to St. Mary's Church, Moorfields. Arrived at the church, it was carried into the middle of that sacred building, and was placed upon a bier, draped with violet cloth, the border of which was richly embroidered with gold lace. A few priests and acolytes slood by, and candles were held aloft, and a cruefits was also raised, but no religious service was then performed. The head of the corpse was turned towards the altar, this position denoting the high ecclesiastical dignity of the deceased. Over the coffin was spread the "Bowyer pall," a rich covering belonging to Sir George Bowyer. The cardinal's red hat was placed near the foot, and its long silken appendages fell down low on either side. Theusands of persons, under the direction of the police, continued to visit the chapel during the entire day of the 22nd. The announcement that a "solemn Mass of requient" was to be celebrated at the chapel on the 23rd. brought together am of the most distinguished and diversified congregations which have, perhaps, for centuries assembled in the metropolis. The admission to the church was obtained exclusively by tickets, and the number of noblemen, members of Parliament, and other distinguished personages, both Protestant and Roman Catholic, English and foreign, who applied for this favour, left but little space available for the general public, Not less than between 300 and 400 clergymen were also present; and as a large portion of the church was set sade for their accomodation, the whole building, which is but a small and unimposing one for its employment as a "pro-cathedral," presented an unstanly selemn and orderly appearance. Its pillars and all its other main projections w

employment as a "pro-cathedral," presented an unusually schema and orderly appearance. Its pillars and all its other main projections were draped in black, variegated by yellow twisted bands; and the daylight was excluded from every portion of it with the exception of the altar and the semi-circular space behind it.

Among the noblemen and continuene present were—The Duke of Sutherland, the Marchionesse of Londonderry and Lethian, the Earls of Courtenay, Malmesbury, Kenmare, Orford, and Buchan; the Dowager Countesses of Buchan and Newbury; Viscounts Piedding, Campden, Southwell, and Castlerose; Lords Stafford, Petre, Lovat, and Herries; Counts; Torre Diax and Eyre; Sir G. Bowyer, Bart., Sir Hungerford Pollen, Bart., Lady Catherne Berkeley, Lady Milford, Hon. Mrs. Agaz Ellis, Hon. Miss Gaithoupe, Hon. Montague Mostyn, Mr. Justie Shee, Mr. O'Reilly, M.P., Mr. Pope Hennessy, M.P., Chevalier de Zuhnetta, &c. In a tribunal behind the stalls on the north side of the choft, was seated the Count de Chabannes, who appeared there as the representative of Queen Marie, Amelie, the wildow of the late King of the French.

The mass did not commence until a quarter to 11 o'clock. It was celebrated pontifically by the Right Rev. Bishop Morris, formerly viewar apostolic of the Mauritius, assisted by the Very Rev. Dr. Russell, president of the Royal College of Maynooth, who acted as assistant priest, and by the Rev. Dr. Pius Melis, confessor of the late Cardinal, who acted as deacon, and the Rev. T. Gloog of the Oratory, who acted as sub-descon. At one or other side of the altar were ranged the Most Rev. Archibishop Cullen and the right rev. bishops of the English districts. The provost and canots of the diocase occupied their stalls in the choir. The other English, Irish, Scotch, French, and Belgian cleryymen, to the number of more than 300, filled a certics of beaches in Front of the catafactague; and as all those prelates were arrayed in their full canonicals, while all the minor church diginaries and priests wore their surpli

curiosity and interest.

The three names which Cardinal Wiseman, previous to his death, sent in to the Holy See, as the list from which should be chosen his successor, in the See of Westminster, are those of Dr. Grant, Bishop of Southwark, Dr. Clifford, Bishop of Clifton; and Dr. Ullathorne, Bishop of Birmingham. It is not likely that any Kaglish cardinal will be appointed at present.—Home News, February 27.

Lair Wodehnes ir resolved that, as far as hes in her power, she will patronic trial manufactured especially were a beautiful peplin dress, manufactured especially were a beautiful peplin dress, manufactured especially the period of part of the period of the period of the period of part of the period of the period of part of the period of the

(From the Home News.) FRANCE.

France.

On February 15th the Emperor Napoleon opened the French Chambers with a speech of a distinctly pacific character. He spoke with complacency of foreign affairs, and congratulated France on her expanding prosperity. From the contents of the speech, the most favourable conclusions may be drawn; but its omissions open a wide field of apprehension on the other side. There is no allusion whatever to retruendement, to the laws against the freedom of the Press, and the rights of public meeting, or to America. Silence upon these points is at least ambiguous, and has awakened a suspicion that "more is meant than meets the car." The most interesting passages of the address are perhaps those which are devoted to Italy and to the Catholic Church. Although the statements that "Italy is now a great country," and that she has "definitively constituted herself a nation," are followed by the vague observation that she has reconciled herself to Catholicity by fixing her capital at Florence, and by a reference to her obligations to respect the Papal territory, the Italians will probably not be wrong in accepting his majest's words as an intimation that he is not inclined to oppose their designs upon the patrimony of St. Peter.

It is asserted that the Government has sent a despatch to Rome, intimating to the Pope that he will have to shift for himself, as he refuses to come to terms with Italy, and that France will confine herself henceforth to the carvying out of the convention.

Nearly all the bishops and archbishops of France have now sent in their protests to the Minister of Public Worship against the problittion of a portion of the late buil. The pumphlet of the Bishop of Orleans, however, attracts more interest than all the epistles of the cher bishops put together, owing to the undoubted talent of the writer, and the liberal views he fornerly held on those mattern.

The Council of Siste have declared the Archbishop of Besançon and the Bishop of Orleans, however, attracts more interest than all the epistles of the c

ITALY

Popular demonstrations took place in Turin on the 18th and 20th of January, but they were not of a nature to call for the interference of the Government. On the 75th, the gathering being more numerous, the National Grad arrested several leaders of the demonstration. Another popular demonstration took place on January 36th. This time the crowd assembled in front of the Royal Paises, where a Court ball was going on. The National 36th a limited the crowd, and several arrests were made.

The King, accompanied by General La Marmon, left Turin on the morning of February 3cd, for Forence, where he arrived at 10 o'clock the same evening. The city was illuminated and adorted with flags, crowds welcomed the arrived at 10 o'clock the same evening. The city was illuminated and adorted with flags, crowds welcomed the palace in response to the acclamations of the people is stated that he will visit Milan, accompanied by the forest excitement was produced in Turin by the stated departure of the king. The cause of this is that the king was deeply hurt by the demonstration made in frost of the palace on the night of the Court Ball, and, it scena, expected from the municipal authorities some special disclaims of the highly of the citizens of any sympathy with such manifestenations. Hence his unexpected departure. A profound semantic was created throughout Turin by the event.

An address was circulated in Turin, to be prevented to the King. This document, signed by thousand of marchants, independent gentlemen, and shopkeepers, was taken to Florence by a deputation of citizens especially appointed for that purpose. The object of this saldiess was tolay before his Majesty accepted the address of the council, and except days afterwards the King arrived at Turin. He Majesty was received by the municipal Jurin as St. Researcy, Florence. His Majesty ancepted the address of the council, and expensed entire good-icelling towards the people of Turin. A few days afterwards the King arrived at Turin. He Majesty associated to found th

working mee's scienties. Greet enthusiassu was manifeded. His Majordy subscennently passed in review the Natural Guard, by whom he was loudly choosed.

AUSTRIA.

In the sitting on January 26 of the Finance Committee of the Lower House of the Reichsrath, the Minister of Police declared, in the name of the Cabenet, that the Government were willing to consent to reductions in the budget of expenditure under the twofold condition that the Government should have the right to distribute the fundavided by the Chamber indiscriminately amongst the different branches of the public service, and also that the Budget for 1866 should be voted during the present session of the Reichsrath, with a similar power of distribution on the part of the Government, The Minister further declared that unless these two conditions should be preciously accepted, the Government could not state precisely the exact amongs of which the new modifications of the budget would conset. Hereupon the Finance Committee resolved not to accept these conditions so long as the cabinet declaned distinctly to point out the amount of reductions to be introduced. Here won Schmerling declared at a private meeting of the members of the Lower House of the Reichsrath, that the Government agreed with the privately point expressed in the Address to the Throne. He restricted, however, that there was a divergence of opinion between the Government and the House in reference to Hungary and Cradina. The Diets of Hungary and Cradina will, however, meet simultaneously with the lesser Reichsrath, which is positively to be convoked immediately after the close of the session of the Reichsrath. Energetic efforts will be made by the Government to bring the question of the Dudnete to satisfactory solution.

The Minister of State has addressed a letter to the Financial Committee of the Lower House, stating that na representative of the Government will henceforth attend the meetings of the committee until the House shall have decided whether it intends to come to some understandin

PRUSSIA.

Prince Frederic Charles had returned to Berlin. The accounts as to his encoses in Vienna are very contradictory. Some affirm that his mission has terminated in total fallow, while others state that the positive proposition which he was authorised to make found a willing ear with the Empeor of Austria, and that consequently the Austrian Court has adopted a new policy less shourable to the German Dist and the Duke of Augustenburg.

It does not seem that there is the slightest chance of reconciliation between the Prussian Government and the Chamber of Deputies. The new military bill makes no concession, and therefore the majerity of the Chamber as determined simply to express their regret that such a bill should have been introduced.

A deput has from the inhabitants of Gologne has waited on Herr Grabow to present him with a civic crown. The President of the Chamber made a spirited speech in acknowledging the complinent, and declared himzelf and the House determined to persevere to the last in the struggle to upheld the constitution,

The Chamber of Deputies persists in its systematic opposition to the financial projects of the Ministry. A member of the left had given notice of a motion declaring that the Chamber refused any new loan for the construction of rail-ways so long as the Government shall not have recognised the rights of the Chamber in matters of supply. The ministerial journals have announced that the Government, if the budget is rejected, will continue to carry on the administration without it. No one at Berlin expects that the Ministry will dissolve the Chamber speech a travers blue to hope that a new election would be mere favourable to the Government.

THE DUCHIES.

The Anstrium Gazette announces that negotiations have taken place between France and England apon the subject of the Duchies of the Elbe. The two Powers are said to agree in energetically opposing the annotation Prusia meditates; but as there is no official confirmation of her annotationist tendencies, all intervention is withheld until Berlin distinctly makes known its desires. Until then that two cabinets of the Tuileries and St. James's will accept, it is affirmed, as sincere the reiterated assurances by which it has been declared that two cabinets of the question of the Duchies will lead to no augmentation of territory for Prussia. The Acceptable is arbitrous dreams the mere permission of Vienna is not of itself sufficient. If Vienna gives him a softogent, Paris and London may give him an extent. But even at Vienna public opinion, whatever may be the dispositions of the cabinet, openly pronounces against the military vapourings of Prussia.

The assembly of delegates from the various associations.

The assembly problemes against the unions associations of Schleswig and Holstein met at Rendsburg on Saturday, February 25, and passed a resolution to the effect that the inhabitants of the Duchies should leave to the Duck of Augustenburg, and to the Diet of the country the concision of such treatics with Prussia as would be for the interest of the whole of Germany. It is stated in Viens that a Prussian note just arrived there rejects the proposal of Austria provisionally to transfer the government of the Duchies to the Duck of Augustenburg. Prussia, it seems must have certain conditions fulfilled before she can see be way to any settlement of the question.

The Sc Breckin The Lagislaticanal a Kentne State. Presisorresponding In minormi, across t trade b points riveen 1 already Franch be rene The Goodman of the Comside

RUSSIA.

RUSSIA.

The address of the Moscow nobles to the Emperor of Russia has been the universal theme of discussion in St. Petersburg, where the deputation in charge of the document had arrived. On the 26th of January the address was published in a small journal devoted to the cause of the mobiles, and termed the Vierte, or Moscope, which also produced an account of the discussion which took place better the address was adopted. This was done without the previous smetion of the censorship, as it was hoped, a precedent having been established, that no notice would be taken of the omission; but, unfortunately for the journal, the number which contained the address and the discussion was said on the evening of its publication, and criminal proceedings were taken against the solitor and publisher.

An Imperial rescript has been addressed by the Emperot to the noblity of Moscow. The Emperot declares that the reforms he has already accomplished, and those now in preparation, must be a sufficient evidence of his anxiety for the political advancement of the country. But no subject has a right to anxietge the irresolutions, nor is any classically cutified to speak in the name of others. He wans the nobles that such violations of law (as the sending of heir address!) only retard his plans, and trusts that he may never again meet with such obstacles on the part of his faithful noblity.

GRESCE.

Brigandage, which had in a great measure been put down, during the latter years of King Othe, has once mere become, as it used to be of old, the scourge of the Kingdom. It does not confine itself to remote provinces; it peatrins to the very neighbourhood of the capital.

Prince John of Gluckaburg, the uncle of the king, susmoned MM. Bulgaris, Mavrocordato, Tricoupi, Misalia, Christides, Zalmas, Craimas, and Condurrot, and saked their advice on the state of the country. They simed unanimously replied that the dismissal of Count Syanist of this set of his uncle. The king replied that it was done without his knowledge, and that the ministry onjoyed his confidence. He also directed that his uncle should leave in a few days, an order which was is mediately compled with.

seinforcements were brought forward was the garrison finally expelled from their lest stronghold. The Federal legs in now estimated at 800 of the military, and 100 of the gaval force.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

(From the Home Nector, February 27(h.))

There is no news of importance from the army of the Potomae. Rumours prevalled that General Grant was extending his left wing, with a view of making an important offensive movement. Confederate accounts represent that the railroad from City Point to his left and centre has lately been running both day and night. General Ord continues in temporary command of the troops north of the James River, and General Heckman, during the absence of General Weltzel, is in command of the 25th corps (coloured). Deserters report still that Lee has recently sent troops to Scuth Carolina to oppose Shemman. Richmond papers state that Grant has recently been reinforced by a large number of well-drilled negor troops. The same journals admit that the recent heavy rains have injured to a considerable extent the defences of Petersburg. It is rumeured that the railroad between Danville and Greensboro has been destroyed by heavy rains. Lee's army is said to be short of supplies. The James River had suddenly risen and rushed through the builkhead of the Dutch Gap Canal. The last news of General Grant was that he had med a movement on the left of his line, supposed to be intended to cover the advance on Wilmington papers state that the Federal gunboats were mable to advance, as the monitors cannot carry water crough to come up the river. The Confederates hold Fort Andrews, and have field artillery adequate to destroy the lighter dramplit gunboats. Considerate reinforcements were arriving at Wilmington. General Terry had demanded the surrender of the city, giving Bragg until the 19th Jamary to decide. The removal of public property was progression, and vuch confusion prevailed. The impression was that Wilmington would surrender, the people remaining in it.

In the Confederate House of Representati

PRISONER Lincoln has given to the House of Repre-

"From Heod-quarters, Army of the James,
January 29, 6.30 p.m.
"The follows a pespatch in just received from Major-General

camed do this they would like to come through at 10 a.m. tomerrow inorming. B. Wilson, Major Commanding 20, Corps."

"Major-General John G. Parke, Head-quarters, Army of the
Potomise."

"Respectfully referred to the President for study instructions as
he may be pleased to give.

"January 20, 8-36 p.m."

It appears that about the time of placing the foregoing telegram
in my hands, the Secretary of War despo-ched General Ord as
follow War Department, Washington City, January 29, 16 p.m.

"This Department has no knowledge of any understanding by
General Grant to allow any person," o come with his lines as
commissioners of any sort. You will therefore allow no one to
come into your lines under such character or profession until you
receive the President's instructions, to whom your telegrams will
be submitted for his directions.

"Major-General Ord. E. Day? M. Stanton, Secretary of War.

"Sent in cibne at 2 a.m.)

Afterwards, by my directions, the Securiary of War telegraphed
General Ord as follows, the Mean of the Martine of the direction of the Major-General Crof. 2 m. D.

"War Department, Washington City, January 30, 10 a.m.

"By direction of the President, you are instructed to inform
the three gentlement—Messar, Stephens, Hunter, and Campbell—
that a messager will be despatched to them ator near where they
now are, without winnecessary delay.

"Major-General E. O. C. Ord, Head-quarters of the Army of
the Januar."

"Asion-General E. O. C. Ord, Head-quarters of the Army of
the Januar."

"Asion-General E. O. C. Ord, Head-quarters of the Army of
the January in the security of war. Then, by General Ord's
assistance, provine an interview with Massers, Stephens, Hunter,
and, on reaching General Ord will deliver him the letter
addressed him by the Secretary of War. Then, by General Ord's
assistance, provine an interview with Massers, Stephens, Hunter,
on which your own letter is written. Note on the cepty which
you retain the time of delivery and to whom delivered. Receive
their answer in writing, waiting a reasonab

"Mr. F. F. Elair.
"Yours, &c.,
"A. Lincoln.
"Yours, &c.,
"A. Lincoln.
Afterwards, but before Major Eckert had departed, the following despatch was received from General Grant.
"Office United States Military Telegraph
"Office United States Military Telegraph
"Office Cunted States Military Telegraph
"Office United States Military Telegraph
"Office Cunted States Military Telegraph
"Office Cunted States Military Telegraph
"Office Cunted States.
"The following telegram, received at Washington, January 31, 1865].
"His Excellency Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States.
"The following communication was received here last evening:
"Petersbure, Virginia, January 30,

States

""The following communication was received here last evening:

"Petersburg, Virginia, January 20.

"Str.—We desire to pass your lines under safe condust, and to proceed to Washington, to bold a conf. nee with Freedent Lincoin upon the subject of the existing war, and with a view of ascertaining upon what terms it may be terminated, in pursuance of the course indicated by him in his letter to Mr. Blair, of January 18, 1865, of which we presume you have a copy; and, if not, we wish to see you in person if convenient, and to confer with you on the subject.

"I have she to see you in person if convenient, and to confer with you on the subject.

"I have sent directions to receive these gentlemen, and expect to have them at my quarters this evening, awaiting your lastructions."

"I have sent directions to receive these gentlemen, and expect to have them at my quarters this evening, awaiting your lastructions."

"U. S. GRANT, Lieutsnant-General, Commanding Armies of the United States."

Thus, it will be perceived, transferred General Ord's agency in the matter to General Grant. I resolved, however, to send Major Excert forward with his message, and accordingly telegraphed General Grant are to General Grant. "Executive Mansion, Washington, January 31.

"A messenger is coming to you on the business contained in your despatch. Detain the gentlemen in comfortable quarters until he arrives, and then act upon the message he brings, as far as applicable, it having been made up to pass through General Ord's hands, and when the gentlemen were supposed to be beyond our lines.

"Lieutenant-General-Grant, City Point, Virginia." A. Lincolni, Sent in cipher at half-mast I now how the control of the contro

yond our lines.

"Lieutenant-General-Grant, City Point, Virginia.

"Lieutenant-General-Grant at follows, to wit:—

"When Major Ekkert departed be bore with him a letter of the Secretary of War to General Grant as follows, to wit:—

"War Department, Washington, D. C., January 30.

"General,—The President Gesires that you will please procure for the bearer, Major Thomas F. Eckert, an interview with Messrs. Stephens, Hunter, and Campbell; and if on his return to you he requests it, pass them through our lines to Fortress Monroe by such route and under such military precautions as you may while you have been protected and condratable quarters while you have a such a such as the proper of the President,

"Exposing the proper point to be then reached, I dispatched the Secretary of State with the following instructions, Major Eckert, however, going ahead of him:—

"You will such a such as the following instructions, Major Eckert, however, going ahead of him:—

"You will be asset on yelter to Mr. F. P. Highlis, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with Mess. Strong Virginia, there to meet and informally confer with the following the Executive of the United States on the slavery question from its post ton

"Major T. T. Eckert, eare of General Grant, City Point, Urginia." On the morning of the 2nd instant, the following telegrams were received by me respectively from the Secretary of State and Major Eckert.

"Major T. T. Elsert, care of General Grant, City Point, Virginia."
On the morning of the 2nd instant, the following telegrams to the morning of the 2nd instant, the following telegrams of the control by me respectively from the Secretary of State and Major Ecker's by me respectively from the Secretary of State and Major Ecker's by the Control of the Child States." "W. H. Sewand.

"The President of the United States." "W. H. Sewand. The United States." "W. H. Sewand. "The President of the United States." "W. H. Sewand. "The President of the United States." "W. H. Sewand. "The Eckel President of the United States." "W. H. Sewand. "The President of the United States." "W. H. Sewand. "The President of the United States." "W. H. Sewand. "The President of the United States." "The President of the United States." "The President of the United States." "City Point, Virginia, February 1, 10 p.m. cation and my letter at a quarter-past 4 this proceed to the the following note, addressed to General Grant, was received "Sir." We desire to go to Washington city to confer informally with the President personally in reference to the matters mentioned the President personally in reference to the matters mentioned the personal comb. History of the 18th of January ultimo. Without any personal comb. The or now the authorities at Richmond. Very respectfully yours. "A LES. H. SEFERINS." "A A. M. H. HISSTER." "A. A. Charpell."

"At haif-past 0 p.m. I notified them that they could not proceed further unless they compiled with the terms expressed in my letter in the Secretary of Walls the Learney and the following telegram of General Grant to the Secretary of Walls and Charles of General Grant to the Secretary of Walls and the Secretary of State, when the following telegram of General Grant to the Secretary of Walls was shown me: "Chiles of the United States Military Telegraph, Charles of the United States Military Telegraph. Charles of the United States Military Telegraph."

"The following telegraph of Major Eckert, I was about to reca

within line justices, and Mr. Stephens and party has easies, a will saize cambientially, but not officially to become a matter of record, that I am convinced, upon conversation with Master. Asserting the property of the pr

Sent in cipher at 9 o'clock a.m.)

"War Department, Washington, February 2.

"Induced by a despatch from General Grant, I join you at Fertress Monroe as soon as I can come.

"A. Lincoln."

"Hen, William H. Seward, Fortress Monroe, Virginia."

(Sout in cipher at 9 o'clock a.m.)

Before attenting the following depatch was shown mr. I proceeded, nevertheless:

"Office United States Military Telegraph,

"Office United States Military Telegraph,

"Office United States Military Telegraph,

"The following lelegram received at Washington, February 2,

from City Point, Virginia, 9 a.m., February 2:

"Hon. William H. Seward, Secretary of State, Fortress
Monroe, to Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, Washington,

"The gentlemen here have accepted the proposed terms, and will leave for Festress Monroe at half-past 9 a.m.

"I'll be gentlemen here have accepted the proposed terms, and will leave for Festress Monroe at half-past 9 a.m.

"U.S. Gasax, Lieutenant-General."

On the night of the 2nd I reached Hampton Roade; found the Secretary of State and Major Eckert on a steamer anchored off the shore, and learns of them that the Richmond gentlemen were on another steamer, also anchored off shore in the Roads, and that the Secretary of State had not yet seen or communicated with them. I ascertained that Major Eckert had literally compiled with his instructions, and I saw for the first time the an. I the Richmond gentlemen to him, which in his deepsten to :

"City Point, Virginia, February 2.

"Major,—Vour note, delivered by yourself this day, has been considered. In reply we have to say that we were furnished with a copy of the letter of President Lincoln to Frunds P. Blair, of the 18th of January utlino, another copy of which the following is a copy; you are to proceed to Washington city for the single and acceptant upon what terms the existing war, and for the purpose of securing peace to the two countries.

"The substantial object to be obtained by the informal conference is to ascertain upon what terms the existing war

THE CONFEDERATE ACCOUNT.

The Richmond Sention of the sith instant thus reports the speech of President Pavis at the mass meeting at Richmond on the this instant.

"The Richmond Senting of Prologord of Confederate States, being the this programe was the signal for prologord and enthusiate cheering. Round after round of cheers went up from all parts of the building, and every coal energy of the vast assembly scemed taxed to its ottnoot in swelling; the tremendous acclamations. The President meantime gratefully bowed his thanks to the control of the proceeded to address the assembly. We pretend to no more thanks to the control of the president said that if he were there to assist in celebrating some great and decisive victory to our arms, or in hading the substance of some of his remarks.

"The President said that if he were there to assist in celebrating some great and decisive victory to our arms, or in hading Fut in times like these which are now upon us, when dangers confront us and our path is beside the lee shore and the breakers, to witness the manifestation of such a spirit on the part of his countrymen as was there displayed was more than happiness—it works to be a supplementary of the handways looked with pried upon his countrymen as was there displayed was more than happiness—it works to be a supplementary of the handways looked with pried upon his country of the handways looked with pried upon his country. On the handways looked with pried upon his country of the presence of fresh calls upon its courage and endurance. The President said lives meet that the spirit which has been decided which the inspired this city stands that sacred building which had been trained by the spirit of the brave men from every State in the Confederacy who have given their greateries feel of the brave men from every State in the Confederacy and of the proud of State which had been traily termed the "mother of statesamen." If the spirit which has been been indicated shall meet with a general response, and prove to be the uni

The Canadian Government has given up Lieutenant Burley, the Confederate partisan who seized a steamer on Lake Eris, for trial in the Federal States; and the Canadian Legislature has almost unanimously passed the Alien Bill introduced by the Colonial Ministry. This bill provides that, on complaint of a resident, the Governor-General may order aliens to quit the provinces, after giving them notice, through the Official Genetic, of their intended expulsion. The accused may, however, tender reasons for non-compliance.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

We have Hongkong papers to the 1st of March.

The Overland Trade Report of that date supplies a resume of the month's news:—

The following is a summary of the political intelligence comeunicated in our issue of the 15th ultimo:—

The events of the previous fortnight had been nearly a blank: the altered arrangements concluded by the British Government in relation to their land forces to be stationed in this part of the world, were that two battalions of infantry and one company of artillery at Japan. The Tajing rebols still held the city of Changchow, the Governor-General of the field and cope with them. The rumour was prevalent that a colonel in the French army had been lent to the Mandarins, and would arrive shortly for the purpose of organising a force to operate signing the insurgence. It was possible that the British radial scheme might provide the provincial troops with an asylum during the progress of organisation, but it seemed improbable that the troops thus raised would arrive sortly for the gament of the tended in the province and levying contributions on the tea districts.

A system of robbery by means of supe from the drains had become prevalent in this colony, and had resulted in the rifling of the treasury of one of the banks.

From Japan we learn that the new year festivities and the cold weather had combined to put a check to tradal operations. Nothing was known of the expedition sent by the Tycoon and loyal Daimios to chastise the Prince of Nagato.

the cold weather had combined to put a check to tradal operations. Nothing was known of the expedition sent by the Tycoon and loyel Daimios to chastise the Prince of Nagato.

The political events of the fortnight again present almost a perfect blank. The Taiping insurgents still occupy Changekow, and do not appear for the present to run much risk of molestation from the Imperial authorities, who are not adopting suitable measures to eject them. They will doubtless commence the work of devastation and pillage so soon as the spring shall be sufficiently far advanced to render the growing crops valuable. Insurrection and anarchy in other parts of the empire appear as prevalent as ever, if not more so. The Futai Li, ef Soochow notoriety, is said to have received orders to proceed to the province of Hunan as Imperial Commissioner, for the purpose of quelling an insurrection in that quarter. Matters must be serious, or a man of his renown would be reserved for preseing emergencies; still nothing is known as to the nature of the insurrection referred to. The Mahommedan rebels in the province of Huneh and Shantung have gained material successes, and are evidently causing the Imperial Sovernment much anxiety. The Imperial soldiers at Hangehow have mutinied, and a portion of the Shanghai disciplined force has been urgently called for to quell them. Such appears to be the present posture of affairs; the Imperial Government, with all the means and applianoes conceivable at their disposal, continuing as apathetic and determinedly helpless as ignorance, superstition, and repellence can render them. What effect the withdrawal of the British troops may produce, remains to be seen.

Bach province is left to its own individual resources, and rabble troops, armed with spears and gingals, are left to cope with veteran insurgents, equipped to a great extent on the European principle. The people are left to the mercy of both belligerents and suffer dreadfully. Meauwhile foreign trade is taxed by transit imposts, and may be almost so

superme Government down to Calcutta to give infermation and counsel regarding the situation on the North-Eastern frontier. He arrived in Calcutta on the 1st instant.

The conspirator Ahmed Colah, of Patns, has been sentenced to death.

The Russians have marched for Corgunge, and have been allowed by the King of Bokhara to go to Yarkund, Kashghur and Buddukhahan. In their application to the King, the Russians stated that they were merely going to explore the mines of those three places. It is said that there are silver and copper mines at Yarkund and Kashghur, and ruby and crystal ones at Buddukhahan.

Lord John Hay, one of the directors of the Malta and Alexandria telegraph, has arrived in Bombay, accompanied by Mr. D. Gibbs, the manager of the line, for the purpose of reopening the question of establishing a line from Susz. to Bombay via Aden.

Favourable accounts are received from all quarters of the state of the country.

Sir Gaspard le Marchant has been appointed Commanderin-Chief of the Madras Army.

Mr. Poggo has offered to contribute 1000 Rs. towards the Bombay Cathedral Restoration and Improvement Fund, provided nimeteen other persons will contribute the same amount.

The distribution of prizes to the children of the Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution, took place at the residence of Mr. Manockies Cursetjee, Byculla, on the 10th instant, under the presidency of his Excellency the Governor. The prizes were distributed by Lady Frere.

The cloud still hangs over the Bhootan campaign. The Government of India is determined, however, to do its work effectually. Major General Dunsford has been summoned down to Calcutate of vie information as to the past and present of the war, and counsel as to the future. At latest dates he was in communication with the Commander-in-Chief in

Government of India is determined, however, to do its work effectually. Major General Dunsford has been summoned down to Calcultate give information as to the past and present of the war, and counsel as to the future. At latest dates he was me connutrication with the Commander-in-Chief in Calcutts. The Government of India has resolved that the forthgoing expedition under Brigadier Tombs, which will be strong in its European element, shall proceed as far as the capital of the country, Punskha, and take possession of it, either permanently or until satisfaction has been rendered. If this is to be the programme, the European portion of the force will not be much to be pitted. The country between Darjeeling and Punakha is, as regards natural beauty, the finest in the East; and though it has not been often travelled by Europeans, the impression is, that instead of being found a sickly region, it will prove to be of climate most salutrious for the European constitution. There is, in fact, to reason why its hill-sides and plazeaux should not prove as healthy to English officers and soldiers as those of any portion of the sub-Himalayan regions, from the North-western Punjab to Eastern Assam. It was through this part of the Bhootan country that Mr. Eden took his route—the scenery reminding him of Switzerland. It touches Thibet on the north, and Darjeeling, Sikhim, and it may be said, Nepal on the west; so that, besides its strategetical advantages, its possession would give us a direct and uninterrupted commercial route to Lhassa. The Bisa Pass did not, as reputed, fall into the hands of the Bhooteab, neither do they now hold the Bala Pase; though Colonel Watson's forces at the latter occupy ground less advanced than that originally held by them. Here is, however, no doubt about the reverses at Dewangiri—no question that the guns were left behind, and some of the wounded too. A Bhooteah force consisting of Thibetan auxilianies has appeared on the borders of Dalimkote position for ten months; supplies of all kinds are be

February; H. Towns and Co., agents.
rune, brig. 189 tons, Captain Patton, from Adolaide 11th
nl. Captada, agent.
Artiguan, Freich barque, M6 tons, Captain Bressen, from
bon 3rd March. Passengers—Messrs, Gullard and Sayaset.
r. Martineau, 190 tons, Captain ManaSeid, from Hong18th February. Brown and Co., agents.
ris Laurie, barque, 328 tons, Captain Brasier, from Adelaide,
18th February. Brown and Go., agents.
ry Spring, schooser, 200 tons, Captain Frasier, Captain, agent.
Nymph, bargon, 22 found Mrs. Froster. Captain, agent.
Nymph, bargon, 22 found Mrs. Broner, from Melbourne
inetant, in ballast. Captain, agent Wellougung and Cirder.
Passengers—Miss. Edwards, Misses Fouter (2, Miss.
k, Mrs. Muddle, Messrs. Clarke, Sikes, Wollard, W. Norton,
ampton, and 12 in the steverage.
L. S. N. Co., agents.
sonanis (a.), 300 tons, Captain Clinch, from Hobart Town 20th
aut. Passengers—Mrs. Wood, Captain McKellar, Mr. Wright,
ter Wright, Messrs. Armstrong, Lytelton, and 5 in the
race. Willin, Merry, and Co., agents.
race. Willin, Merry, and Co., agents.
race. Willin, Merry, and Co., agents.
race. Hephermen of the Mann, from Mestery Elver 21st
and Disparence.
Disparence. Disparence. 22

DEPARTURES .- APRIL 22

Armistice, for Manila.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—Arail 24. for Okitiki; Gold Seeker, for Williams.

(I.E.All.ANCES.—Araii 22 Crose, schooner, 138 tons, Captain Bowe, for Rock-Passenger—Mr. L. Blumer. ig, 178 tons, Cuptain Williams, for Port Cooper. or, schooner, 169 tons, Captain Fielding, for Willungs,

erage.
Paterson (s.), 400 tons, Captain J. D. Harley, for Glad-l Port Denison. Passengers—Mrs. R. Hell, Mrs. Scott. 2 and servant, Mr. J. Bell.

COASTERS INWARDS.—APRIL 22.

(c) Tom Shoulhaven, with 419 bags potators, 79 bags 12 bags oxts, 13 bags barley, 8 kegs butter, 2 cases Hannah Broomsleid, H. M. Warfield, from Newcastle, 9 tons coal; City of Newcastle, 8, 70m Morpeth, when hay, 36 bags maire, 76 bags potators, 16 casks tallow, e., 9 borses, 106 sheep, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS -- Armil 21.
for Port Macquarie,; Ellen, for Twofold Bay;
for Richmond River; Comet, West Hartley No. 1,

EXPORTS.—APRIL 22.

R. M. S. S. Bombay, for Point de Galle: 1 box gold coin [2382], R. Towns and Co. : 1 box gold coin (2700). Kee K.; 2

Australach 1 box and coin (2016). Rank of Australach 1 box and coin (2016). Rank of australach 1 box and coin (2016). [232], R. Towns and Co.; J. Dox gold onto [2709], hee h.; 2 boxes gold coin (£618), Bank of Australasia; 1 box gold coin (£618), Bepoty Master of Mint; 8 boxes sovereigns (£33,000), Bank of New South Walse; 11 boxes sovereigns (£35,000), Conmercial Bank; 8 boxes gold coin (£95,000), 3 boxes gold bars (£95,000), 2 boxes gold bars (£96,000), 2 boxes gold bars (£96,000), 3 boxes gold bars (£96,000), 2 boxes gold bars (£96,000), 2 boxes pinter, Bank, 2 boxes gold bars (£96,000), 3 boxes gold bars (£96,000), 2 boxes pinter, 2 boxes, 2 boxes,

Malls will close at the General Post Office as follows:—
For London:—By the City of Sydner, this day, at 6 p.m.
For Munnum.—By the Wonga (a), on Tuesday, at

Courons House.—Entered Outwards, April 22: Himalaya, ship, 665 tons, Captain Barrett, for London.

List of Passingures Per B. M. S. Middle, Captain A. B. Fardhar, Commander Goss, R. Navall Agent, which left Ceylon 19th fareds, at 7.59 p.m. For Melbourne: Mr. James Clark, Mr. and Ericke for the Commander Closes, R. N. M. James Cherk, Livelenant-Colonel, Commander, Sanal, Mr. James Cherk, Lieutenant-Colonel, Cherk, Edits and native servests, Mr. Denis, For Sydney: 8th-Journant Holisho, R. N., Sub-Lieutenant Trolippe, R. N., Captain Newland, Mr. J. W. Wilson, Mira Brind and child, Mr. J. M. Symbour, Mr. Lieutenant Holisho, R. N., Sub-Lieutenant Trolippe, R. N., Captain Newland, Mr. J. P. Wilson, Mira Brind and child, Mr. J. M. Symbour, Mr. W. H. Kerr, Mr. Souxielle, Mr. Lieutellyn, Mrs. Jewellyn, Mr. Pranklyn, Por King George's Sound: Mr. F. Symill, Mr. Waterhouse, Mrs. Johnson, Mr. Jordan, Captain stunders.

Fargular's fintention to come direct to this port, passing south of Tananania.

The cargo of the Hunter (a.) consists of 90 bags oysters, 80 bags postates, 11 bags marke, 30 kegs butter, 30 cases cheese, 1 borse, and stunders.

The stranship Tamania left Hobart Town on the 90th instant, at neon; called at Twofold Bay on the 22nd, at 1 p.m.; and entered hydray Heads at 11.45 a.m. on the 23rd, Experienced strong southerly winds and fine weather throughout the passage. The Jason left Torbay on the 18th January; passed Madeirs on the 30th, and crossed the Equator on the 11th February ?; rounded the Cape of Good Hope on the 18th March, and was off Cape Ottow on the 30th, and crossed the Equator on the 11th February ?; rounded the Cape of Good Hope on the 18th March, at was off Cape Ottow on the 30th March.

The A. S. N. Ca.'s twin-serve stoamabing Kennedy arrived on the 9th March.

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The A. S. N. Ca.'s twin-serve stoamabing Kennedy arrived on the 18th facility of the Manning River. She left Taree on the 21st function at 2.55 a.m., crossed the lear at 3.55 p.m., and entered Spidery Reside at 2.56 p.m., on the 5th March.

Bartia, Passivane d.—The bisrque Forces has been chartened to load at Zela for Refributrar, at 25 for segar, and 24 for light Trendt.

April 21 - Const. nov., bargine, 350 tons, Painett, from Auckland, N. R. pell 21 - Sauch Pile, schooter, 115 tons, Youll, from Port Nagier, N. Z. April 21.—Super Part, whose of the State of the Sydney.

April 21.—Dublin, American ship, 1000 tons, Coff, from Sydney.

PRIVATIONAL.

April 22.—Isaac Jeanes, American ship, Bowling, for San Francisco, with 1002 tons cost and 15 passengers.

April 22.—Stranger, schooner, Cann, for Port Cooper, with 350 tons coul. pril 22.—Bright Planet, barque, Davis, for Melbourne, with 343 tons coal.

pril 22.—Alarm, brig, Chadwick, for Auckland, N. Z., with 270 tons coal, 7 tons coke, and 3 tons maire. COASTERS INVAINS.

April 11.—Atlantic, Petrel, Adeona, Lurine, Little Pet, Eagle West Hortley No. 2, and Leoh, from Sydney.

April 12.—Martha, and Secret, from Sydney.

HOBART TOWN.

March I — Day Dawn, Fanny Nicholson, Louis, Knippier, for ferbourne and Sedner. POOCHOW.
DEFARTURE
January 24. Peronia, for Melbourne: 300,200 lbs. tea

SHANGHAL

ENGLISH SHIPPING January 29.—Coya, from Sydney; Star of Peace, from Geeling; connito, from Adelaide; Royal Duke, from Melbourne.
January 30.—Monarch, Lincolnshire, Omar Pasha, from Mel-

February 21.—Lightning, from Melbourne; Rowens, from Meleside.
February 22.—Alford (a), from Sydney
DEFARTERS.
February 23.—Giant's Camerway, from Geelong
DEFARTERS.
For Sydney.—January 28th, Geean; February 4th, Maid of Sudah; 8th, Dorn; 11th, Baile; 21st, Coulmakyfe; 28th, Corn-

rallis.
For Moreton Bay.—February 9th, Sunda; 18th, Caroline, Eliza-eth; 3th, Lobelia.
For Melbourne.—February, Gresham, White Rose, Surry, Ocean

ShiPs Loadero.

AT LONDON.

For Sydney.—Queen of Nations, Mitchell; Earl Dalhousie, Campbell; Coys, Page; Beeranh, Johnson; Rajsh of Cochin, Birkett; Rutlandshire, Farley; Ninevek, Donald.

For Adelaide.—Algernon, Mowat; St. Leonards, Flown n; Sea Star, Louitt; Countto, Begg; Akbor, Pizzey; Aboyne, Grant; Foreres, Rowland.—Rangitoto, Fig.

CUSTOMS IMPORT ENTRIES .- APRIL 22. lé hogahrada brandy, Scott, Henderson, and Co. i packages drapery, W. Drynan and Co. lé packages drapery, F. Perka i caska ship chandlery, 2 casks whale spades, F. Korf t une ciolising, Friedman
9 packages boots and shoes, A. Hunter and Co.
3 cases drapery, C. Newton, Brotker, and Co.
1 parcel plate, J. Koln and Co.
2 cases twine, C. and J. Abrahams
4 casks soda crystals, 4 cases blue, J. Caldwell
M cases boots and shoes, J. Springtherpe
1 box glass, T. Edens

box gloss, T. Edens.

Jong gloss, T. Edens.

Jone Stage grindery, Editot, Brothers.

John Stage grindery, Editot, Brothers.

John Stage gloss, T. Edens.

John Stage gloss, The S

	ī	TIME.	WIND	- 1	SEMARES.	
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GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY

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Magnetic Variation (1964), 10' 1'28' East. Height above the

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The Sponey Morning Beraid.

Moos -- New, 26d. 0h. 18m. a.m.

MONDAY, APRIL 24, 1865.

BUT for the magnitude of those events with which it is surrounded, the announcement that the United States of America have passed a resolution by consent of two-thirds to abolish slavery for ever, would excite the strongest and deepest emotion. Mixed, however, as American questions now are with a thousand extraneous passions, and distracted as are the opinions of the world in reference to is not likely that there will be any clear estimate of the fact itself, or any appreciation of its vast and momentous consequences in the future history of our race. We do not attribute to the American people virtue which we could not ascribe to our own nation, where, within the memory of man—nay, within the memory of man—nay, where, within the memory of man — nay, within the memory of many who have only passed the meridian of life—there was a strong party opposed to the abolition of slavery; and where, within seventy years, a bitter resistance was offered to the abolition of that slave-trade, which, notwithstanding its modern atrocities, was even more unscrupulou and terrific in former times.

A small section of the people of any age look at principles in their own light, and form their judgment of the wrong or right of the course pursued by Governments and parties by the force of those interests which have always tended to corrupt as well as justly to modify human opinion. A few years ago, England, Rus-sia, and even France read with hysterial emotion the description of Southern slavery as delineated by Mrs. Stown. Who will forget the recep-tion she received—although belonging to an unpopular sect and to a nation never favoured by the anistocracy of England—from the highest and noblest daughters of the land? Not content with admiring the genius which produced a volume whose power will be one of the wonders of a future age, they sought throughout England testimenials of sympathy with the cause that book espoused. A tribute the universal sentiment of the highest classesthe universal sentiment of the highest classes—
as it was then supposed—was sent, encased in splendid appointments, to the
distinguished authoress. But the fascination of a policy which threatened to
divide a dangerous power, and the
jealousy of a system of government which
surely has detracted nothing from the merit
of the British Constitution or lowered its value
in the eyes of the bulk of the people, prepared
large masses of the English nation to welcome
the system and to disguise its causes and posthe system and to disguise its causes and po sible results.

The history of the war is a history of th gradual approximation of the American mind to that state which it took many years to make effective in our own country, where the parties interested in slavery were but a very small fraction possessing their bondmen out of sight and out of mind of the British people. But in four years' war that spirit of resistance to slave-owning principles, which at first freedom of the free States and the non-extension of alavery into the unoccupied territories of the Federal Government, has adwhich no living man could have anticipated would pass in the present age. We do not lose sight of the awful price paid for this achievement-the tremendous sacrifices of life, of proment—the tremendous sacrinces of life, of pro-perty, and of social peace; nor can we imagine that any man, looking at the consequences of the war as they have developed, would have ever provoked or prosecuted it. Surely had President Davis foreseen when he commenced a career so fatal to his country that he would exact some millions of lives as the consequence of insurrection, he would have shrunk, as did the VICE PRESIDENT, from the dreadful peril. Surely had the Northern States foreseen at what cost their Union must be maintained,

at what cost their Union must be maintained, they would have rather trusted to the operation of time in weakening the insurgent power than carried war and desolation over dark and guilty but fair and precious portions of their country.

That Power which arbitrates between those who draw the sword seems inclined towards the Endersteams. All parties to this contest. who draw the sword seems inclined towards in-Federal cause. All parties to this contest, though an immense gulf divides them upon a grand question, had many things in common;— the same indomitable will—the same fertility of resource—the same attachment to their party and cause—the same tenacity of purpose—and, resource—the same attachment to their party and cause—the same tenacity of purpose—and, notwithstanding all that has been said in disparagement of one or the other by the enemies of either or both, the same valour in the field. If military glory bought at such a price were worth a thought to a people, they might find some sad satisfaction in the remembrance that thousands of brave hearts who have now ceased to best were consecrated to what they believed to be their country's cause. The vituperation heaped upon public men on either side is regugnant te all familiar with history, and who justly appreciate the origin of civil quarrels. Creeko, with indignant scorn, reprobated the men who, to do honour to Casak, defamed the character of his adversaries, and, in a splendid comparison of the leaders and their party, shewed how unjust it

is to judge of the moral character of combatants the more issue of the battle-field.

But, behind that dark cloud which has

bitherto covered America as with a thick pall, is there not an invisible hand? Is all this commotion the result of accident? this bloodshed to end in mere misery? Is all this bloodshed to end in mere misery? Impossible? We do not, indeed, count on any great results in the social condition of slaves for a great while to come. The Americans, as for a great while to come. The Americans, as a people, are prudent in their compassions, and will not release from regulated toil those who would be ruined by an immediate and total revolution in social life. The wrong done in the original act of ensiavement must be repaired honestly and faithfully, and it can only be so done by time. The repentant slave-master has eached his reasonage of his liberty, but would by time. The repentant slave-master us-robbed his passenger of his liberty, but would be be justified in atoning for this offence by casting him into the sea? There are blacks in is, and to regulate their future life will be a task not impossible, if pursued in good faith, in a country where labour is so precious and where there is so much to be enjoyed and to We have no sunny expectations of the do. We have no sunny expectations of the condition of the slave in the next twenty years. There will be a conflict between the vices of the old system and the spirit of the new era; but the blot is washed away, and time will repair and restore. And if it should turn out impossible to adjust the relations of the two races, will not the Americans themselves have an enormous gain in their present deliverance? Was this cruel injustice to be perpetrated for ever? Was the nation to be nourished in the passions and immoralities inseparable from a condition of slavery—where the master has power over the bodies and the master has power over the bodies and souls of those around him—where nothing is respected, neither fema'e chastity nor marital obligations—not even the claims of industry or the welfare of the lower class of whites, who are corrupted and degraded in order that their imbruted minds may render them allies of the system which degraded and destroyed them? It is here, in our view, that the great gain of the age will be found, including, not as the least important, the liberation of a great Governmen

from complicity with a crime it is impossible to extenuate without chasing from the world every moral law by which man's relations are governed either in reference to this world or

We referred lately to a loan placed on the London money market by the Cape Colony, accompanied by a provision for a sinking fund to secure its repayment. In the financial correspondence to which we drew attention on Saturday it is stated that the agents for the Crown colonies fixed the minimum for this loan at 90, with accrued interest for three months. This seems low, considering the price similar securities have stood at. It is higher, however, than the limit which the London management of the New South Wales Bank propos for our debentures, and which was suggested should be 80! The reason given why so high a price should not be anticipated as formerly is that "in consequence of the enormous impetus given to trade and improvement all over the globe, this country has the whole world knocking at her doors, and asking the loan of

spread demand for money, but it is partly counterbalanced by the caution necessary to discriminate between sound and unsound ap-plications, and by the rapid accumulation of wealth. It has been calculated that in prosperwealth. It has been calculated that in prosper-ous times fifty millions sterling is saved in Great Britain in a year, and that this sum is available for investment in local improvements, for increased production, or for lending abroad. A recent article in the *Economiat* has pointed out that there is an increased tendency to-wards entrusting British savings in foreign and distant securities, and therefore, partly due to temporary disturbances of the money market, and especially to the civil war in America, yet there is a permanent cause at work, the influence of which will tend, for some time at least, to prevent the rate of in-terest from falling very low. Foreign loans at one time used to be at a great discount. They were always distrusted. But the greater freedom of intercommunication which exists at present and the wider spread of knowledge have somewhat diminished this distrust. The great finance companies, too, which have been established of late years, have helped to facilitate the negotiation of foreign loans, for these companies compete with one another to secure the management of a large loan, and so make the art of borrowing easier. The temptation to invest in risks external to the United Kingdom is the higher rate of interest obtainable. Few of the great railway and other companies in England give more than four or four and a half per cent. for their debentures, while five and six per cent. are obtainable for external loans. This diffusion of British savings. too, not only brings back a good interest, but helps to bring in an increased trade. For many of the loans are required in order to construct railways, or to effect other improvements that tend to increase the commerce of the world, and of this increased commerce Great Britain is sure to come in few backs of Great Britain is the commerce. in for her share. Great Britain is the commer-cial centre of the world, and from it radiates a constant flow not only of manufactured products. but of the capital that helps to fertilise enter-prise everywhere. It is true that many European loans have recently been negotiated on the continent through the agency of the various credit institutions there, but after all, London is still the grand financial centre. It is to the British purse that borrowers mostly flock, and the lending power of the country seems practically inexhaustible. Every year sees new

nds satisfied. This competition for British capital necessarily tends to keep up the price of money and the rate of interest, and just at the present the rate of interest, and just at the present time the competition is certainly severe. The colonies have no monopoly in the English market in virtue of their allegiance; and though they are nearly all more or less bor-rowers, they stand on the same footing as any foreign country. Free trade treats foreigners or countrymen all alike.

It is obvious that, under such circumstance the chance of getting favourable terms depends upon the quality of the security offered and the upon the quality of the security offered and the guarantee given for continued solvency. This guarantee rests less upon material resources than upon reputation. There is no richer country in the world perhaps than Mexico. In addition to agricultural resources of every zone, it contains untold treasures of gold and silver. Yet no one will lend Mexico money, because past loans have been repudiated, and not even yet is there a settled and reliable Government.

It is increasingly clear, therefore, that if we wish to borrow money to the greatest advantage, we must spare no pains to establish a good financial reputation. To borrowers character is money. To get a hed reputation is

a very heavy tax. It is this view of the case that lends so much force to the proposal for establishing some plan for paying off our public debt within a definite term of years. It is obvious that where a satisfactory provision of this kind exists the security is far better than where it is absent, and that if we wish to do full justice to ourselves we shall not neglect this recommendation to our leaves.

neglect this recommendation to our loans. The inconvenience of neglecting it has already been made manifest. We have to renew a debt for £300,000 under circumstances particularly unfavourable for making the renewal on easy terms. favourable for making the renewal on easy terms. During all the years in which this terminable debt has been exhausting its currency, not the slightest provision has been made to prepare for the payment. Uver and over again have we pointed out the danger of leaving a heavy obligation like this to mature in ignorance of what might happen to be the state of the money market when a renewal became absolutely necessary. The contingency we have pointed to as possible has been realised. The renewal is forced upon us at an inconvenient time—at a time, too, when we have to contract other heavy loans to pay for the deficits of bad administration. If we had had a sinking fund our embarrasament now would not have been so great as it is.

now would not have been so great as it is.

It has been urged that the mother country does not pay off its debt, and that we need not do so either. There is no adequate comparison between the two cases. But the principle of repayment has always been recognised in theory in England, though it is but slightly enforced in practice on account of the difficulty of obtaining an adequate surplus revenue to make any impression on the debt. The country is so any impression on the debt. The country is so heavily taxed, and so many of the taxes press so hard on industry, that in the general interest of the country alleviation has been rather sought in lightening the burden of oppressive taxation than in applying a surplus to reduce the debt. It has been more to the purpose to attenuate the more to the purpose to strengthen the nation to bear the burden than to diminish the burden itself. But we do not nor would industry be crippled in any degree by raising such a revenue as would put our finances

Infinery. An inquest will be held before the City Coroner this morning.

Darth IN Darlinghurs: Gaol, on Saturday, respecting the death of Matilda Lee, who died there on Friday night. Deceased was received into the gaol on the 18th, when she was suffering from a low fever, from which she did not recover. The jury in their verdict stated that deceased died from natural causes.

Coroners's Isourst.—On Saturday the City Coroner held an inquest at the Cornstalk Ian, Clarence-street, on view of the body of a man manced James Bell, who died early on that unorming. Dr. Shaw deposed that he believed deceased died from disease of the heart, and the jury found that his death was the result of "natural causes."

Australlan Extloration.—The Queen and Prince of Wales have been pleased to accept copies of Mr. J. M'Donall Stuart's work, "Explorations in Australia."

The valuable country in Korth Australia discovered by the author will henceforth be known as "Alexandra Land."

of Wales have been pleased to accept copies of Mr. J. M'Donall Stuart's work, "Explorations in Anstralia." The valuable country in North Australia discovered by the author will henceforth be known as "Alexandra Land."

Election of Churchwardens.—The churchwardens choice for St. Luke's, Liverpool, were:—for the trustees, Mr. D. Johnson; for the incumbent, Mr. A. Macpherson, Mr. D. Johnson; for the incumbent, Mr. A. Macpherson, Mr. La Carlon and for the parishioners, Mr. S. Pearce.

ERRATIM.—In the report of Mr. Lae's speech on the motion for the second reading of the Verdicts Anaendment Bill, the word for was erronously written for the word spatiant. Mr. Lee several times expressed his intantion of voting against the second reading, and his name is recorded with the majority. He said be lineaght innocessi persons would be more likely to be convicted iff the proposed bill become law, and certainly with the new clusue preposed bill be inserted by the Attorney-General removing the right of challe ngs, this would be increased. Any person, however innocent, was liable to be accused, and if he were compelled to be bised by the Attorney-General removing the right of challenges and to accept a verdict of nine the chalances would be more in favour of innocent persons being consisted.

Champion Pain-oan Rack for \$4.00.—A race for the Petroner Championals and Champion and Champion for the Petroner Championals and Champion and Champion for the Petroner Championals and Champion for the Petroner Championals and Champion for the Petroner Championals and Championals.

the right to challenge and to accept a verdict of nine the chances would be more in favour of innocent persons being convicted.

CHAMPION PAIR-DAR RACE FOR \$100.—A race for the Prit-care Chempionship and \$2100.—\$50 aside—between Green (the champion acculter) and Galbraith on the one hend, and Donnelly and Connor on the other, arising out of a challenge by the former subsequent to the \$1 Patrick's Dey Regains, came off on the Parramatta River on last Saturday afternoon. The weather was raw and cold for the sensers, with a strong variable brease from the southward, and eccasional showers of rain. Three steamers—the Comeang, the steam yealst Pairy, and the Pelican—left the Circular Quay at about 3 o'clock, with several hundred persons, who paid half-a-crown each for the privilege of witnessing the race. Shortly after the strival of the steamers of flyde, the men pulled out from the shore, and proceeded towards the usual starting point, namely, the open river, orposite a bathing house about half-a-mile above Ryde: the course being from this point to the Brothers, a distance of more than three miles, Green and Guibraith were the favourities—at fire to four; eventually six to four, and even two to one was laid upon them just before the start by some enthusiastic admirers of the champion sculler. The men should be arrow, and for a few strokes nother had an advantage: Counce and Donnelly, amid the most intense excitments, and see dither supporters, then gradually drew shead of their supporters, then gradually drew shead of their supporters, and for a few strokes nother had an advantage to the start they steamers after the race. The time style of pulling which Connor and Deanelly have acquired by care and constant practice with each other, was displayed to much advantage on Saturday, and was the theme of ceneral remark.

Our Newcastle correspondent says:—"The old bridge

rec. The fine style of pulling which Comov and Dennelly have acquired by care and contant practice with seach other, was displayed to much advantage on Saturday, and was the thome of eveneral remark.

Our Newcastle correspondent says:—"The old bridge which crossed Hunter-street, and which has been an eyesore and obstruction for so many years, has at last been removed, The coal trade having undergone considerable change during the last few years, the A. A. Company found it expedient to erect a more suitable bridge. The present splendid structure which now crosses Hunter-street was creeted by them, and is an ornament to the town. Since the removal of the old bridge, the proportions and beautiful designs of the new one are better seen."

POST OFFICE DELINGUENCIES.—Within the last two or three weeks no less than three money letters posted at West Maitland, and addressed to persons in Sydney, have been lost. The parties to whom they were directed have been heard from, so that it is evident the practice of pillering has been successfully resumed once more in the Sydney post office, notwithstanding the precautions that were boastfully said to have been recently taken to prevent any further abstraction of money from letters. What with mail robberies by bunkrangers, and money letter thefts by post office officials, the commercial affairs of the country are in a deplorable state. Parties making small remittances should invariably have recourse to money orders.—Maitland Barign.

The Surrenders of Jarks Burke.—The S. M. Blesslef's correspondent says:—This young name gave himself up to the Rev. Fether M'Guinn. on Sunday last, and is now in the lock-up, under remand. He is a cousin of Mick Burke, who was shot by Mr. Keightley, and has been several times in gaol. He is suspected to be one of the party that lately took Mr. Burton's receborses.—With reference to the above the correspondent of the Bathward Times agold-deld last week, and being informed that Burke and party had been in that quarter, he used every effort to come i

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

MELBOURNE.

The Semaphore de Marseilles of Pebruary 25th has the following:—"Southampton, 27. The West Indian snall steamer reports that the Spanish feet was about staffing for Chiis to demand money to pay for cods, and astisfactory explanations. Failing this, the Admiral intended to seize the ports of Calda and Calders. He had previously suppared before Chilia and Calders. had previously appeared before Calino and sent in an altimatum, which the Peruviana accepted, and agreed autimatum, which the Ferruvians accepted, and agreed to pay three million dollars towards the expenses of the Spanish expedition. The Chincha Islands have been restored. The Niger has been re-commissioned for the Australian station."

Tue, adjourned this morning be Judge—Mr. Ju through ilmeas.
James Scrutte did, at Enghien too, on a seconder; and on a too bodily hard declined to prose the third. To fully wounding, with hard labot that he senten mornishment mornishm

James Seymo corrupt perjury. by Mr. Faucett.

uesday, April Edward James Keittler

Leittler, Jurday, May 2,— Jurday, 9.— Hie George Turner, Gelaing, Jurday, 16.— The Gray, Jurday, 23.—P Norria, George

BEFORE their Mr. Bossley.

Fourteen pri Court. Four w James Power in default of pay Thomas Wall drunk, was fine grund, kicked t 36., or to be in

QUEENSCLIFF.

Annivate.—Anne Melhuish, and Monarch, from

The races ended to-day. Forced Handicap—Wg.
son's Musidors, 1; Tim Whiffler, 2.
The drought still continues. Private advices are increasingly disastrous. Provisions are expected to be very high next winter. Ment is rising in price. There are few large transactions in the corn mar-ket. Sellers of wheat refuse 8s. 8d.; flour, from \$90

The accounts for the week, received from all the mining districts, have been favourable.
The Coorong (s.), arrived at 1.30 p.m. Business is generally dull.

MR. S. WOOLLER.—At his Repository, at 11 o'clock, Horses,

MR. 8. WOOLLER.—a: m.
Carte, Drays, Harness.
MESSES, BUET AND CO.—At their Bazzar, at 11 o'clack,
MESSES, BUET AND CO.—At their Bazzar, at 11 o'clack,
Horses; at the Victoria Yards, Petersham, at half-past 2
o'clock, Pat Cattle.
MESSES, FITT AND SULLIVAN.—At Mr. John Pullagar's, at
11 o'clock, Pat Cattle.
ME. W. TINDALE.—At Davidson's Yards, Camperdown, at 2
o'clock, Colts and Pilles.
ME. J. SULOMON.—At his Looms, at 11 o'clock, Househild
ME. J. SULOMON.—At his Looms, at 11 o'clock,
MESSES, L. K. Kicher Bendle.
MESSES, J. K

MESSER, L. E. FIRELERID, AND CO. —At the Stores of messers, at a closed, the state of the state

o'clock, Houseners Farance, Congress, &c. McSorks, A. MODRE AND CO.—At the Labour Banar, Pitterset, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Planoforce, Carpets, Bedstrads, Bedding, &c.

ordoot, Household Furniture, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Greecers, &c.

MESSERS A. MOORE AND CO.—At the Labour Benar, Pittstreet, at 11 o'deck, Household Furniture, Pianoforce, Carpets, Bedstrads, Bedding, &c.

Voluvirer Berlie March.—On Saturday afternoon, a match was fined between No. 3 and 5 Companies, S.B.V. R., No. 3 beating No. 5 by sixty-five points. The weather was most unflavourable for accurate shooting, a south-east gale of wind blowing all the afternoon. The following are the secres:—No. 3 Company: Captain Teals, 31: Lieuteman Farrell, 37: Ensign Phillips, 36; surgeant Oram, 32; corporal Dichson, 35; private Dichson, 42; private Relaton, 28; private Evans, 40; private Fergusson, 37; private Oraham, 36. Total, 352 points. No. 5 Company: Rasign Moriarty, 20; sergeant Linsley, 38; sergeant Johnston, 43; sergeant May, 11; corporal Marshall, 13; comporal D'Ariotta, 32; private Caia, 26; private Gee, 44; average for two absentees, 50; total, 287, Majority in favour of No. 3 Company, 63 points. No. 16; Mallority, 20; Majority in favour of No. 3 Company, 63 points.

GILBERT, HALL, AND DUNE'S RAID ON TAIR NUMBERT, HALL, AND DUNE'S RAID ON THE NUMBERT AND STANDARD OF STANDARD ON THE NUMBERT AND STAND we sere in the habit of making ourselves agreeable; but those we meet with, after they get liquor in, get Dutch courage, and talk about mobbing us. Now, if we hear anything of that kind, somebody is apt to get hurt, and I don'think it will be us; and another thing, I will not allow any sweating, blackguard language, or obscessesongs, before the females; and now, as we understand each other, let us liquor.' So the drink was called in fast and furious; before one round was drank another was called on Dunn wanted music and a dance, having found an accordion. Mr. Brazier objected on account of its being Sunday. In a short time twelve o'clock struck. "Now," said Gibett, "it's Monday morning—let's lave a lance." A gentleman nomed Mr. Charles Gardiner was compelled to earth its telents in the nunle line; and the bushrangers had such a persuasive way with them, between brandy and bullets, they scon had nearly all hands dancing. The dance and song went round, Gilbert and Dunn taking the principal parts, Hall remaining as a spectator, and the ranger image, still continuing to guard outside. Two of the parties confined had words and peeled to decide it with fast, but Gilbert instantly interfered, and threatened to tie up anyone who attempted to interrupt the harmony of the evening. In visua Callier veriles began to show itself; one gentleman was silenced in a persuptory manner. In the midst of the hilbrity they never for a moment relaxed their vigilance. Any person leaving the room for a moment was missed and brought back; and the sentinel at the door drove back with his rife any person showing his head. Mr. Thomses Stephena, acid, "You have some time longer, Mr. Stephena, acid, "You have called Brondy: and was answered in the affirmative; he said he must have it, but had before leaving, to persuade Mr. Stephena to accompany them as chaplain; but he kound his enhoratations were of

http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1475247

National Library of Australia

ill Lamb v. J.

23 Brown v.

24 Whelan v.

25 Cooper v.

25 Fawls v.

25 Fawls v.

25 Anderson

26 Soott v. S.

27 M'Benth

28 Toolt v.

27 Clack v. 7

LAW

in.—In you M.L.A., "I which sa owers the process that of the sale of the sale

MAITIAND CIRCUIT COURT

on the Mailland papers of Satisades, I THURSDAY, APRIL 20. and Criminal business of this Court was resumed before the Hoa, J. H. Plunkett, Q.C., acting Justice Milford being still unable to preside

plages—Mr. Justice Militoral being still unable to preside the oach illures.

Justice Militors are dependent on a first count for that he and at Englaien, near Branston, nurder Sarah Ann Scrutton, and as continuous and association of the second count, for wounding with intent to discrete addy harm. Sir William Manning stated that he defined to presente on the first two counts, but would on the third. The prisoner was found guilty of unlawfully counting, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment, with hard labour, in Parramatta good, his Hotor stating that he sentenced him to Parramatta good to make the pushment more severe, as the labour of prisoners there was bardet than that they were put to in Mailland good.

Rebert Hudson was indicted for that, at the Mailland cornel court, on the 7th instant, he committed will and cornel perjury. Mr. Faucett appeared for the defence, and applied for a postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next incut. After hearing counsel on both sides, the postponement of the trial until next in

INSOLVENCY COURT.

, single. les R. Drew, single; Lawrence Murray,

Lavry, eccond. Item's rison, "single, shigher of the bridge one: Arthur U. Alley, second. At Brender S. Nathan, single, mass W. Chowne, second. Thomas Carter, Johus John Dodoen, John Juan Sing (deceased), Buckey, single. At Brendwood: David Wilson,

F. Barkhavat . Thomas Carter, second. Arthur U. Alzer, Elizabeth Capper, Frederick romas W. Chowne, third William Buldwin, adjourned special, for exami-

23 - Philip Snape, John Thomas Tindale, William George Moss.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT. SAIT REAV. their Worships the Police Magistrate and

n prisoners were brought in castedy before the our were discharged.

Fower and Rose Williams were each fined 10s., or of payment to be imprisoned forty-eight hours.

Walker, apprehended for riotous conduct while is fined 10s.; and, for having, as he lay on the ided the constable, was further sentenced to pay be imprisoned fourteen days. named Malony, charged with having assaulted a pleaded guilty, and paid a penalty of 40s, strick, apprehended for being drunk and making dillanguage, was sentenced to be imprisoned one an idle and disorderly person, having no lawful ubsistence.

bad tanguage, was sentenced to be imprisoned one as an idle and disorderly person, having no lawful of adissistence.

Of Brien was summarily convicted of having stolen valued at 5s., the property of Bridget Seaton, and tened to be imprisoned one month.

Randall was brought before the Bench by constances complained to him that she had been assaulted indall, and seeing that she was bleeding the neck, he took defendant into custody.

Rayes deposed that yesterday afternoon Charles of the control of t

ered to pay a penalty of 40s., or to be imprisoned the man varies, said to be a seaman, was sentenced to be not two months for having assaulted an aged named. Ann Jones, It appeared that defendant it Mrs. Jones's, and because she refused to procure to liquor, he knocked her down and kicked her. Her Felows, charged with having assaulted Mary, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to pay a of 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days. Poon-hox.—Received all. Assisted two persons. Rostra.—Monday, April 24, Messrs. Murphy, Bossley, and Ross; Tuesday 25, Messrs. Pinhey, and Alexander; Wednesday 26, Messrs. Caldwell, Chapman, and Raper; Thursday 27, Mossrs. Smithers, Levey, and Thorne; Friday 28, Messrs. Scotch, Williams, Austen, and Jolly; Saturday for Wingate.

he Water Police Magistrate.

Doslan and Jane Wilkinson, who had been p for protection, supposed to be of unsound mind, to Tarban Creek Asylum. Henry Lamb, 30, described as a clerk, was brought tective Lyons charged with having forged and heque for £28 in the name of Thomas Marden of 42. Hunter street, who stated himself to be an y. The case was remanded for further evidence.

.— Monday, April 24th, Mr. G. R. Elliott, Mr. J. B. Smithers; Tuesday, 25th, Mr. J. 7. J. Murphy, and Mr. R. S. Rose; Wednesday, B. Burdekin, Mr. T. Dengar, Mr. R. Hill; Thurs, Hon. G. Allen, Mr. G. R. Dibbs, Major Winday, 28th, Mr. J. I. Kettle, Mr. A. Learmonth, attray; Saturday, 29th, Mr. T. C. Breillat.

LAW PROCEEDINGS THIS DAY.

DISTRICT COURT. TRICT COURT.

6.04 Left, Pickering
1696 Goulston v. Menser
1681 Eichler v. Cowan
1698 Eichler v. Straw
1696 Hopson v. Collins
1690 Dryhurst v. Gane
1691 Sempill (assignce)
v. v.

To the Editor of the Hereid.

In your issue of the 11th, I aw a letter signed A., beaded "Felons' Apprehension Bill," the writer the says he assisted in passing the clause which embedded in the patice, when in pursuit of certain felons, to press All I can say is, "M.L.A." assisted in passing a rest call feling to exist between the police, volunteers after a witers, and despote Act, which will cause a great call feling to exist between the police, volunteers after a wind the satisfact accuracy. As to full compensation, that is a satter of opinion. I sight value my horse at sixty say, "whoever he may be whose letter appears in sate of unday, whether a sympathiser with Gilbert, c., he is only another instance how little patriosism is samenget, and will be suited to the samenget with the writer of the letter dated Woolshed says, the way you and I have been eighted with a short year of the writer of the letter dated Woolshed says, the way you and I have been eighted with a short year of the writer of the letter dated Woolshed says, the way you and I have been eighted with a short when we will be suite to the work of the writer of the letter dated Woolshed says, the way out and I have been eighted with a short when we will be suited by these of the work of a five-pound note. People heresbouts are well sick of citizen "M.L.A." is quicklative acts.

Anorteen day out of what we foully hoped would prove a short session—has been devoted to the truitless discussion of a hopeless project. A proposal to revolutionise the great English A proposal to revolutionise the great English institution of Trial by Jury has been made, discussed, and negatived. A day has been lost to the service of the country, and the word is "As you were." These things, we suppose, must continue to hippen until that Parliamentary millennium, when patriotic amateurs shall approach great legislative questions with some modesty or some discretion. In this instance, however, we confess to some special disappointment, as we had expected that such a proposal, at such a time and from such a disappointment, as we had expected that such a proposal, at such a time and from such a quarter, would have been negatived without a discussion. The Attorney-General, however, thinking perhaps that the colony in its present state is not morally fit for trial by jury in the English sense, came forward to rescue the bill from silence and obscurity. Of the debate that ensued there is little good to be said, save that it terminated satisfactorily. The speakers generally took very harrow ground, and the arguments adduced were mostly the stale common-places of the subject. Mr. Martin's devotion to the number twelve was indeed a novelty, but we cannot say a valuable one. We are most of us aware that the number twelve like three, seven, and forty holds a conspicuous

We are most of us aware that the number twelve like three, seven, and forty holds a conspicuous place, suggestive of some peculiar significance, both in sacred history and in the prophetic writings. But we cannot bring ourselves that there lies any saving mystery in securing ex-actly twelve consentients (whether with or without dissentients) ere a prisoner can safely be pronounced guilty. The proposal to take the verdict of eight men out of twelve is, in-deed, a needlessly violent one. Three-fourths would be less startling; five-sixths a decided improvement: and to require the agreement of would be less startling; five-sixths a decided improvement; and to require the agreement of eleven out of twelve would reduce the mischief of the change to the lowest point. Still, the broad question is one only—shall we require a unanimous verdict in criminal cases, or no? And a change in this respect is, in truth, a fundamental one; a change in the principle of trial by jury, not, indeed, as it existed in remote times, but as New South Wales received it from England, and as England is likely long to rebut as New South Wales received it from England, and as England is likely long to retain it. For be it observed, the essential requisite for a conviction, always insisted on by judges and impressed on jurymen, is the absence of reasonable doubt as to the prisoner's guilt. The jury sit as fair representatives of the benesty, intelligence, and impartiality of the people; both the crown and the prisoner have had ample means of eliminating corruption or prejudice from the panel, and it is assumed that a verdict which approves itself to each man of the jury without a reasonable doubt ought also to leave no reasonable doubt on the public mind. Once overbear by numbers the doubts of one or more dissentient jurymen, and the presumed basis for public satison the public mind. Once overbear by numbers the doubts of one or more dissentient jurymen, and the presumed basis for public satisfaction ceases to exist. We should at once inquire who it was that dissented, and why: and unless we ourselves had been present at the trial (for printed reports but faintly express the value of evidence; we should feel very painful doubts till our inquiry was answered. But, in fact, the names of the dissentients could not be kept secret. They would hasten, if honest men, to acquir themselves of any share in a verdict which they had resisted, whether that verdict were of "guilty" or "not guilty." And then would follow, by an inevitable consequence—not the less mischievous from its being due to a healthy feeling—the weighing of man against man, not always to the advantage of the statutory majority. As for a verdict of eight against four, as proposed by the bill just demolished, it would command a prima facie assent (as even a like majority in our Assembly might do), but nothing further. No rational man really believes that a mere numerical majority is conclusive as to the merits of questions which demand the free exercise of a cultivated inted is conclusive as to the merits of questions which demand the free exercise of a cultivated intel-lect. There would be an analysis of votes on the lect. There would be an analysis of votes on the part of the public, and it would, we believe, very often be found that the three or four dissidents were the only men whose opinions were worth a straw. And we think the advocates of change do not well consider what goes on in a jury-room—how two or three men of known ability and character, who are right, starting in the minority, often convince or convert those who started with no clear impressions, or with decidedly wrong ones. Under a system where the most careless or stupid juryman may silence

decidedly wrong ones. Under a system where the most careless or stupid juryman may silence his neighbour, who has mastered the whole case, with "My vote's as good as your'n," this ad-vantage will be in great measure lost. It may be said, indeed, that you may still lock up your jury for twelve hours or more, but this argument comes ill from those who can see in locking up only an absurd appeal to physical strength. One only an absurd appeal to physical strength. One of the few hits in the late debate, by the way, was made by Mr. Arnold in reference to

was logically neat if not weighty. There was a good deal of matter in Mr. Wilson's speech. We were especially pleased with his remark on the wisdom of the Scotch law in admitting a verdict of "Not Proven," that thought it "desirable for the sake of the jurymen." It is not a pleasant or an improving process to find oneself bound in conscience to whitewash one whom one firmly believes to be a scoundrel. Had the bill merely contemplated an alteration in this respect we should have felt some hesitation in opposing it.

me side and one on the other."

Of course, the old fallacy of arguing from the occasional practice in civil cases was produced, though not prominently, during the debate. The alleged analogy is utterly worthless. Briefly, in settling questions of civil right and certainty, such as consists in the absence of all reasonable doubt; in criminal cases, it is this measure of certainty and nothing else, that will instify a conviction justify a conviction,

In looking back on the whole course of the debate, one thing especially surprises us. The subject was dealt with as if it had been a new one; as if it had not already undergone earnest and exhaustive discussion. Yet it is the fact that not very long ago—about six years since, if our memory serves us—the question of dispensing with manimity in criminal cases was seriously mooted in England, and we belive, was seriously mooted in England, and we belive, under the auspices of the Law Amendment Society. It was at all events most ably and fully discussed in the Jurist and other legal periodicals, as well as by the ablest writers for the general London Press. And the result was such an entire preponderance of the arguments against the change now proposed here, that the question was effectually set at rest among thinking men. Never since Sydney Smith annihilated Grote's rate and the proposed here are the succession was effectually set at rest among thinking men. Never since Sydney Smith annihilated Grote's rate and the proposed here are the succession was effectually set at rest among thinking men. thinking men. Never since synney smuth annihilated Grote's rat-trap by his Essay on the Ballot have we seen a plausible scheme so effectually disposed of by argument. And be it observed, the writers who triumphed on the Jury question had not, like

Sydney Smith the advantage (not always favourable to the cause of truth) of reinforcing their logic by all the resources of a keen wit and inexhaustible droilery. They reasoned the opponents, and often condensed into a single article far more than all that was urged by the majority on Friday night. It is strange, we repeat, that no reference should have been made in our Assembly to this discussion. Perhaps it was that no one anticinated a debate. Perhaps it was that no one anticipated a debate, or thought himself called on to read up the subject. At all events, no great harm has been done. The change hastily proposed has been speedily negatived, and we hope to see ere long a less violent but more judicious alteration in our jury system.

A MEETING of the Council will be held at the Town Hall, Wynyard square, this afternoon, Monday, at 3 o'coleck, for considering the following notions of motion:

By Alderman Oatley: That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, be adopted.

By Alderman Caraber: That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that kerbing and guttering be laid in Jenkinsstreet, at a cost hot exceeding £55, be adopted.

By Alderman Renny: That the report of the Water Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending, on petition, that a 6-inch water main be laid in Fillip-street, between King and Hunter streets, at a cost not exceeding £25, be adopted.

By Alderman Ingland: That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending, on petition, that there guilles and a pipe death be laid in the vicinity of Albert-effered, Circular Quay, at a cost not exceeding £55, be adopted.

Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending, on pet tion, that three guilles and a pine drain be laid in the vicinity of Alberts-fired, Circular Guiy, at a cost not exceeding £68, be alberts-fired, Circular Guiy, at a cost not exceeding £68, be alberts-fired in the vicinity of the third of the committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that wynyard-lane North be metalled, at a cost not exceeding £79, be adopted. That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that the kerbing and guitering on the west side of Character-street, between Erskine and king streets, be repaired or renewed at a cost not exceeding £69, be adopted.

By Alder man Mackintosh: That the report of the Lighting three committees are considered, a public lamp in Park-street, between Pitt and Castlercagh streets, be adopted.

By Alder man Steel: That the report of the Lingarous streets, be adopted.

By Alder man Steel: That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that Gippastreet, between Crown and Blies streets, be metalled at a cost not exceeding £68, be adopted. That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that relating and gattering be laid on the north side of Gippastreet, at a cost not exceeding £45, be adopted.

By Alderman Butler: That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that erhing and gattering be laid on the north side of Gippastreet, at a cost not exceeding £50, be adopted.

By Alderman Butler: That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that erhing and guitering be laid on the north side of Gippastreet, at a cost not exceeding £30, be adopted. That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending that erhing and guitering be laid on the north side of Gippastreet, at a cost not exceeding £35, be adopted. That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on

Elizabeth and Castlereagh streets, at a cost not exceeding £50, he adopted.

By Alderman Brownfield: That the report of the Water Committee, received on the 10th instant, recommending, on petition, that a six-inch water main be laid in a portion of the Glebe Road, at a cost not exceeding £278, be adopted.

By Alderman Sutherland: That this Council do now resolve itself into committee, for the purpose of determining on tenders for the construction of the bigh service generoof; and a sewer between Riley and William streets.

By Alderman Raphael: That a sewerage rate of 2 per cent, be made and level for the year ending âlst December, 1865, upon all properties in the city of Sydney which are now, or which can be, connected with the existing public sewers.

CRICKET.

KANTAN NATIONAL OR Saturday a match, between

CRICKET.

KENT V. NATIONAL.—On Saturday, a match between these clubs was commenced in the Domain. The Nationals, who were the first to go to the wickets, kept possession of them the whole afternoon, and when they were drawn had scored 200, with only three out. The runs were made by Messra. H. Newcombe (run out), 88; Hewitt, b. Kellick, 26; T. Lewis, b. Kellick, 20; A. Park (not out), 16; C. Resdett (not out), 9; byes, &c., 21. This large score, unparalleled this season, was, we may say without disparagement of the betting, owing to a great extent to fielding that was quite unworthy of the Kent Club, which numbers some really promising young cricketers. The bowling was by J. Kellick, Waddy, Howley, Ostley, and Brown.

Ashfilld V. Albert (ercond the Kent Club, which numbers some really promising young cricketers. The bowling was by J. Kellick, Waddy, Howley, Ostley, and Brown.

Ashfilld V. Albert (ercond the Kent Club, which numbers some really promising young cricketers. The bowling was by J. Kellick, Waddy, Howley, Ostley, and Brown.

Ashfilld V. Albert (ercond the Kent Club, which numbers some triall scoring. Owing to the protracted innings of the Albert second eleven, the contest was not finished. Vivian, b. Holden, scored 68; Anderson, b. Ireland, 16; Goddard, c. Hilly, b. Ireland, 16; Goddard, c. Hilly, b. Ireland, 10; Gordon, b. Ashdown, or Addis, st. Ireland, 3; Adams, not out, 2; sundries, 33; Total, 226. In the tunings of Ashfield, J. Hynard, b. Tait, scored 4; G. Hynard, st. Goddard, 4; A. Ashdown, not out, 13; E. Ashdown, not out, 1; E. Ashdown, not out, 13; E. Ashdown, not out, 1; Two wickets for 22, Liverpool Club.—This club, according to previous arrangements, went to Parramatts to play a return match with eleven residents of that town and neighbourhood on Easter Monday. They arrived at Parramatta by the list frain from Liverpool, and after a good game and a good dimner, for which they thank their generous opponents, they roturned to their homes by a train that ought to arrive at 6 p.m., but which

J	Riley, b. Mills	100		2	1.b.w.		
ı	Brown, b. Mills			1	e. Blackman		
1	Booth, b. Milis			3	c. Rowley	90	- 93
J	F. Kenyon, c. King			0	b. Rowley	2777	2.717
١	J. Kenyon, e. Bereef			3	c. Rowley		
1	Harnett, b. Rowley			0	c. Hatfield	411	
ı	S. Baley, b. Rowley			D	c. Rowley		741.6
1							-77
١	C. Kenyan, h. Rowh	· ·		*	not out	144	1111
ı	Rattray, not out	3-0-0			b. Rowley	***	7.614
1	Byrs, &c.	977	***	•	Byes, &c	4	
ı				-			
ı				24			
1			ERPO	OL.	CLUB,		
d	Tour Issu		Smooth Instruct.				
ı	Dungate, c. Brown	2010	10000	1	run out		200
1	Hatton, b. Brown			9	c. F. Kenyor	1	
ı	Rowley, b. Brown	600	1000	0	b. Riley		-
d	Hatfield, run out		100	2	c. Rattray		
1	C. King, b. Brown			0			250
١	Beresford, run out			6	c. F. Kenvot		
1				1	not out	•	

MULTIPAN, Not out

Byes, &c. 25

Byes, &c. 95

Total 43

Total 43

The Liverpool Club winning by 34 runs.

ORWELLY, MILITARY AND CIVIL.—The first elevens of these clubs met on Saturday, on the Garrison Ground, Victoria Barracks. The Orwells, who took the first innings, remained at the wickets the whole afternoon, scoring 150. Of these G. H. Gordon (b. Browa) contributed 52; Scarr, not out, 17. The byes, leg byes, and wides amounted to 44. The Military and Civil not having an innings, the match terminated in a draw.—Second elevens of the same clubs played on the same day or the Woollahra Ground.

Hopkins, b. Knox 7

Davison, b. Hopkins 1

Hopkins, b. Knox 7

Piper, b. Knox 7

Piper, b. Knox 8

Fiper 10

Juntary Xan, Civil.

Military Xan, Civil.

Military Xan, Civil.

Military Xan, Civil.

Military San, C

The Military and Civil followed their innings, and made 31 for the kes of five wickets. Being a one day's match, determinable by the first innings, the Orwells were the winners by 50 runs.

On the 16th and 17th instant the Military and Civil Clubplayed two matches at Singleton. In that against the Singleton Club they won by 28 runs, and in the match against eleven of the district they won by eight wickets.

SUBURBAN MUNICIPALITIES.

SUBURBAN MUNICIPALITIES.

Delivered—A meeting of the council took place at half-past 7 pm. on the 19th instant. Present: Counciliors F. Williams, Mayee, J. Williams, Jones. Councilior F. Williams in the chair. The following dones: A councilior of the Williams in the chair. The following the same was transacted. The minutes of the previous meeting vertices was transacted. The minutes of the councilior of the previous meeting were some loss of the previous meeting vertices who have a considered street was brought up, and on the motion of councilior dependent of the councilior dones, adopted by the council. The clear was councilion forces, adopted by the council. The clear was the portion of the Reddern Municipal Council to invite them to co-operate with this council in enlarging the two municipalities. Pursuant to notice, councilior F. Williams then moved, "That the assessment for the current year, as amended at the Council of Potty Sessions for the hearing of appeals, on the 8th instant, he adopted by the council, and that such pality so assessed for red on all the properties of the municipalities of the municipalities of the monicipalities of the municipalities of the monicipalities of the municipalities of the m

IMMIGRATION TO NEW ZEALAND: THE GOVERNMENT REPUDIATES ITS ENGAGEMENTS.

IMMIGRATION TO NEW ZEALAND: THE GOVERNMENT REPUDIATES ITS ENGAGEMENTS.

(From the Daily Southern Cross, April 3.)

It is actually true, although most persons will find some difficulty is believing it, that the Government of this colony is preparing to repudiate its solenn engagement with the people whom it has induced to come here, and to leave them unprovided for. We say, a "solenn engagement," for solenn emusyment our agreement may be considered whose faithful carrying out ensures the comfort and wellbeing of thousands, and whose repudiation may be the ruin of the prospects—ves, and of the morals of the same number. What we mean may be very briefly and very plainly stated: indeed this seems to be one of those subjects so serious as to be best expressed by the simplest statements. The Government has introduced a large number of settlers, alroady, we may say, amounting to quite three thousand souls. Two thousand more are upon their way from the mother country, and may be shortly expected here. These men have left their homes to come across half a world upon a very simple and distinct understanding. They were told that the Government had conquered a large territory of the finest land in New Zealand, and that it wanted people to settle upon this land. They were told that the Government had only the residence upon the land, or within the district in which they were placed. Finally, they were distinctly, and in so many words, informed that there would be no lack of work, for although the Government would provide, by every means in its power, for a supply of capital to go hand-in-hand with that of labour, by the sale, in good situations, of land adjoining the imported labourers sections—even giving credit on "condition of improvement—yet, in case of any accident which might prevent a full demand for the labour, the Government when the subject were substituted to the household of the people induced to leave home upon the fait of people induced to leave home upon the fait of the people induced to leave home upon the f

of this protein of expressions of the colony—the made of that grattenamly party which was coused to so great a beight of virtuous indignation at the more hint of regulation in the matter of the unautherised Panana contract of all Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders to discontinue all the Government works on which the contract of the Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders to discontinue all the Government works on which the contract of the Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders to discontinue at the County of the Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders to discontinue and the Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders to discontinue and the Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders to discontinue and the Crobelle Ward-calmy send orders and the Crobelle Ward-calmy s

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.



The half-yearly general meeting of the share-holders of the Waratah Coal Company will be held on Monday (this day) at noon.

By the Wonga Wonga we have our file of papers per Madras from England to the 27th of February. The principal items of commercial news have, as usual, been anticipated by our telegrams, and we now give full particulars. The Times of the 27th February says:—

Money has again been more cast leads, but the steep motor. lars. The Times of the 27th February says:—

Money has again been more easy to-day, but the stock-merkets
generally show unmitigated heavines. Consols have ranged
from 80% to %, closing at yesterday's price, 89% to %. For the
account the transactions were at 80% to %. Bank stock left off
at 246 to 248; Reduced and New Three per Cents, 183% to 164; Ruds
stock, 135 to 248; India Five per Cents, 183% to 164; Ruds
per Paper, 101 to 103 and 100 to 111; India Bonds, 10s. to 15s.
pm.; and Exchequer-bills, 3s. to 6s, pm.; and Exchequer-bills, 3s. to 6s, pm.
turber fall of \$\psi\$; almost the only movements have been a
turbher fall of \$\psi\$; almost the only movements have been
turbance in various parts of the country and a tendency to disturbance in various parts of the country and a tendency to disturbance in various parts of the country and a tendency to disturbance in actions parts of the country and a tendency to disturbance in 56 to 58. Spanish Passive is fractionally lower at
22% to \(\frac{1}{2}\). Italian Scrip is without recovery at 2 to 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) discount,
and Expyring at \(\frac{1}{2}\) to \(\frac{1}{2}\) premium. The Danubian Loan, on
which the first half-yearly dividend is advertised, is at \(\frac{1}{2}\) discount to par.

The last price from Parts this evening was 67f. 15c., showing a
further advance of nearly a half per cent.

Australian securities are not so firm. New

Australian securities are not so firm. New South Wales Government debentures for long dates are not so firm, and have declined about 2 per cent., the quotations being as follows:— Terminables, due in 1866, 98 to 100; due in 1871 to 1876, 92 to 94; due in 1888 to 1892, 90 to 92 (business done at 914 and 91). Bank shares are also lower, with the exception of the shares of the Bank of Australasia and Union Bank. The following are the latest quotations:

Bank of New South Wales, 42 to 44; Bank of Australasia, 73 to 75; Bank of New Zealand, 61 to 71 premium; English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank, 19 to 20; London Chartered Bank of Australia, 23 to 24; Oriental Bank, 57 to 59; Union Bank, 53 to 55.

Bank, 57 to 59; Union Bank, 53 to 55.

The following is from the Home News of the 27th February:—
The directors of the Bank of England having this week refrained from further reducing the rate of discount, which now stands at 3 per cent, there has been no general movement in the stock markets, and such variations as adolared were due, for the most park, to special causes. In the railway market the chief feature was the continued severe fall in Great Western stock, consequant pron the transitionary dividend. Foreign stock, were dully the chief feature being a fail in Spanish Passive,

There was, however, a sensible falling off in the imports in the month of November, the value being £15,164,257 against £7,016,070 in November, 1865, and £15,085,614 in November, 1886. It is a great pily that these returns are not brought down to such a date as would reader them of practical utility to mercentile men in this country.

With regard to the wool market, it appears

there was an advance in prices on November rates of medium of Sydney wools of 1d. to 14d. per lb. But according to our telegram, dated London, March 20th, this advance was not maintained during the wool sales, which com-menced on the 2nd of March. The Home News

markets there is loss buoyancy than was exhibited a few weeks since.

The arrivals to date are -0954 bales, Sydney; 29,391 bales, Poet Phillip; 403 bales, Van Diemen's Land; 142 bales, New Zesland; 1010 bales, Adelaide; 55 bales, Swan River; 18,573 bales, Cape: total, 64,517 bales.

The same journal gives the subjoined report

ramip; 403 bules, van Diemen's Land; 142 bules, New Zealand; 1010 bules. Adelaide; 55 bules, Swan River; 18,973 bales, Cape; 1011, 64,317 bules.

The same journal gives the subjoined report of the produce markets:—

Hides.—A hair densand has been experienced throughout the month and a good quantity out of the arrels offered sold at month and a good quantity of the perfectles. Viz. 12704, ex. Maid of Jutah, sold, best heavy, 35,64 to 46.; accords, 35,64 to 34.0 in this hair, and the sealer of the perfectles. Viz. 12704, ex. Maid of Jutah, sold, best heavy, 35,64 to 46.1; accords, 35,64 to 37.0; accords, 35,64 to 37.0; accords, 35,64 to 37.0; accords, 35,64. silas, 45,64. In bone of horns there has been no public sales.

Leather.—In Australian a good quantity has been offered at public sale, of which about half has been disposed of at previous prices. 30 bules, ex Sur of Peace, part sold, best sides, 9d. 46. do 17, 44. per lb.

Bark.—Rather more demand has been experienced for Mimosa, and a fair business is reported at rather better prices. 12 tons around Mimosa, ex Essex, sold, 212 to 212.75 and.

Tallow.—The market has continued dull, and prices have gradually given way, the last sales showing a decline of fully 6d. October to December 16 and and a fair business is reported at rather better prices. 12 tons produced by the market has continued dull, and prices have gradually given way, the last sales showing a decline of fully 6d. per cvt. F. Y. C. old is now 40s., now to March 40s. 6d., up to 40 cold-to December 16 and antiqual has been experienced for Mimosa, and a fair business has been superined for fully 6d. oper cvt. F. Y. C. old is now 40s., now to March 40s. 6d., up to 40 cold-to December 16 and antiqual has been experienced for fully 6d. per cvt. F. Y. C. old is now 40s., now to March 40s. 6d., up to 40 cold-to December 16 and antiqual has been experienced for fully 6d. October to December 16 and antiqual has been experienced for fully 6d. one of the full of the full of the fully full of the full of the

ollowing remarks respecting the tea market at

following remarks respecting the tea market at Canton and Foochow:—

The season for black itse is nearly over; there is a little at Canton, but the cost is so great, owing to Mandarin exactions, that the holders cannot meet the market. The little left at the canton of the season. The holders of green teas at Shanghai have gives of the season. The holders of green teas at Shanghai have gives of the head till.

The course of the market for black teas depends in a great measure on the doings of the Taplings in the Fuken province.

Canton.—Although no settlements of the 25 chops country congous which form the stock can be reported, still upon the whole the market has shown greater signs of activity during the past fortnight.

gous which form the stock can be reported, still upon the whole the market has shown greater signs of activity during the past fortnight.

Canton Made Teas.—Both scented orange pekces and capers have received a good deal of attention during the fortnight. The Second of the second o

on Colongs. The second of the control of the colongs and nearly as much and may be pronounced as the colongs and may be pronounced as the colongs are the colongs and may be pronounced as the colongs are the colongs and the colongs are the colongs and colongs are the colongs are the

The Ann Sullivan—Fat Cattle: This market is very much depressed, in consequence of so many to hand, and mostly of middling quality. The pols sound was a seen at desideratum, to clear away the surplus stock. We cannot exceed desideratum, to clear away the surplus stock. We cannot exceed desideratum, to clear away the surplus stock. We cannot make the stock believes the surplus stock of the stock of the stock of the surplus stock. We cannot make the surplus stock of th

GREAT SOUTHERN, WESTERN, AND RICH MOND HAILWAYS. TIME LABLE FROM AND APTER 18T APRIL, 1865. Down Trains. 一型品級 新美名中斯里达达到十四年的中华公司 (.fancitibba) nierT vaturia8 . 88=88 °. ******* hoowand havyod any not live alery this equivaled no-2222 222° 861654188 | FESTERS - 4000 Orest Richmond Western coutbern Line Line UP TRAINS. 22222 ----Ç | 12228 10002 10028 52328828

N.B.—Passengers by Nos. 2 and 7 Down Trains from

N.B.—Passengers by Nos. 2 and 7 Dosca Trains from intermediate stations going beyond Parramatta Junction will be forwarded by Nos. 3 and 8 from Buwood.

Nos. 3 and 8 Up Trains will stop at Burwood to set down passengers only, and passengers for intermediate stations will change into Nos. 4 and 10.

Trains will stop at Haslem Creek by signal only, and trains marked *will stop at Homebush also by signal.

No. 1 Up and Nos. 1 and 11 Dosca Trains are Goods Trains with passenger carriage attached.

Norm.—Special No. 11 Dosca Train will stop at intermediate Stations to set down passengers only. Season tickets will not be available for this train.

Dosca Trains will stop at Douglass Park, if required, 10 minutes after leaving Menangle; and Up Trains, 20 minutes after leaving Menangle; and Up Trains, 20 minutes after leaving Picton.

† On Saturdays, No. 5 Doca Train will not proceed beyond Burwood. No. 6 Up Train will not train.

+ On Saturdays, No. 5 Doing Train will not proceed beyond Burwood. No. 6 Up Train will not run.

The Nabon's Loxon Hotel.—Pomeroy's in Great Grand-street, was an hotel much patronised by persons from the East Indies—officers home on sick leave, dark-skinned princes, who were earnings and iewelled caps, and who, standing at the windows in a blaze of diamonds and brocade, seemed to be perpetually waiting for cabs to take them to a masquerade; by mahirajahs, begums, governors, generals, judges of the supreme courts, and millionaire merchants returned to their native land, with the fend design of enjoying the fruits of their long labours, without livers to help the process of digestion. Pomeroy's "laid itself out for this particular case of patronage. Its spartments were furnished with great magnificence, displaying much gilding, embroidery, and yellow silk; it had suites of private rooms adapted for every variety of social habit, and for the practice of every form of Eastern religious observance; it provided separate rooms for various castes, nicely discriminating as to the requirements for different manners of eating, smoking, praying, and taking the bath; it had kitchens to all sorts of cookery, Christian and Mahomedan, Brahmin and Hindoo, clean and unclean. Pomeroy's was a very expensive establishment to stop at; and this was one of its chief recommendations to the Indian magnificos who pationised it. By taking up their residence at Pomeroy's, they proclaimed to all their friends and to the public at large, through the medium of the Morning Post, that they were very rich, and consequently very important personages. The frequenters of Pomeroy's would not have been content to accept the same accommodation elsewhere for less money. What they chiefly took a pride in was the fact that they paid an exorbitant price for everything they had. If any visitor, after a week's residence at Fomeroy's, had received a bill for such a modest sum as ten or a dozen pounds, he would have resented it as an insult to his dignity. He

Department of Public Works.

Sydney, 22nd April, 1866.

TENDERS for FUBLIC WORKS and SUPPLIES.

Tenders are invited for the following Public Works and Supplies. For full particulars see GOVERNIEST GARATTE, a file of which is kept at every Police Office in the colory.

he cokeny.

No tender will be taken into consideration unless the erms of the notice be strictly complied with.

The Government does not bind riself to accept the lowest r any tender.

received at this Nature of Works and Supplies. Great Southern Road, 3rd district, 1st 12 o'clock noon, division, Contract 1-65. Maintenance on Tuesday, 25th April. Furniture for Court-house and Watch-house, Picton Pittings for Court-house, Picton Collection and delivery of goods at West Maitland. 12 o'clock noon reat Western Railway : aying and Ballasting Permanent Way —River Nepean to Blackheath. W. M.

W. M. ARNOLD.

PARISH ROADS.—From Relso to O'Connel's Plains, with a branch to the Fish River via Dirty Swamp, passing through the lands supposed to be the property of W. Lee, Mrs. West, W. Kite, J. West, D. Campbell, J. P. M'Kenzie, E. Locke, R. Barton, J. Lister, R. Ringhorne, W. Cummings, T. Tinnerty, R. Neville, J. Roldsworth, J. Ireland — Quinn, and R. Finch. Plans, &c., to be seen at the office of Surveyor-General, in Sydney; and at the Police Office, Bathurst. Objections to be lodged within one month from the 20th instant. /See notice in GOVERNMENT GASETTE of 21st April, 1865.)

From Hexham village to the Great Northern Railway, confirmed by notice in GOVERNMENT GARRIER of 21st instant. Claims to compensation to be lodged within forty days from 20th instant. Plans, &c., to be seen at the Office of Surveyor-General in Sydney, and Police Office, East Maitland.

From the Stockton and Saltash Road, through (J. Hogan's) now T. Hogan's, 31 acres to the road leading to the Raymond Terrace and Tellegerry Creek Road. Claims to compensation to be lodged within forty days from the 20th instant. Plans, &c., to be seen at the Office of Surveyor-General in Sydney, and Police Office, Raymond Terrace.

From Forbes via Fenn's crossing-place to Young, with a loop line of road from Forbes via the telegraph line to Mylecharane's Mortary Inn, confirmed by notice in GoVERNMENT GAZETTE of 21st instant. Claims to compensation to be lodged within forty days from the 20th instant. Plans &c., to be seen at Office of Surveyor-General, in Sydney; and Police Office, Forbes.

From a measured portion of 40 acres, at Galzabbah Creek, Lake Macquarie, to a wharf at Reid's Mistake Heads. Confirmed by notice is the Government Galette et al. Confirmed by notice in the Government of the lodged within forty days from the 20th instant. Plans, &c., to be seen at the Office of the Surveyor-General in Sydney, and Police Office, Gosford.

From the Peat's Ferry and Gosford Road to the Maitland and Gosford Road. Confirmed by notice in the Government Garrette of 21st instant. Claims to compensation to be lodged within forty days from the 20th instant. Plana, &c., to be seen at the Office of the Surveyor-General in Sydney, and Police Office, Gosford.

From the South-western corner of W. F. Weston's 500 acres (now A. Thompson's), and Mrs. Brooke's land, to the main road from Kiama to Wollongong. Confirmed by notice in Government Gazerre of 21st instant. Claims to compensation to be lodged within forty days from 20th instant. Plans, &c., to be seen at the Office of the Surveyor-General in Sydney, and Police Office. Wollongong.

THE EUROPRAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY FOR FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE ASSURANCE AND FIDELITY GUARANTEE. Fire Insurance at current rates.

Life Assurance and Guarantee Policies issued separately, or at reduced rates if combined.

The premium charged in each department are the lowest that can be adopted with safety to the assured and the society.

THE ALLIANCE INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

ALLIANCE INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

Building Society.

Retablished April 1st, 1985,

Pursuant to Act of Council 7 Vis. No. 10; 11 Vis. No. 10 and 11 Vis. No. 63.

and 11 Vic. No. 53.

TRUSTEES.

Mesers. G. W. Allen, W. Sper, G. Thorne.
DIRECTORS.

Mesers. O. S. Evans, E. Raynes, R. H. Way.
BANKERS.

The City Bank.
SECRETARY.
J. R. Treve.
Offices—306, GEORGE-STREET.

This Society is established on a similar basis to four Building Societies which have been brought to a successful termination. If a objects are to enable its members to purchase freehold or leasehold properties, or to pay off mortgages, the loans being repaid by easy monthly installments; and to provide for those not requiring loans an opportunity for the investment at interest of small savings, which will imperceptibly increase to a useful sum.

Application for shares may be made to the Secretary, at the Society's office, 306, George-street, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.; from whom any further information may be obtained.

held on FRIDAY, the 28th instant, severes the mours of 4 and 5 p.m.

DANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—A BRANCH
of this bank is now open at WAGGA WAGGA, under the charge of Mr. WILLIAM DRUMMOND, for the transaction of all ordinary banking business. SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager. Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, 6th March, 1865.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.—A BRANCH of this Bank has been established at WENTWORTH, Darling River, for the ransaction of all usual banking business.
ROBERT NAPIER, Manager.
Sydney 23rd November, 1864.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.—It is hereby notified that a Branch of this institution has been OPENED TO-DAY at DUBBO, for the transaction of all usual banking business, under the conduct of Mr. James Holmes.

ROBERT NAPIER, Manager.

Sydney, February 13th.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH
Between ARTHUR COOPER and ALFRED NATHAN,
plaintiffs; and
ARTHUR SUMMERFIELD and JEANNETT
SUMMERFIELD (his wife), Administratrix
in the estate of JOHN WRIGHT, deceased,
To the above-named

defendants.

To the above-named defendants:

TAKE NOTICE that, in pursuance of an order of Sir ALFRED STEPHEN. Chief Justice of this Homorable Court, dated the 11th day of April instant, the plaintiffs have this day filed a declaration in this action, with particulars of their demand annexed thereto. And further take notice that you are required to plead to the said declaration within twelve days from the filing thereof. And in default of pleading within the said twelve days, the plaintiffs may, by virtue of the said order, prove their doct before the Prothonotaries of this Court, sign final judgment for the amount found due, with costs, and issue execution.

Dated this twenty-first day of April, 1866.

GEORGE EVANS, plaintiffs' attorney, 102, Kingstreet, Sydney.

TERODUCE STORES.—Mesurs. DURRAM and

street, Sydney.

PHODUCE STORRS.— Messrs. DURHAM and IBWIN are prepared to receive Wool, Sheepakins, Tallow, Hides, &c., for Sale by auction or psivately, at their Produce Storre, Circular Guay.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Sheepakins, Tallow, and Sides consigned to them for Sale or Shipment.

Oircular Guay, lat October. 1864.

STOCK and STATION AGENCY.—The undersigned have commenced business, under the style or firm of CORNISH and IfAY, as Stock and Station Agents, and are now prepared to negociate sales of stock, and stock and stations placed in their hands for disposal.

Offices, 181, Pitt. street.

Sydney, 21st April. Synney, 21st April.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PATNERSHIP hitherto subsisting between the undersigned as commission agents, under the firm of RODGSON and BLAKEY, has, this day, been DISSOLVED by neutral consent. The business will in future be carried on by Mr. THOMAS BLAKEY on his own account.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1865.

BENJAMIN HODGSON, THOMAS BLAKEY.

Witnes-T. K. Bowden.

DEGOTAEDI'S Sydney Printing House, Robi lane.—Chan and elegant Lithographic and

JOHNSON'S Cheap Bodding Warehouse, 195, Pits-street North, near King-street. Hair, fibre, and flax mattressee, from 15s. Palliansee, 16a, 17a, 18s.

Wirkish Bath, Bligh-street.—Genilemen's But open daily from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. Ladies' Bath open daily from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. Werking Men's Bath open daily from 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.

"But the bath is of still greater importance to the healthy than to the sick; for to be kept well is better than to be cured, and a haraless, hunurious, invigorating, and life-prolonging recreation, is better than all medicine. The bath is to the individual man, comprising his liver, kidneys, and skin, what the sun is to the world and its inhabitants."

Dr. KLASSUS WILSON.
"I am more and more every day persuaded by my experience of the great value of the Turkish Bath. I have been boiled, or rather reasted again into youth."—Sir Jone Type, M. D., introducer of the bath into the Newcastle Infinancy.

"In Cyprus, where there is a mixed Mahometan and Christian population, the Mahometans who use the Turkish Bath are almost free from consumption, while the Christians, who do not use it, fall frequent victims to that disease."—Dr. BARTER.
"Gout and rheumatism are hardly known among the bathing population of Turkey."—Unquysars.
"The Turkish Bath is looked upon so much in the light of a panacea, that the lower orders never dream of consulting a physician when taken ill."—Dr. MILLIGEN, physician to the Sultan.

A RTIFICIAL TRETH, on the improved pink vulcanite, the colour of the gums.

Mr. EDEN, Surgeon-Dentist, 18, Elizabeth street North.

From Threedneodie-street, London.

From Threednoedle-street, London.

ESTABLISHED 1842—ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—

By her Majesty's Royal Letters Patent. Painless adaptation of Artificial Teeth, Gums, and Palate, without springs, wires, or fastenings. Dr. J. EMANUEL, Poetor of Dental Surgery, No. 178, corner of Pitt and King streets, Dental diploma dated 1838. From one to a complete set made and permanently fixed in two days, avoiding delay and expense to those who reside in the country. A set will last a flictume. Extraction of sound stumps not required. Decayed teeth stopped with Dr. E: a own gold coment; it never shrinks or changes colour. Charges in accordance with persons circumstances. Teeth extracted, cleanaed from fartar. Children's teeth regulated, Instantaneous relief for toothache, sold in bottles with directions for use, No. 178, corner of Pitt and King streets, opposite Mv. Toogood's Hotel.

Frice lists forwarded to all parts of the county.

Beesway purchased.

O'NEILL'S SUGAR-COATED

ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

a certain cure for liver complaint, constipation, nervousness, headache, indigestion, or bile; are quite free from all mercurial preparations, and possess all the artive properties of a pill without the nauseous taste. Prepared solely by E. H. O'NEILL, Chemist and Druggist, corner of Pitt and King streets, Sydney. In bottles, is and 2s each.

HEALTH RESTORED O ALL by the excellent Medicines of Messers. GRIMMALT and CO., Chemists to B 1. H. Prince Napoleon, 7, Rue de la Feuillade, Paris.

Why do the medical profession and the public so extensively partenise the different medicines prepared by Messers, Grimault and Co.

de la Feuillade, Paris.

Why do the medical profession and the public so extensively patronise the different medicines prepared by Messra. Grimanit and Co.?

1. Hecame this house, being indisputably the first in Paris, honoured with the patronage of the Court and of Prince Napoleon, is careful never to offer any preparations of doubtinl efficacy.

2. Became their medicines embody all the most valuable and most recent discoveries in chemistry and therapeutics.

3. Hecame they are all most agreeable to the taste, pleasant to the eye, and may be taken without the least danger as well by children as by adults.

4. Became they are altogether different from those remedies, English, French, and American, prepared by manufacturers equally unacquainted with medicine and pharmaceutics, never having made either of them the object of scientific study.

5. Became these medicines are each of them apocially intended only for a limited category of diseases arising from similar causes, and are not offered as a universal panaces for all the fills that fiesh is heir to.

We therefore think we shall render great service to the public by briefly summerating the principal medicines prepared by Messra. Grimanit and Co.

10DISED SYRUP OF HOREERADISH, employed with constant success in the stead of col liver oil, which is so naussous and difficult of digestion. It is the most certain specific for scrudula, lymphatism, flabbiness of the flesh, humours in children, gotter, rheumatism, scruyy, sind diseases, and affections of the chest. All the Paris physicians recommend it as the most powerful depurative, and constantly prescribe it as the best means of correcting acridity of the blood, and for restoring to that all-important fluid the vital principles which it may have lost through the principal screeces or lymphatic, scrotulors, or spphilitic affections.

LERA'S PHOSPHATE OF IRON.—The best of all chalybates, adopted by the whole medical world for the cure of chiorosis, leucorrhoes, poverty of blood, difficult menstrastions, terrible dis

palpitations, dropsies, nervous diseases of the lungs, asthus, catarrh, hooping-rough, &c., &c. Sold in Paris by M. Labelonye, chemist, 19, Rue Bourbon Villeneuve, a Paris; in Sydney by J. and B. ROWE, Pitt-street.

Paria; in Sydney by J. and E. ROWE, Pitt-street.

TONIC BITTERS.—WATERS QUININE WINE is, without exception, the most paintable and wholesome bitter in existence; an efficient tonic, an unequalled stomachic, and a gentle stimulant; it has this great advantage over all other bitters, that while they are generally injurious to the system, this is most beneficial, increasing appetite, and strengthening digestion. To those whose system is relaxed by extreme climate it is invaluable, giving vigour and imparting a tone to the most imparied. To be had of merchants and storekeepers. Manufactured by WATERS and WILLIAMS, 2, Martin's-lane, Cannon-street, London. Ask for "Waters" Quinine Wine.

**Orders to be made payable by London houses.

street, London. Ask for "Waters" Quinine Wine.

, Orders to be made payable by London houses.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY for GOUT
and RHEUMATISM.—BLAIR'S GOUT and
RHEUMATIC PILLS.—This preparation, is one of the
broefits which the science of modern chemistry has conferred upon mankind—for during the first twenty years of
the present century to speak of a cure for the gout was censidered a romance; but now the effects and safety of this
modicine are so fully demonstrated, by unsolicited testimonials from persons in every rank of life, that public
opinion proclaims this as one of the most important discoveries of the present age.

These pills require no restraint of diet or confinement
during their use, and are certain to prevent the disease
attacking any vital part

They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual
remedy every offered to the public, and have been universally
used in Europe and America for many years for the above
complaints.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorised the name
and address of "THOMAS PROUT, No. 229, Strand,
London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp
affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

Sold in England at ls. 11d. and 2s. 9d. per box.

Agents for Sydney, Riessra. J. and E. ROW (late
Mesurs. Foss. Son. and Co.), 219, Pitt-street.

Messrs. Foss, Son, and Co.), 219, Pitt-street,

I OLLOWAY'S PILLS.—This remedy, acting immediately on the main-springs of life, restores the health when falling, gives energy and vigour to the system when flagging, in a manner superior to any medicine known in the world. Sold at 244, Strand, London, and at all druggists throughout the world.

MEDICAL—An excellent City PRACTIS for DIS-TORNE TO PRINTERS, Pitt-street.

to W. T. PINHEY, Pitt-street.

TO BE DISPOSED of immediately, by valuation, a CHEMIST'S BUSINESS, streated in one of the most flourishing suburbs of the city; rest very moderate. For perticulars apply to W. T. PINHEY, Pitt-street.

TO CHEMISTS.—For DISPOSAL, a well-established Dispersary Business. W. T. PINHEY, Pitt-street.

CHEAP NOVELS.—500 volumes to select from EDWARD TURNER, estables, So., Hunter-st.

SERAPHINE, suitable for church or chapsl. Very loud; is good order, 412. 143, Gloscopty-street.

PAU DE VICHY.—We have this day forwarded to the following chemists a supply of "Eau de Vichy," in order that parties requiring the same may obtain it readily, and in any quantity:—

Nr. Jenkins.—

Kirechbaum—

Watson

Soper, William-street

HENDIGUES.—

Parramatts.—

wing Parramatta.

HENRIQUES, JOUBERT, and CO.
agents for the Imperial Establishment of Vichy.

RENRIQUES, JOUBERT, and CO.

Sole agents for the Imperial Establishment of Vichy.

WASHING MADE EASY!—Instead of wasting time by rubbing the clothes at the "washing tub," use the "GLYCERINE" SOAP POWDER. Ask for "Harper Twelvetrees' Glycerine Soap Powder." Sold by all storekeepers, in penny packets; and wholesale by Mesers. E. and W. PAUL, York-street, Sydney.

CLEANLINESS.—A Stove most Brilliantly Polished in Two Minutes for less than One Farthing.

W. G. NIXEY S celebrated registered BLACK LEAD, a new domestic discovery. Cannot be wasted, and is a procervative of furniture from the injurious effects of the sommon articles now in use, as it creates no dust, an. quires comparatively no labour.

Sold everywhere, in solid blocks, id., 2d., 4d., and is a proceeding of this elegant chemical preparation are great saving of time, cleaniness of application, smallness of quantity required, and the prevention of waste, dust, and its destructive consequences. Purther, it ultimately produces a pure metallic coating of a high degree of brilliancy and durability, reflecting both light and heat. (See specimen on the sides of each block.)

12, Sohe-square, London.

12, Soho-square, London.

DAY and MARTIN'S REAL JAPAN BLACKING.
97, High Holbora, London.
For affording nourishment and durability to the leather it stands unrivalled.
Sold by all first-class houses in India and the colonies.
In bottles, at 6d., is., and is. 6d. each.
Caution.—D. and M. take the opportunity of cautioning purchasers against spurious initiations of their manufacture and labels.

, Orders through mercantile houses.

. Orders through mercantile houses.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS OF MANILA ROPE.

—I beg to inform Importers and Wholesale Buyers of Manila Cordage, that I am now erecting premises in Sydney, for the manufacture of all kinds of cordage. The buildings and machinery will be completed by the latter end of May, after which date I will be able to supply Manila cordage, all sizes, at prices under the cost of importing. The machinery to be employed is of the best kind, having all the latest improvements, and produces cordage of a quality much superior to Manila made, and equal to the very best English make; a sample of the rope can be seen at Messra. DANIELL, KING, and CO. s office, which was made by machinery of the same description.

PUBLIC NOTICE,— SEASONABLE GOODS, BRITANNIA HOUSE, 357, George-street.

CHARLES BATE AND CO., in consequence of the prolonged summer, and the quantity of goods imported and opend by them for the AUTUMN AND WINTER SEASON, mg a GREAT CLEARING SALE

GREAT CLEARING SALE
of their stock of first-class
DRAPERY
Silks, Shawls, Mantles, Dresses
Millinery and Underclothing
Sewn Muslin and fancy goods
Hosiery, Men's Mercery, &c.
Al extraordinary low prices, in order to make room for
further shipments, expected shortly to arrive.
CHARLSS BATE and CO., having determined to offer
their superior stock at prices far below its value, this will
be an opportunity rarely to be met with for making purchases.
Nguatters, storekeepers, and heads of families may effect a
considerable saving by taking advantage of this GREAT
SALE.

The stock has been re-marked.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.

TURNITURE of superior quality, design, and fashion, at a considerable reduction on former quotations, now on view and for SALE, at LENERIAN and CO '8, whole-sale and export manufacturers and importers of upholstery, cabinetware, carpets, flooreloths, bedding, church furniture, chandeliers, &c., Castleragh-street, Sydney.

BEDDING CLEANED by STEAM.— Australian Bedding Warehouse, 7, Bridge-street.

RON BEDSTEADS, Bedding, and Puralitare Clearing out. R. M. PITE, 161, Kent-street, by Gas-lane. NDIARUBBER TOYS, balls, footballs, puzales, games, buildings, bricks, basketware, jet goods, perfunery, of the best description. London and Paris Pancy Bazzar, opposite the Markets.

Bazair, opposite the Markets.

M UNTZ' YELLOW METAL and NAILS
Galvanized corrugated iron, Hamilton's, Anderson
and Watte', and Smith and M'Lean's
Blasting powder and patent safety fuse
White lead; black, red, blue and green paints
Colea, and kerosene oils, iurpentine
V. I. R. belting, Europe rope, Miner's safes
Cavendish tebacce, jar salt, red herrings
Wotherspoon's confectionery and isma, Leacher's starch

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.—One 5 horse-power portable heisting magine, with winch is and 8 horse-power portable engines, with the boilers is ditto ditto ditto, throllar boiler Boiler plates, boiler tubes, rivets, and angle iron V. I. R. Belting, powder, fine, olds.

CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO., Barrack-street.

A USTRALIAN WINES.—The undersigned has for Sale some choice samples from the vineyard of house Barker, Esq., Maryland, to which he invites the tentien of Families, Clubs, Hotelkeepers, and others. MAGNUS J. PEDEN, Pitt-street North, opposite the vicest Park

Oriental Bank.

FOR SALE. Coir-fibre, Olic'oth Table C.
Muskets, and fine grain gunpowder, in half-bare
Genuine Neva stearine candles, 16 oz.
Pale brandy, in quarter-casks, and Cavendish tobacco
Tapicca, pari sago, and arrowroot, in 71b. tins
Hyson-kin, young byson, and gunpowder toa
Cassia, cimannon, cloves, pepper, natmogs, mace, pit
Liquotice, macareni, and preserved provisions.
To arrive per Ellen, from Hongkong.
160 boxes orange pekos tea, of good quality 100 boxes orange pelce tea, of good 300 ditto ditto, quality very superior 200 ditto congou 50 half-chests ditto

66 packages pearl sage—samples on hand.
F. G. LENDER and CO., 58, New Pitt-street.

A D E L A I D E F L O U R.—

D E L A I D E F L O U R .—

Magarey's
Duffield's
Giles and Smith's.

N. CASTON, 6, Custom-house-buildings.

D E L A I D E W H E A T.

N. CASTON, 6, Custom-house-buildings.

H I L I A N W H E A T.

C H I L I A N W H E A T. A D E I. A I D E B R A N
N. CASTON, 6, Custom-house-buildings.

CORKS, Common to Superfine, in cases and bales, SALE by ALLAN, STREET, and NORTON. BONNIOT'S GENUINE Cognac Case BRANDY for SALE. H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14, Barrack street. PEACOCK'S PATENT PAINT.—White sinc paint White lead, red lead, paints and colours Soft soap, bright varnish, resin, pitch and tar Colra oil, belied and raw oil, turpentine, &c., &c., for SALE.

H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14, Berrack-street.

M UNTZ'S YELLOW METAL, 14 to 26 oz.; nails, spikes, and rods. Also, navy oarium, sheathing, felt, pitch, tar, turpentine, paints, &c., for SALE.
H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14. Barrack-street.

LUCERNE SEED. - Best new, now landing, for SALR. H. H. BEAUCHAMP, 14, Berrack-eirest. HARTS' ADELAIDE FLOUR, Superfine and silk-dressed Seconds, for SALE. H. H. BEAUCHAMP. A DELAIDE PLOUR.—Hart's, Bossman's, Dev. Mills, &c., for SALE. H. H. BEAUCHAMP. CHILIAN FLOUR, in 100th, bags, fresh and sweet, for SALE. H. H. BEAUCHARP, 14, Barrack-street.

BAGS, three-bushel bags; kerosens, coles, linseed, rav and boiled oils. Wright's Wharf. W. WRIGHT. IVERPOOL coarse and fine salt, ash care, clear pine T. and G. white pine. Wright's Wharf. WRIGHT ARGE WINE VATS for SALE. J. B. NORTH,

KEROSENE OIL, best brands cheaper than any other house in the city. JOHN MURPHY, 21, Parrametta abrest. Q U B B N S B I B T H D A Y.

PIREWORKS, FIREWORKS, FIREWORKS,
From the calabrated maker Darby, of Vaujchall. Also
Chinese Crackers, Coloured Fire, &c.
J. H. FLUDDER, Wholevale and Retail Pancy
Bezzar, 19. Erskins-aircraf.

OTARD'S first-class BRANDIES.—The undersigned being appointed sole AGE'ST, is in receipt of direct shipments, and prepared to supply the trade. S. L. BENSUSAN, New Pitt-street.

omplete.
JOSEPH MATHER, Bathurst-street Engine Works. FOR SALE.—A six horse power Horizontal STRAM ENGINE, in good order; also, a Hall's PUL-VERIZER. Apply to JOHN BAASS, 32, Hunter-street, or to JONES and Co., Pyrmont Bone Mills.

RIOB SALE, at reduced price. Full Cabinet SEWING MACHINE, in perfect order; cost £30. Apply Mr. CAPON, Rothwell Lodge, Glebe Point.

TO WHEEL WRIGHTS, Blacksmiths, Shippers, and others.—Now landing, and for SALE by the undersigned, at low prices—
Round, square, and tyring iron
Alle blocks and boxes, from 2 inch up to 3\(\)
Gibson's spring, 5, 6, 7, and 8 plates
Gibson's axies, 1\(\frac{1}{4}\), 1\(\frac{1}{4}\),

TRONBARK, IRONBARK, IRONBARK, TO CONTRACTORS, &c. — The undersigned are prepared to take orders for Girders, Piles, &c., to any length up to 70 feet, of the best White Ironbark in the

Colony.

Mr. R. BULL, on the Ground, Rope's Creek, South Creek Station.

Coak Station.

COAL, Wood, Breese, Charcoal, Ironbark Posts and Rails, 5, 6, and 7 feet Palings, Shingles and Laths. All orders faithfully and punctually executed. P. J. ELLIOTT and CO., Woollsomooloo Bay.

SHINGLES, Shingles.—Best Lake Macquarie Forest Oak. P. J. ELLIOTT and CO., Woollmico Coal Depot FOR SALE, the CARGO of Warntah COALS, 720 tons ex City of Newcastle. R. TOWNS and OO. 700,000 FEET Baltic, Oregon, and American TIMBER. GOODLET and SMITH.

Erskine-street, and l'arramatta-street.

GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON; ridging,
guitering, piping, galvanized screwa, nalls, and bolts
at reduced prices. GOODLET and SMITH, Victoria
Saw-mills, Erskine-street; Branch Yard, Parramatta-street. COLONIAL HARDWOD, Pine and Cedar, on hand and cut to order. GOODLET and SMITH, Erskine-st 2500 DOORS, Glazed Sashes, Casements, Mouldings, Skirtings, &c., on hand and made to order.

400,000 FERT Baltic Flooring, Oregon, clear Pine. ROLFE, Circular Qu 500,000 FEET Colonial Hardwood, Codar, Shingles, ROLFE, Circular Quay.
600,000 FEET Colonial Hardwood, Shingles, odder, W. JOLLY and CO., Bathurst-st. 300,000 FEET Baltic, Oregon Clear Pine. W.

RON Bark Girders, Draypoles, Shafts, Posts, Rails, and Palings. WILLIAM JOLLY and CO. UCERNE SEEDS, prime samples Clover and Rye Grass. LAW, SOMNER, and CO. PRAIRIE GRASS, Prairie Grass, splendid sample, machine dressed and free from weeds.

machine dressed and free from weeds.

GARDEN SEEDS.—One guinea collection, sufficient for half an arre, 21s.

COUCH GRASS, Couch Grass. LAW, SOMNER, and CO., 260, Pitt-street.

of North Wagge Wages, wants
Bridge.

There are four allotments of and to be conveyed with
the property, whereon are exceted a butcher's and blackmaith's shop, and large substantial cattle yards. Every
convenience on the premises.
Title, unexceptionable.
For terms and all details, apply to FREDERICE
A. TOMPSON, agent, Australian Warshouse, Wagga
Wagga.

A. TOMPSON, agent, Australian Warshouse, Wagga Waggs.

Waggs.

FOR PRIVATE SALE (in consequence of the death of one of the partners), that valuable PASTORAL PROPERTY, known as EMERALD DOWNS, comprising six blocks of first-class grazing country, situated on the Nogos River, Retreat, and Teresa Creeks. Estimated capability, 45,000 sheep.

With the above will be sold 2550 mined sheep, more or less 200 cattle, ditte 19 horses.

For further particulars, apply to ROBERT EAR-WAKER, Emerald Downs, via Marborough.

CHEEP for SALE, by the undersigned—2500 ewes, aged, 5 to 6 years, deliverable on the Burnett.

2006 wethers, 3 years, deliverable Darling Downs.

SHEEP Surnett.

2006 wethers, 2 years and upwards, ditto Albinia Downs.

Apply DURHAM and IEWIN, Circular Quay.

THE ALPHASTATION.

For private SALE, that very compact and highly improved property, "The Alpha Station," near Maninaa Downa, Queendand, comprising eight blocks, 200 square niles of richly grassed undulating downs country, well watered by the River Belyande, Alpha, and other creeks.

creeks.

Estimated grazing capability, 40,000 sheep.

The improvements, which have been exceted at considerable cost, are the most extensive and substantial in the district, and prepared for stocking with sheep. It will be sold with only 700 quiet well-bred cattle.

There is a good market for fat stock at the Peak Downs.

SEVERAL first-class Sheep Properties on the "Barcon,"
"Peak Downs," "Dawson," &c., for SALE by
HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street. SHEEP FOR SALE, at Cutherstone, Poak Downs, Queensland.

Queensland.

2000 ewes, agod, to lamb in September
2000 ditto, 4 and 5 years old, ditte ditto
1900 webers, 4 and 5 years old
1800 ditto, 3 years old.

All in fine condition.

Apply to DANGAR, GILCHRIST, and CO., Sydney. Penrith, together with the free use of about 700 acres of land, for seven years. Apply to C. MARTYN, Horse Bazar, Pitt-street. All persons are cautioned against removing any of the above horses without an order from Mr. Martyn.

FOR SALE, a HORSE, SPRING-CART, and HAR-NESS. Friendship Hotel, Lower Bathurst-street. W ANTED to SELL, HARNESS, COB, £5: Saddle £2. Fruit Shop, Palmer and Woolloomooloo sts. BUGGY, double-seated, in good order, £35. GIBSON'S Repository, opposite School of Arta, Pitt street. D Repository, opposite School of Aria, Fitt street.

IGHT American WAGGON, pair HORSES and HARNESS, a bargain. G1BSON'S Repository.

PAIR BUGGY COBS, six years old and sound; price 25. G1BSON'S Repository, 282, Pitt-street.

ORSES.—HEREERT GIBSON has for private SALE, 16 good seasoned Horses; comprises horses for dogorate, carriage, buggy, spring-cart, and saddle, at prices to meet the times. Repository, 282, Pitt-street.

HORSE, Light Spring-cart, and Harness, nearly new £25 the lot. GIBSON'S Repository, 282, Pitt-st HARNESS, new and second hand, for SALE—single, double, and spring-cart. GIBSON'S Repository.

HORSES and Vehicles lent on Hire. GIBSON'S Repository, opposite School of Arts, 282, Pitt-street.

SALES BY AUCTION. TO BE SOLD, at WOOLLER'S, Pitt-street, by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Horses, carts, drays, buggies, waggons, spring-carts, &c. N.B.—No charge for entering horses, &c., for sale. Proceeds payable immediately after sale. Broken and Unbroken Horses, from the Crookwell

M.R. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from Mr. Charles Marshall to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Sale Yards, on TUES-DAY mest, at 2 of clock, 30 head broken and, unbroken horses, in excellent condition, from the Crookwell. Useful Broken-in and Handled Harsen.

MR. CHARLES MARTRN has received instructions from Mr. R. Purcell to sell by suction, at the Camperdown Sale Yards, TO-MORROW, at 11 o'clock, o'clock, small draft of strong useful broken-in and handled horses, from the Goulburn district, in good condition. Light Family Sociable.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by suction, at the Baraar, TO-MORROW, at 12 o'clock, Alight family sociable, to carry six persons.

Horses Fat Cattle.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, THIS-DAY, Monday, at their Bazzar, at 11 o'clock, Horses. At the Victoria Yards, Petersham, at half-past 2 o'clock, 210 head fat cattle.

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The abov Whin with this to an man clean Circular WEDNI o'clock p The ex now land Compt. H.O.C.-H.O.C.-H.O.C.-H.O.C.-H.O.C.-

To Tim

Wharf AFTE The Calype

To W

Well-bred Hack. BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by suction, at their Bazzar, THIS DAY, at 11 clock, WOLF, a powerful bay gelding and good back, got by Romulta, half-brother to Banagher, &c.

> At the Victoria Yards, Petersham, On MONDAY, the 24th instant.

BURT and CO. are instructed by Mr. Charles Evans to sell by auction, at the above Yards. THIS DAY, at half-past 2 o'cleck, 210 head fat cattle, a remarkably good lot, from the well-known Bungle Gully station.

On an Early Day next week, of which due notice will be given. THOMAS DAWSON will sell by auction,

at the Homebush Sale Yards, as above, 500 good breeding owes, from Manerco.

In lots to suit purchasers. Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

M. W. PULLAGAR has received instruc-structions from Joseph Onus, Esq., to sell, at his Yards, Western Road, on THURSDAY, the 17th April, at 11 o'clock, 100 head of prime fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Mr. Thomas Williams to sell, at his Yards, Western Road, on THURSDAY next, 27th, at 11 o'clock.

DITT and SULLIVAN have received in-

structions from James Seivel, Eaq., to sell by succion, THIS DAY, the 24th instant, at Mr. John Fullagar's, at 11 o'clock, 172 head of prime fat cattle, in lots. PITT and SULLIVAN have received instructions from Richard King, Esq., to sell by ction, THIS DAY, the 24th instant, at Mr. John

Fullagar's, at 11 o'clock, 125 head of prime lat cattle, in lots. PITT and SULLIVAN have received in-structions from D. Grover, Esq., to sell by auction, THIS DAY, the 24th instant, at Mr. John Fullsgar's, at 11 o'clock, 200 head of prime fat cattle, in lots.

PITT and SULLIVAN have received in-structions from Mr. John Town to sell by structions from Mr. John Town to sell by auction, THIS DAY, Monday, the 24th instant, at Mr. John Fullagar's, at 11 of clock, 180 head of prime fat cattle, in lots.

M. R. WILLIAM TINDALE has received instructions from Mr. Best to sell by auction, at Mr. G. Davidson's Yards, Camperdown, THIS DAY, April 24th, at 2 o'clock, 30 head of broken and unbroken coits and fillies, amongst which are some very useful horses.

NEWELL and WALLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at the City Auction Depot, Victoria-street, Haymarket, at 2 o clock, 200 cases seasonable fruits.

THE REGULAR MONDAY'S SALE.
At the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street. Established 1840.

old Furniture, 2 Pianofurtes, Carpets, Bedsteads and Bedding, Show Cases, Cooking Stoves, &c. LEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell

LEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazzar, Pitt-, THIS DAY, at 11 of clock, large secretaries of good and useful household furnisant effects, comprising Telescope, loo, dining, and other tables Hair-scated softs, couches, and chairs Chiffonieres, booknase, und sideboards Chests drawers, warriotes, washstands Toilet services, towel houses, and toilet glasses Iron bedsteads and bodding Carpets, hearthruge, fenders and irons Chimney glasses, pictures, clocks Cane and two season of the Chimney glasses, pictures, clocks Ritchen tables and deseaser 2 pianofortes (cottage and grand) 4-plans show cases, on stands English and American cooking stoves Mangle, washing machine, &c., &c. Terms, cease.

Monday's Regular Sale.

At the Auction Mart, Pitt and Park streets. Established 1840.

urdrobes, Chiffonlers, Chest of Drawers, Horchair Sofas, Couches, Chairs, Leo, Dining, and Toilet Tables, Pier and Toilet Glasse, Washstands and Setz complete, Irou and Wood Bedsireads and Bedding, Cupboards, Kitchen Dressers, Chiffoniere and other Safes, Carpets, Fenders, Olidoth, Matting, Crockery, Glass, Kitchen Bequisites; the stock of a small procer's abop; also, a Quantity of Clothing, B>25s, Shoes, Watches, Jewellery, &c.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been in-structed by the Proprietor of a lodging house, to sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at his Mart, Fit and Park streets, The above, without reserve. Terms, cash.

Winter Drapery, Clothing, Flannels, &c. Just landed ex John Duthis, and Sydney Dacres

THURSDAY, 27th, FRIDAY, 28th. At 11 o'clock each day.

M ESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above days, Several consignments seasonable demapry, financis, clothing, &c.

Terms, liberal. Terms, liberal.

Important Sale of General Drapery, Ready-made Clothing, &c.

WEDNESDAY, April 26th. To Drapers, Outfitters, and others. R. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, on WED-NESDAY, April 20th, at 11 o'clock, without reserve, Invoices of general drapery, woullens, ready-made clothing, alawis, seved muslims, &c., &c.

Particulars in future advertisements.

TUESDAY, 25th April.

To Drapers To Outsitters and others.

HENRY CHATTO and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, as TUESDAY, 26th instant, at 11 o'clock, Invoices of general drapery, ready-made clothing, &c., convertigue.

coices of general drapery, ready-made origing Saxony and Welsh flamels 9-4, 10-4, and 11-4 witney blankets Men's blue pilot American pea jackets Ditto drab Devon ditto ditto Witney Inversea capes Heavy Scarborough hip jackets Ditto witney ditto ditto Drab and blue reversible ditto ditto Men's Scotch twill shirta, L. B. Boys' and youths' ditto ditto Ditto mole trousers, half flys Youths' des suits Dark and light tweed ditto ditto Ditto mole trousers, half flys Youths' des suits Dark and light tweed ditto ditto Ditto angola suits 68 and 72 linch grey sixeting 29 and 32 ditto ditto domestic 36-inch with Indias long-loth Printed crimens flamed Fanty were ditto Ditto ditto crimens shared Soziet und black ditto ditto White long-loth shirts Soziet und black ditto ditto White long-loth shirts Fanty regatis ditto White local ditto White long-loth shirts Fanty regatis ditto White lotton hote Women's coutille stays, &c., &c.

To Boot and Shoe Makers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on an early day, 75 packages boots and shoes. Particulars will be advecticed.

FOTHERINGHAM and MULLEN have re-ceived instructions to sail by smotion, at their New Banksage Austing Bosma, Mo. 273, George-circus, on an early day, and have been a said to the sailors. Further positioning in a factor torus.

Auction Sale, THURSDAY, 27th April MR. W. DRAN has received instructions to sell by suction, at his Warshouse, Pist and O'Consell streets, on TEURSDAY, 828 April, of 11 printer best state of our sales Terms at only

M ESSRS. LISTER and BARNETT will sell by saction, at their Sale Rooms, King-otreet, commencing at 10 clock formoon, THIS BAY, Sunley bots of unredensed pledges, permed with Mr. John Sparch, 167, Lowe Orings street, commencing gold and other watches, rings, chain, is comparing gold and other watches, rings, chain, is comparing gold and other watches, rings, chain, is compared to the commence of t

COUNTY OF ST. VINCENT.

LOT 1.—175 serse had, county ST. VINCENT. see
WANDRAWANDRIAM, district of SEDAL-

A Franch physician, M. Ester, function he has discovered the function of the spleen. From several experiments made, upon the blood of the spleenie vein during dispession, and after a long fast, he has found that, when digestion is going on, the venues blood of the spleen contains only about half as much oxygen as when the stomach has been for some time perfectly empty.

Dr. Livingstone, it is understood, is determined again to devote himself to African discovery, and he is now pianning as exploring expedition from the East Coast of Africa to the district lying between his most northern point on Lake Nyassa and Barton and Speke's southernmost on 'aske Tanganyka.

sen sect colow the surface, he found implements resembling those discovered at Perigord, fragments of pottery, and a been needle. In an adjacent cavern he observed, associated with the fint instruments, teeth, jaws, and other bones of the great fossil bear: the specimens, however, were in a mutilated condition.

There are in Europe 43 reigning sovereigna, not including these who possess titles only. Of those 43, nine belong to the Roman Catholic religion, but one of that number is excommunicated, 31 are Protestants, one is of the orthodox firest Church, one a Mahometan, and the 45rd is the Pope.

A question has lately arisen whether anybody ever lived to be 100 years old. A case is mentioned by the French papers of the recent decease of a lady at 106 years and a mouths, and as she was a person of rank and fortune, the notoriety of her age in her family may be deemed very considerable evidence. Her name was Madame Scholastique—Jeanne Prieuze, widow of M. Goujon, and married a second time to Count Prieure de Saint Quentin. She died lately at Versailles; the day of her death is not mentioned. Her son, M. Goujon, who lived to a good old age, was a puril of the Polytechnic School, a receiver of taxes, and the author of some consedies called Le Cercle and Les Philosophies. It is related that at the age of eighty-three he went to Versailles to pay a visit to his mother, and being infirm was helped out of his carriage by two officers of the garrison, to whom he said, "I will tell mamma that I have met with two extremely polito officers." The deceased lady had a coachman who had been forty-seven years in her service. She was well known at Versailles for her social qualities and extensive charities.

The Lanet contains the results of the analysis for copper of ferty-two samples of peas, beans, and other ryear vegetables, copper was found in twenty-five, while five rally were free from that metal. Of the bottled fruits examined, as greengages and gooseberries, all contained expert. In the peas, beaus, and done religious t

pet the gravity of the gravest. It ran as follows:

"As goo's in close succession rise,
the deciment of the gravest of the gravity of the gravest of the gra

of the late Prince Consort.

It is stated that Captain Sherard Osbora is going out to Bombay to manage the Great Indian Peninsular Railway.

Mr. Charle Rébeard Turner, professor of English literature in the Imperial Alexander Lyceum, has been appointed, from smoon fourteen candidates, to the chair of English liestor in the University of St. Petersburg, rendered vacant by the death of Mr. T. B. Shaw, M.A.

The royal manusoleum at Freguere, where the mortal remains of the Prince Consort lie interred, is slowly but gradually approaching completion. Over the doursay, within the portice, and facing the visitor as he ascends the solds flight of steps by which the manusoleum is approached, is the montinental inscription in brozo. The letters are in Reman character, as follows:

Aberti Principie quoed mortale crat Hoe in Seputebro deponi roluit.

You and the seputebro deponi roluit.

You and the mortal deman.

Conquiescan tecum.

Conquiescan tecum.

A quantity of bores, apparently belonging to antedituvian animals of enormous size, have just been dug up in a elate quarry on the estate of Knockaloe, in the parish of Patrik, ther Foel, Isle of Man. They were found at a considerable depth from the surface, and two of the bones have been forwarded by the nien who found them to Captain Groce, one of the managers. One of these is a joint of the vertebre, said to have been the next to the smallest, it weighs upwards of stay pounds, and is 17 linches in circumference. The other is a portion of a rith, about 18 inches in length, 3 inches in width, an inch and a half in thickness, and weighing 3; pounds.

A specimen of the quall (Printix externally was found re-

inches in width, an inch and a half in thickness, and weighing 32 pounds.

A specimen of the quali (Predix convenix) was found recently on the farm of Bowielsank, Banfishire. As the quali is a migratory species, arriving in this country about April, and departing again in September to spend the winter in various parts of Africa and Asia, the finding of this one here in the beginning of February is something rather unrieus if not altogether unprecedented.

The grave of one of Fernand Cortex's companions in arms has been discovered in a convent situate between Yashuttian and Etla, in the state of Osjaca, Mexico. The following is a translation of the inscription in the Spanish landnage on the monument—— Here rests the body of Don Manuel Nuns, captain of the Gards of his very high and very powerful tood the Marquin del Valle, Governor of Mexico, and commander of the King's forces in this part of the world, died the 18th of July, 1644."

TURKEY.

Turkey is taking a bold step in the road of civil estion, namely, adopting a compulsory system of education for youth. The only thing that can save Turkey—if salv, ton politically speaking, be possible—is to frankly accept civil action in all its circumstances, and to subordinate the ariginate sheart in the structure of her 6 verament to the article and military exigencies of the day.

Mr. Brotis, B.S.A., is to send to the Royal Academy Philodethical months to open at Edinburch, a bust of the Loyal circumstance of the Loyal academy for the clear, a bust of a ledy, and as emblishing the grow of Table, for a measurance.

THE INDO-EUROFEAN TELEGRAPH LI'AR

DESTRUCTION OF THE SURREY THEATRE BY FIRE.

The first Survey Theatre, originally called the St. George's Fields' Circus, was built in 1782 by Charles Diblin, the pact. It was afterwards called the Royal Circus, and kept almost entirely for equestrian performances. In 1860 it was burnt in the course of little more than an hour. The late theatre was built in 1806. The lessoes, Messra, Shepherd and Anderson, estimate the value of the theatre and its contents at about £12,000, of which only £2060 is covered by insurance.—Home News, February 27.

ENGLISH AQUATICS.

ENGLISH AQUATICS.

Ton King and Percy.—The squatic season for 1865 was opened on the afternoon of January 26th with the sculling race between Tom King and Percy, for a stake of £100, King allowing his opponent £5 for additional expenses in coming from the north to row. The race has been looked forward to with some interest by sporting men, the easy manner in which Percy defeated Harry Clasper inducing the north-countrymen to think that they had a good thing in matching him against the P. R. ex-champion, who, like his opponent, had only rowed one race for a stake. King trained at the White Hart, Barnes, under the care of George Drewitt, and was in excellent rowing condition, exhibiting a marked improvement in his style since he defeated May. Percy, when in the north, trained with R. Cooper, at Dunston, and on his arrival at Putney located kinself at the Star and Gaster tavern. He was in first-rate trim, and has evidently had a deal of practice in the boats, from his neat style of sculling. The betting had been strictly level during the past few days, King himself having invested £200 at that price. Two steamboats were charteread to accompany the race, the attendance being very numerous, despite the dreary state of the weather. On the shore the betting was 6 to 4 on King, but as soon as the company had embarked on the steamboats the money was lumped on Yerey, till he became the favourite at 6 to 4. George Drewitt was in the how of King's cutter, R. Cooper officialing for Ferry. On getting off Percy obtained a slight held, and at the pier was showing in front by half a tringth. There was no alteration in this position until they had passed Simmons's, when Ring drew up level with his opponent, and on rounding the Point was tirree lengths in iron!. At the Crab Tree he had added another longth to his lead. Percy now tried a spurt, and gained a length; where he had a dood another longth to his lead. Percy now tried a spurt, and gained a length in position until they had passed Simmons's when Ring drew up level with hi

they succeeded in clearing the hall without much difficulty. Previous to that a resolution had been passed to wait upon one of the local speculators who had brought the brothers to Lecds, and demand the admission-money back. The resolution, however, was not carried into effect. It hardly need be added that the performances announced for Saturday were not attempted. It is worthy of note, that the stretching of the repe preparing for tying, but the effect of making it eight inches longer than it was in its original state. This stretching was not very agreeable to the brothers, and it was the general improvision of the austience that the performer wished the stretching to be left to them, being one of the means by which they usually made their performances successful.—Times, February 57.

Fatourited Mixens in Russia.—The particulars of two fearful crimes, which are announced as having occurred in Russia, have been published in St. Petersburg, and there is thus a reasonable warranty for truth, though it is hard to believe in such fearful human departity as is depicted in the shert narrative. In the village of Schapscha, in the Government of Kassu, a short time since, a bawker of precious stuffs and jewellery stopped for the night at the house of a presant who was absent. The pewant's wife, dazzled by the sight of all the fine things which the hawker had brought with this, killed him with a hatchet as he slept, bid the body in the loft and the goods under the floor. The peasant's child, a little girl of five years old, had, however, seen all, and when her father returned she run towards him and told him, with all the eagerness of child-hood, that they now possessed a quantity of fine things which belongs to the pedlar, whose head her mother had cut off, and whose body she had hidden in the loft. The father sternly upbraided the wife, but in a shert time the woman's energy had triumphed over the weakness he displayed. Seeing that what was done could not be undoors, and that his wife must be award at all hazards, he r

in the reserved list in November, 1800, vive-admired July, late dake within time the title and ground and of the states develve upon feeogre. Ferry, second fast and province of the province that provisional recognition of its independence which would be involved in the fact of an alliance, half the battle would be privated in the fact of an alliance, half the battle would be grained. By the time the "extrinsipolity" had been carried into execution and brought to an end the Federals would have become accustomed to live without the Confederates, and to see in the Southern Republic only a kindred State and natural ally. After habits of internal peace and intercourse had been once resumed it would have been hard to revive the trials of civil war for the sake of a Union which had already been dispensed with for some time with more profit than loss, while if the scheme of diversion had but ended in the acquisition, say, of such a country as Canada, the accession of territory on one frontier might well dispose the gainers to resign themselves to some sacrifice on another. Nothing could be more ingenious than these conceptions. The proposition would not immediately oftend the pride or ambition of the North, because it left the question of the Union just where it stood. It would graiffy the presumed feeling of the North by the assertion of the Monroe Dectrine, and the temporary concentiation of American strength. It would wiself that immediate relief from civil war which all alike would welcome, and yet, with all this, it would do more for the South than the North by producing an armistice on the instant, and the best conceivable prospect of independence at a laster day. We think the idea an uncommonly smart one and creditable to the actuest intellects of America. In fact, as far as we can see, it would have been entirely successful had the actual fortune of war at the moment been so nearly balanced as to render an armistice as desirable to one belligger and a more actuals have designed to intellect on the occasion which hading proved with such remarkable avidity; but we hape the public will not lose sight of the fact, that the adoption of an "extrinsic policy" at the expense of their arms, and so they dec

HILL and CO., Undertakers, King and Riley streets.

PUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. JAMES BELL are respectfully requested to attend his funeral; the procession to move from his late residence, Clarence-street, near King-street, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. REUBEN THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street, near the Wesleyan Chapel.

PUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. JOHN MORAN are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his late departed wife, ELIZA, on TURSDAY AFTERNOON, 25th instant. The procession to move from his residence, Camperdown, at 3 o'clock. THOMAS DIXON, undertaker, South Head-Road.

MUNERAL—The Friends of the late Mr. THOMAS

DAY, the 20th instant, at 2 o'clock.

No. 65-23. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 21st April, 1865.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE OR CAB FARES.—As complaints are constantly made at this Office of the excessive demands for fares by drivers of licensed vehicles, it is hereby notified for public information, that the Law requires that every Hackney Carriage or Cab shall be provided with a card or plate, to be affixed conspicuously upon the inner part of the carriage, with the number of the vehicle, and the TARLE OF FARES printed or painted thereon—and every driver is also required to have in his possession, and to produce for perusal to any person hiring his vehicle, a copy of the By-Laws of the Municipal Council regulating such vehicles.

CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

No. 65-22 Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 21st April, 1865.

TO MARKET GARDENERS and OTHERS.—TENDERS will be received at this Office, until 3 o'clock, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, for the REMOVAL of the NIGHT SOIL, &c., deposited in the pit near the Randwek Tollbur, until the end of the present year.

The contents of the pit will become the property of the

The due fulfillment of the contract.

CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

TO BUILDERS and others.—TENDERS are invited for the reconstruction of the Victoria Theatre. The work is to be tendered for under separate contracts as under—No. 1. Carpenter's and builder's work generally, of audience portion and approaches

2. Stage and stage fittings

3. Decorations

4. Upholetery

5. Gas Sitting.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. G. ALLEN MANSFIELD, architect, 163, Pitt-street, to whom endorsed tenders are to be delivered on or before FRIDAY, the 12th of May.

TO PUBLICANS.—TENDERS for the BOOTH under the Randwick Grand Stand (lately occupied by Mr. O'Brien, of Tattersall's), during the forthcoming race, viz., 4th, 5th, and 6th May, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of THURSDAY next.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

BUCHAN THOMSON.

Bügh-street, April 21st, 1865.

Bligh-street, April 21st, 1865.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited up to 27th instant, for the erection of wooden COACH-HOUSE, and STABLES in Victoria-street. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, architect, 438, George-street.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.—TENDERS are hereby requested from duly qualified Medical Practitioners for Professional Attendance and Medicines for the Members (aumbering about eighty) and their families, of Court Unity, Ancient Order of Royal Foresters. Tenders stating the terms per member will be received till 1st of May next, if left for Secretary at the Travellers' Rest Inn., corner of Markes and Castlersegh streets.

W. JOHNSTONE, Secretary.

A vacency for one boarder. Prospectuses on application.

BUCATION.—Mrs. SACLIER'S Pupils will resume their studies MONDAY, 24th instant.

BUCATION.—Mr. PENNY'S School, 25t, Elizabeth-atreet, Hyde Park. Morning and Bowning Classes. Work resumed 19th instant.

EVENING CLASSES IN MUSIC.—1. An Blementary Class for the Violin. 3. Instrumental and Orchestral Practices for all instruments. The quarter begins from the day a gentleman enters a class. JULIUS HAIMBERGER, 11. Stanley-street, opposite the Grainmar School.

MAR. J. KEMISU'S SCHOOL. 186, Palmer-street.—

REMOVAL.—Mr. HENRY BERTRAND, Surgeon-Dentist, has removed from 27, Hunter-street, to No. 7, Wayard-square, two doors from Municipal Council Chambers.

YDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, -The next quarter will commence MONDAY, April 24th, and conclude W J STEPHENS, Head Master.

ST MARK'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, Macquarie Fields, Liverpool. Roll Call at 7 p.m. on MON DAY, 24th inst. GEORGE F M'ARTHUR, Principal I OST yesterday morning, between Jamison-street and Grafton Wharf, sixteen Is, twelve 6d, seventy-two 1d and 2d STAMPS. The finder will oblige by bringing the same to Mr. TURNER, Hunter-street.

OST, between Double Bay and Randwick, a Lady Fur BOA. Any person returning the same to J. F M-DONALD, Brickfield-hill, will be rewarded. LOST, on Tuesday, a HORSESHOE PIN, set with rubles. A reward of ten shillings will be given on bringing it to Mr. Dixon, Market-street.

OST, a gold EARDROP, with red stone in centre, between Market and Macquarie atreets. The finder will receive five shillings reward if left with Mr. HAMMON, Watchmaker, King-street.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST, on Safurday from 349, Castlerough-treet, Smith's-buildings, CCCKATOO PAROQUET.

L REWARD on conviction of the miscreant that sent to two Fithy LETTERS addressed to a person in Crown-street, Surry Hills. One anonymous, the other signed "Mary Jane Mathews, Waverley Tea Gardens." A SILK CLOAK FOUND, in Kent-street. The owner can get it by paying the advertisement. Apply at JOSEPH HEY'S, 10, Jenkins-street.

A owner on get it by paring the advertisement. Appy at JOSEPP on get it by paring the advertisement. Appy at JOSEPP HEY'S, 10, Jenkins-street.

M UNICIPALITY OF RANDWICK — NOTIOE is hereby given, that a Court of Petry Sessions, for bearing and deciling APPEALS against the assessment, will be helden at the Council Charles, and wick, on MONDAY, 1st May next, at 19 o'clock to the foremon. Notices of appeal will be received up to the 20th April next.

H. HAMBURGER, Council Charles, the April next.

H. HAMBURGER, Council Charles, the April next.

DALIERY, 330, George-street, near Hunter-street, exact to the council charles, and coloured, capital to irony mindiums. Photographs enlarged to life size and coloured in set, crayon, or waiter coloure. Several magnificent spectness new on view.

**TOTICE Mr. NOLLOY'S Pawerbesking Business,

OTICE - Mr. MOLLOY'S Pawnbraking Brainos, at 92, Bathurst-street, will be discontinued on MONDAY, 8th of May, for the purpose of disposing of the present secumulated stock and making other arrangements. April 24.

A L. ACCOUNTS against the N. S. W. Cribbet Asso-lation must be sent to the Hon. Sowetary, at Lawrence: Criskel Depoi, on at betwee MONDAY must, at a click 1.2.

NOTICE.—In consequence of others reducing the po of TOBACCO, we are now selling American Hose-dew at 4d per cake, or 4s per lb. J. W. FRY and 6d tobarcomists, 452, George-street.

CHOPE'S HYMN and TUNE BOOK, new and colored edition, as now used at St. James and the churches chover, 2s 6d, per post 2s 10d. READING and WELLBANK. Book and Music Sellers.

10 LOVERS OF FINE ARTS.—To be Deposid by way of Art Union, a Valuable Collection of Qi and Water PallyTinGS. On view at Mr. J. PRES. COTT'S, Hunter River Iun, Sussex-street.

A PARTMENTS VACANT, with board U. Hune street, corner of Castlereagh street.

A PARTMENTS for family or gentlemen, with Bur Mrs. Wright, 187, Premier-terrace, William-street

BOARD, with Furnished Apartments, for two say gentlemen. 2, Tyrone-terrace, Essex-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, or Furnished Aparts 204, Palmer-street. BALMAIN -- A genteel COTTAGE to LET Appl Murray's, Draper, corner Stephens and Daring on

BOARD, with Furnished Apartments, at 5, Devasting terrace, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

H Williams, 399, George-street.

NORTH-TERRACE, MACQUARIE-STREET.
TO LET, No. 183, opposite the linker Governant Domain. Apply at the Herald Office.

OFFICES TO LET, rent 10s, a week. Apply 25 George-street, opposite Bridge-street.

OFFICES—A Housekeeper, with good reference, disengaged. Mrs. Nelson, 25, King-street West.

STORES TO LET, Lower George-street, upper Campbell's gate. Apply to W. M. Martyn.

STORAGE, Wynyard-street, No. 5.—Goods stored, the entire use of one or two flats may be had moderate terms.

cocupied by Mrs. Manton; 12 rooms and status.

TO LET, 157. Elizabeth-street, a seven-roomed HOUSE, with kitchen, &c. 97. Elizabeth-street

TO LET, 200, Palmer-street, a seven-roomed HOU Apply to Mr. Crab, Victoria Hotel.

TO LET, a HOUSE, in Riley-street, Surry I Mr. D. L. Levy, Lleyd's-chambers, George-see

TO LET, the CHAMBERS secontly occupied by a Holroyd, Esq. Teals and Garrett, on the grant Houryd, Esq. Teals and Garrett, on the grant Week. Inquire Governor Bourke Inn, Caupied Double, Land, Caupied Company, and the grant Mr. Letter and Caupied Company with water. As

LOR

TO LET, CARABA, Thrupp's Point, North M. F. H. Grundy, W. Dsan and Co., O'Control, A. Steel, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.
TO LET, CARABA, Thrupp's Point, North Mr. F. H. Grundy, W. Dsan and Co., O'Control, Apply to Mr. Potter, adjoining. TO LET, No. 7, Burdekin-terrace, Hyde Part 296. Mr. Burdekin, 31, Brougham-street.

TO LET, a COTTAGE, with six-stall Thomas Dodd, Hero of Waterloo, Fort-st TO LET, a snug PUBLIC-HOUSE in Re-Terms easy. Summons and Howard, 141. Pic-TO LET er SELL, the HOUSE (late Brishans & 263, Sussex-st. James Isbesser, Phoenix What

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